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MARYLAND LEGISLATURE.

HOUSE OF DELEGATES.

Wednesday, Jan. 30, 1833.

Messrs. Gantt and Johns, from the joint committee of both houses, appointed for the purpose of examining and counting the votes taken on joint ballots for directors on the part of the State, in the several Banks, wherein the State, as a stockholder, is entitled to directors, and *for reporting* the result, accordingly reported as follows:

That from an examination of the ballot boxes, it appeared that there were altogether, fifty-six ballots taken. That,

For the Mechanic's Bank of Baltimore—Francis Neale, had 52 votes, and Ebenezer L. *Finley* had 52 votes.

For the Farmers Bank of Maryland—Nicholas Brewer jr. had 52 votes and George Wells had 52 votes.

For the Branch of the Farmers Bank of Maryland, at Easton, James Price had 53 votes and Theodore R. Loockerman had 53 votes.

For the Elkton Bank—Adam Whann had 54 votes.

For the Hagerstown Bank—Alexander Neil had 53 votes, and John Walgamot, had 56 votes.

For the Farmers and Merchants Bank of Baltimore—Allen Griffith had 53 votes, and that there were 2 blanks and 2 scattering votes.

Whereupon, it was declared in the House of Delegates, that the following named persons were duly elected directors on the part of the State, in the respective Banks above mentioned, for and during the current year, viz:

That, for the Mechanic's Bank of Baltimore—Francis Neale and Ebenezer L. Finley.

For the Farmers Bank of Maryland—Nicholas Brewer, jr. and George Wells.

For the Branch Bank of the Farmers Bank of Maryland, at Easton—James Price and Theodore R. Loockerman.

For the Elkton Bank—Adam Whann.

For the Hagerstown Bank—Alexander Neil and John Walgamot.

For the Farmers and Merchants Bank of Baltimore—Allen Griffith.

Mr. Harris presented a petition of E. J. C. Millard and others, praying to be allowed to remove certain slaves into this State, from the District of Columbia.

Mr. Ely, presented a remonstrance of the trustees of the Manchester United Academy or school in Baltimore county, counter to the petition of the trustees of the Franklin Academy, praying an alteration in the mode of distributing the donations to the several Academies in said county.

And, Mr. Hammond presented a petition of sundry citizens of Frederick county, praying for an act to authorise the Levy court of said county, to allow additional compensation to John P. Schuyler, and for other purposes.

Mr. Jones obtained leave to bring in a bill, to confirm the proceedings of the President and Managers of the Somerset Manufacturing Company, and to amend the style of the corporation.

Mr. Louthan obtained leave to bring in a bill, to authorise the commissioners of Allegany county, to let out and rent certain streets and alleys, lying on the west side of Wills Creek, for certain purposes therein mentioned.

Mr. Mann obtained leave to bring in a bill, to authorise the commissioners of Washington county, to levy a sum of money for a certain purpose therein mentioned.

Mr. Roberts reported a supplement to an act to provide for electing the Levy court of Queen Anne's county, by the people, and for other purposes.

Mr. Jenkins reported a bill, to incorporate the Chatsworth Water Company of Baltimore.

Mr. Compton, chairman of the committee on divorces, reported a bill, to divorce Cassander O'Brien, of the city of Baltimore, from her husband Hugh O'Brien.

Mr. Lewis Thomas, reported a bill, to lay out and open a road in Cecil county;

And Mr. Jenkins reported a bill, to provide for the widening of a part of Waggon alley, in the city of Baltimore.

Mr. Jones, reported a bill, to confirm the proceedings of the President and Managers of the Somerset Manufacturing company, and to amend the style of the corporation.

The bill reported by Mr. Brewer, to incorporate the Annapolis Savings Fund, was taken up for consideration.

On motion by Mr. Teackle, said bill was amended, by inserting after the word 'place,' in the second section, eleventh line, the following:—

'Provided, That such election shall be made within one month from the expiration of the term for which the preceding directors shall have been elected.'

On motion by Mr. Teackle, the fourth section of said bill was amended by striking out from the word 'always,' in the tenth line to the end of said section, and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

That nothing contained within this act shall be construed to authorise the corporation hereby intended to be created to issue any bill, note or other device, in the nature of a bank note.

On motion by Mr. Teackle, said bill was further amended, by adding at the end thereof, as an additional section the following:

Sec. 6. And be it enacted, That the concerns of the institution hereby intended to be incorporated, shall at all times be subject to the inspection of the treasurer of the western shore, or of such other officer or agent, of the state, as may be selected for that purpose by either branch of the Legislature.

The said bill was then read the second time, as amended and passed.

On motion by Mr. Johnson, the house took up for consideration the bill reported by him, to incorporate 'The Jefferson Savings Institution,' which was read the second time, amended, and passed.

The bill reported by Mr. Ely, to incorporate the Patapsco Savings Institution, at Ellicott's Mills, was taken up for consideration, read the second time, amended, and passed.

The bill reported by Mr. Forwood, for building a bridge across the Little Falls of Gunpowder, near Balden's Mills;

And, the bill reported by Mr. Turner, for the relief of William C. Weatherby, of Baltimore county.

Were severally taken up for consideration, read the second time, and passed.

The house then adjourned.

Thursday, January 31st 1833.

Mr. Jenkins, presented a petition of sundry citizens of the city of Baltimore, praying that the Mayor and City Council of Baltimore, may be authorised to reduce the width of Holland street, to forty feet, between Eden street and Union alley;

Also, presented a petition of the trustees of Saint Patrick's Church, in the city of Baltimore, praying that they may be authorised to hold certain property;

Also, presented a petition of Mary Elizabeth Stewart, of the city of Baltimore, praying to be divorced from her husband William S. Stewart;

Also, presented a petition of Thomas Symington, of the city of Baltimore, counter to the petition of Frederick A. Stuart, praying for a special act of insolvency;

And, presented a petition of Jacob Myers and others, praying for an act to incorporate the Baltimore Snuff Mill Company.

Mr. Hollman presented a petition of sundry citizens of Washington county, praying that the legislature will confirm the grant of Virginia, authorising the Chesapeake and Ohio Canal company, to sell, or let, or otherwise dispose of, the surplus water of that Canal and its feeders, wherever, in their opinion, it can be done without injury to its navigation.

Mr. Ely presented a petition of sundry citizens of Baltimore county, praying the repeal of an act therein mentioned.

Mr Lantz presented a petition of sundry citizens of Allegany county, praying the aid of the state, in building a bridge across the Youghogany river, near to Gabriel Friends, in Allegany county;

Also, presented a petition of sundry citizens of Allegany county, praying the repeal of so much of the act for creating a Medical and Chirurgical Faculty in the state of Maryland, as relates to Allegany county.

Mr. Wright of Queen Anne's, presented a petition of William Temples and others, of Queen Anne's county, Emory Baily and others of Caroline county, in the state of Maryland, and William Nicherson and others, of Kent county, in the state of Delaware, praying the passage of a law to incorporate a company for the purposes of draining the low lands on the Beaverdam, and Harrington Branches.

Mr. Jump presented a petition of sundry citizens of Caroline county, praying for an act for the further distribution of the Charity School fund, belonging to the upper district of said county.

Mr. Mann presented a petition of the commissioners of Washington county, praying to be authorised to levy a sum of money to defray the extraordinary charges growing out of the visitation of Cholera, and other purposes therein mentioned.

Mr. Burgess presented a petition of Nathan Haines, of Anne Arundel county, praying the legislature to annul a certain deed therein mentioned.

Mr. Richardson of Caroline, presented a petition of Stephen J. Bradley, of Caroline county, praying the repeal of a law therein named.

Mr. Forwood presented a petition of Thomas T Richardson, of Harford county; And.

Mr. Johns presented a petition of Benjamin Gibson, and his son James T. Gibson, of Harford county, severally praying to be placed on the pension list of said county.

Mr. Brewer presented a petition of Richard Brown, praying for the passage of an act to authorise the removal from this state of certain servants for terms of years.

Mr. Hope presented a petition of Christian Henrich Basteor, praying the passage of a law to make valid a deed therein mentioned.

Mr. Jones presented a memorial of sundry citizens of Somerset county, setting forth the evils of the numerous stores for the sale of ardent spirits, and praying that the legislature may restrict the number by requiring applicants for licenses to retail ardent spirit, to produce to the clerk of the county, a recommendation signed by twelve respectable freeholders living within five miles of such store.

Mr. Pratt presented a memorial of the visitors and governors of St. John's College, praying for certain relief therein mentioned.

And Mr. Jenkins presented a memorial of the Grand Lodge of Independent Odd Fellows, in the city of Baltimore, praying for an act of incorporation.

The Speaker laid before the house a communication of the trustees of the University of Maryland, containing the annual report of the said trustees, and also a remonstrance against the alteration of the charter as proposed by the faculty of physic.

Also, laid before the house a communication from the clerk of Worcester county court, containing the proceedings had in the case of George Twilly vs. Priscilla Twilly, for a divorce.

Also, laid before the house communications from John F. Harris, secretary of the Washington and Baltimore turnpike road company, and of the Baltimore and Havre de Grace turnpike company, containing abstracts of the accounts of each of said companies.

Also, laid before the house a communication from John S. Gittings, President of the Baltimore and Harford turnpike road company, containing an abstract of the accounts of said company.

Mr. Jenkins obtained leave to bring in a bill to be entitled, A supplement to an act, entitled, an act to incorporate the Warren Manufacturing company.

Mr. Jenkins obtained leave to bring in a bill relating to the last will and testament of Elizabeth Cloriet, of the city of Baltimore.

Mr. Travers obtained leave to bring in a supplement to the act entitled, An act to establish Pilots and to regulate their fees.

Mr. Nicols obtained leave to bring in a bill, to incorporate the village of New Market, in Dorchester county

Mr. Rogerson obtained leave to bring in a bill, to provide for the repair of the public roads in Charles county.

Mr. Turner submitted the following resolution:

Whereas by a resolution passed by the General Assembly of Maryland, at December session eighteen hundred and twenty-eight, there was deposited in the Western Shore Land Office, a small number of old leases from the Lord Proprietary to certain individuals for lands lying in the reserves of Baltimore and Harford counties.

And whereas, the Register of the land office was not directed under the aforesaid resolution to record said leases, they therefore have never been recorded, and as there are many persons deriving their whole title to said lands by said leases, it is therefore important that they should be recorded for the more effectual preservation of their rights; therefore,

Resolved by the General Assembly of Maryland, That the Register of the Land Office, for the western shore, be and he is hereby authorised and required to record said leases in a good and sufficient bound book for that purpose, and after the same shall have been recorded, the governor and council are hereby required to examine the same, and allow such compensation as they may think right and proper not exceeding the sum of two hundred dollars, and pay for the same out of any unappropriated money in the treasury.

Which was read.

Mr. Jenkins reported a bill, to authorise the trustees of Saint Patrick's Church, in the city of Baltimore, to hold certain property.

Also, reported a bill, relating to Parkin street in the city of Baltimore.

Mr. Johnson reported a bill, to lay out and open a new road in Frederick and Baltimore counties.

Mr. Weast reported a bill, to authorize the commissioners of Washington county, to appoint three persons to assess damages unto persons therein named, and for other purposes therein mentioned.

Mr. Hayne reported a bill, to extend the provisions of the act of assembly, passed at December session 1829, chapter 147, entitled, An act for the relief of Duncan Stone, of Kent county, an alien.

Mr. Heard reported a supplement to an act to regulate the sales of real estate by collectors of tax in the several counties and cities of this state, passed at December session 1831, chapter 99.

Mr. Powell reported a bill, to incorporate the Somerset and Worcester Rail Road Company;

The clerk of the senate returned the bill, to authorise the commissioners of Washington county, to levy a sum of money for building a bridge over Little Antietam Creek, in said county, endorsed, "will pass," ordered to be engrossed.

And, delivered a bill originated in and passed by the senate, entitled, An act for the completion of a certain trust therein mentioned.

The bill reported by Mr. Turner, entitled, An act to prevent partiality in sales by auction of deceased persons estates, was taken up for consideration.

The said bill was then read the second time and passed.

The bill reported by Mr. Grove, to incorporate the town of Sharpsburg and Millers Addition to Sharpsburgh.

The bill reported by Mr. Ely, to authorise the recording of certain deeds therein mentioned, and for other purposes.

And, the bill reported by Mr. Mann, to repeal an act to declare certain trespasses felony, and for other purposes, passed at December session 1830, chapter 260, so far as relates to Washington county;

Were severally taken up for consideration, read the second time and passed.

The house then adjourned.

Friday, February, 1, 1833.

Mr. Travers presented a memorial of sundry citizens of Baltimore city, praying for an alteration in the pilot laws.

Mr. Harding presented a petition of Benjamin Higgins and wife, praying that the levy court of Montgomery county may be authorised to levy a sum of money for their support.

Mr. Harper presented a memorial of the President and Directors of the Baltimore and Susquehannah Rail Road Company, praying for further assistance to enable them to prolong the road to Westminster.

Mr. Pratt presented a petition of Charles Hill, of Prince George's county, praying to be allowed to bring into this state, from the District of Columbia, certain negroes;

And, Mr. Weast presented a petition of Wm. R. Abbott, of Washington county, praying for an act to authorise him to bring into this state certain slaves therein named.

Mr. Harper presented the memorial of the mayor and city council of Baltimore, praying for relief from the influx of foreign paupers;

Also, presented a petition of John Sands of the city of Baltimore, praying to be divorced from his wife Bathiah.

Mr. Jenkins presented a petition of Cornelia A. Howard, praying for the passage of an act to explain 'An act authorising Cornelia A. Haward, guardian of John E. Howard, of the city of Baltimore, to lease certain property therein mentioned;'

Also, presented a memorial of the mayor and city council of Baltimore, setting forth their pecuniary embarrassments, and praying that the state may partially relieve them by providing for the payment of the associate judges of Baltimore city court, out of the state treasury.

Mr. Schley presented a petition of Rachel Steiner, praying for an act for the benefit of the children and devisees of Henry Steiner, late of Frederick county deceased.

Mr. Forman presented a petition of the Trustees of Berlin Academy, and other citizens, praying for a proportionable part of the donation that has been heretofore enjoyed by the Academies of Worcester county.

The speaker laid before the house a report of the Trustees of Rockville Academy.

On motion by Mr. Johnson,

Ordered, That the committee on grievances and courts of justice, enquire into the propriety of so revising the laws on trespass, as the more effectually to secure the right of property, and for the punishment of depredations committed thereon; and report to this house by bill or otherwise.

On motion by Mr. Merrick, the house took up for consideration the bill reported by him, for the relief of John D. Freeman, of Charles county.

Mr. Ely moved to lay the bill on the table.

Determined in the negative.

On motion by Mr. George A. Thomas, the house was called, and the door keeper sent for the absent members.

On motion by Mr. Heard the house resolved to proceed with the ordinary business of the session, during the absence of the door-keeper.

The clerk of the senate returned the bill, to lay out and open a new road in Frederick and Baltimore counties, endorsed 'will pass,' ordered to be engrossed,

Also, the bill, to incorporate the Hagerstown Savings Institution, in Washington county, endorsed 'will pass with the proposed amendment;' which amendment was read the first and second time by special order, assented to, and the bill ordered to be engrossed;

Also the bill, to divorce Sarah Block, of Dorchester county, from her husband Arthur M. Block, of the city of Baltimore, endorsed "will pass with the proposed amendment;" which amendment was read the first time, and ordered to lie on the table;

Also, the resolution in favour of Levin Willin, endorsed 'assented to,' ordered to be engrossed;

And, delivered a memorial of the governors and visitors of St. John's College, endorsed 'referred to the consideration of the house of delegates;'

Which was read.

Mr. Nicols reported a bill, for the incorporation of the Grand Lodge of the state of Maryland, of the order of Independent Odd Fellows.

Mr. Jenkins reported a supplement to the act to incorporate the Warren Manufacturing company;

Also, reported a bill, to incorporate the Baltimore Snuff Mill Company;

And, reported a bill to explain an act authorising Cornelia A. Howard, guardian of John E. Howard, of the city of Baltimore, to lease certain property therein mentioned.

Mr. Nicols submitted the following message.

Gentlemen of the Senate.

We have received your message proposing as a means of abbreviating the session of the Legislature, to originate no business unless of extraordinary urgency, after the 10th of February, and concur therein.

Which was read.

On the question being put will the house adopt said message.

It was determined in the negative.

Mr. Wright of Queen Anne's, submitted the following message:

Gentlemen of the Senate.

We have received your message proposing that no new business except of the most urgent nature be originated after the 10th inst. We conceive, that we have been sent here to attend to all business, which may be presented for our action, whether deemed urgent or otherwise; and the adoption of the message might amount to a restriction of the rights of the citizens of this state to petition the Legislature at all times. We therefore dissent from your proposition.

Which was read, and on motion by Mr. Jenkins laid on the table.

The house then adjourned.

Saturday, February 2nd, 1833.

Mr. Jenkins presented a petition of the widow and heirs of William Warner, late of the city of Baltimore deceased, praying the passage of an act to authorise them to mortgage certain property therein mentioned.

Mr. Harding presented a petition of sundry citizens of Montgomery county, praying an act to incorporate the Rockville Savings Institution.

Mr. Forwood presented a petition of sundry inhabitants of Harford county, praying for a law to direct the commissioners to levy money to build a bridge over Deer Creek, at Clarks Ford.

Mr. Harper presented a petition of the licensed pilots of the State of Maryland, counter to that of certain owners and masters of coasting vessels of this state, praying that no alteration may be made in the law relating to Pilots.

Mr. Hammond presented a petition of sundry citizens of Woodsborough, in Frederick county, praying the establishment of a Savings Institution.

Mr. Lewis Thomas presented a petition of Jonas Preston and others of Cecil county, praying that the commissioners of said county, may be authorised to levy a sum of money for building a bridge over Conowingo creek.

Mr. Weast presented a petition of sundry citizens of the Town of Clear Spring, in Washington county, praying for a law to compel the Cumberland Turnpike Road Company to remove a toll gate from said town.

Mr. Ely presented a memorial of sundry citizens of Baltimore county, remonstrating against the division of said county, as prayed for by sundry citizens of Frederick county.

Mr. Merrick presented a petition of William L. Brent, praying to be released from the payment of the amount of the recognizance entered into by him in Charles county court, which has from inadvertance become forfeited.

And Mr. Bruff, presented a petition of James Harrison, of William, of Talbot county, praying to have the sum of money therein mentioned refunded, which was paid by said Harrison into the eastern shore land office, and for which he has received no benefit.

Mr. Sutton presented a petition of sundry citizens of Harford county, praying the passage of a law for the protection of wild fowl in the waters of said county.

Mr. Richardson of Caroline, obtained leave to bring in a bill for the benefit of Thomas S. Carter, late Sheriff of Caroline county.

On motion by Mr. Harper,

Ordered, That the treasurer of the western shore, be directed to inform this house what amount of interest has been is or to be paid, up to Feb. 1st, 1833, on state stock issued for the payment of instalments of the states subscriptions to the Baltimore and Ohio Rail Road company, and the Chesapeake and Ohio Canal company; distinguishing between the two companies.—Also the amount paid to the old Potomac company:—Also, what premium has been received for stocks sold to pay the said instalments respectively:—and the amount of interest thereon:—and also, the amount of dividends received from each of the three companies, up to February 1st, 1833—so as to exhibit the actual cost to the state, of each of those works of Internal Improvement, to the present time.

Mr. Compton, chairman of the committee on divorces, made unfavourable reports upon the petitions of Mary E. Stewart, Susan Brice and Sarah Ann Stansbury, of the city of Baltimore, severally praying to be divorced.

Mr. Teackle, chairman of the committee on ways and means, delivered the following report:

The committee on ways and means to which was referred a bill entitled "An act to establish the bank of the state of Maryland," have had the subject under consideration, and report the same with sundry amendments, which are presented herewith, and begs leave to submit the following order:

Ordered, That the bill, entitled "an act to establish the bank of the state of Maryland,"

(See fourth page.)

FOREIGN.

LATE AND IMPORTANT.

CAPITULATION OF THE CITADEL OF ANTWERP—DESTRUCTION OF THE DUTCH FLOTILLA, &c.

By the arrival of the ship Florida, captain Griswold, from London, the editors of the New York Commercial Advertiser have advices from that city to the evening of the 27th of December, five days later than former dates. These papers inform us that Antwerp, after a siege of 26 days, during which time the fortress was literally

——girded with a waste of iron,

And hemmed about with grim destruction,

has capitulated to the French. The annexed letter from the correspondent of the London papers, gives the particulars of the capitulation:

Berchem, Head-Quarters of Marshal Gerard,
Half-past eleven o'clock at night,
Sunday, Dec. 23.

CAPITULATION OF THE CITADEL OF ANTWERP.

The capitulation is at length signed, and the brave General Chasse is a prisoner of war in the hands of the French. The negociations were carried on during the whole of the day, and it is only within the last hour that the terms have been definitively settled.—Chasse at first demanded that himself and garrison should be allowed to return to Holland. To this Gerard positively refused, and desired that the citadel should surrender at discretion. A second parliamentaire was then sent by Chasse with a different proposition. The Marshal, having consulted a Council of War, returned for answer, that Chasse should give up all the forts belonging to Belgium along the Scheldt; and that, on such conditions being acceded to, he would consent to the first demand of the Dutch General.

Chasse, after a little delay, sent a third parlementary with a note to Gerard, stating that he had no control over forts Lillo and Liefkenshock, which were placed under the orders of Captain Bake. Gerard at length sent his alternative to Chasse, and desired a categorical answer with as short delay as possible. The Marshal demanded that Lillo and Liefkenshock, with all the forts and dependencies of the citadel, should be given up, when the garrison would be permitted to leave the citadel with all the honours of war; or, that the dependencies only should be given up, and the garrison remain prisoners of war until the forts of Lillo and Liefkenshock were in possession of the Belgians. Chasse accepted the latter condition, and the capitulation was signed at 10 o'clock, by which the Belgians are to take possession of the out-posts of the gates of the esplanade and secours, and that the Tete de Flandre, forts Burght and D'Austruwil were to be immediately evacuated.

Seventy-five thousand Frenchmen, with upwards of 150 pieces of cannon have succeeded, after twenty-four days siege, in reducing the citadel of Antwerp, with its handful of men. The honour in this instance is all on one side—the Dutch, notwithstanding the overwhelming force of the enemy, gave them active employment for nearly a month, and only surrendered when the citadel was reduced to ashes, and their provisions and ammunition destroyed by the bombs of the besiegers. History will not have much to say in favour of the French as a brave and hazardous siege. Taking advantage of dark nights, they succeeded in forming their parallels and cutting their trenches. Protected by their works, they showered bombs like hail into the citadel—instead of gallantly mounting the breach, they sprung mines, and not being harassed by an army either in rear or front, they worked at their leisure, and by force of military tactics and the amazing strength of their artillery, they reduced the citadel into the deplorable condition it is now to be seen

It is true that the besiegers had effected their breach, and were prepared to commence the assault; but Gerard and Haxo were fully aware that it would never come to such close quarters. Their object was to reduce the citadel, and they have succeeded. As a proof of this, if you refer to one of my letters of last week, you will find that I mentioned an interview I had with a person at head-quarters, who stated positively that all would be over by Saturday or Sunday. I did not give much credence to this opinion—I never contemplated that Gerard would have resorted to the expedient of burning out the garrison, and I was supported in my belief by most of the brave officers attached to the staff. I find my informant was not unacquainted with the secret intentions of the French Commander, and the citadel has fallen a sacrifice to the immense artillery of the French, and not to any military bravery exhibited by the besiegers.

The deplorable condition in which Major de la Fontaine found the citadel, beggars all description. Not a house was left which could shelter the garrison; their ammunition or provisions were either destroyed, burnt or blown up, and only sufficient food was left for one day's rations. The casemate or vaulted passages, were all knocked down; and Chasse himself was seated in a vault at a table, with every thing around him destroyed by the bombs. The garrison bore their misfortunes with great bravery and devotedness, and until Friday night not a murmur escaped their lips.

On that night a deputation of the garrison waited on Chasse, and urged him to make a desperate sortie, and either to succeed in spiking the guns of the besiegers or fall in the attempt. They complained that the fire of the enemy prevented them from standing to their guns, and that they preferred risking their lives on the field of battle, to being murdered by bombs coming from an enemy away from their sight, and against whom they could take no sure aim. Chasse felt the force of this remonstrance—termed a mutiny by the French and Belgians—and from that moment he seriously thought of a capitulation. To attempt a sortie he knew was worse than madness—to continue to depend on the citadel in its dilapidated state was impossible—and, having proved to the world the bravery of his men, and satisfied the honour of his country, he considered it no degradation to succumb to superior force.

The first interview the French parliamentary had with Chasse he was introduced with his eyes covered. The veteran, the instant he saw him, ordered the bandage to be removed. "We have no more secrets," said he, "admire the glorious work of your bombs—tell Marshal Gerard the exact situation of the citadel."

There was much firing during the afternoon along the lower part of the Scheldt, and the horizon was illuminated with the reflection of some large fire in the neighbourhood of Liefkenshock. It was reported that the fleet had succeeded in passing the French batteries, and had anchored near Fort du Nord. Gerard sent to Chasse requesting him to order the vessels from continuing their fire, and was informed that he had no control over the fleet, but would make a signal for the purposing of his intention to capitulate. It is rumoured that the gun-boats in the polders and near the citadel are to be considered as forming part of the dependencies of the citadel.

The citadel having been disposed of, the surrender of forts Lillo and Liefkenshock is the next question. I have often told you that these forts are surrounded with about two leagues of water, and that the French themselves consider it impossible to take them without the assistance of a fleet. The Belgians are not anxious for the reduction of these two forts, for so long as they remain in the hands of the Dutch, they cannot be called on to give up Venloo, part of Limburg, or part of Luxemburg. Considering, therefore, the opinions of the French and the wishes of the Belgians, I think we may, and safely, calculate, that the French, sheltering themselves under the treaty of the 22d of October, will be in no great haste to leave the country.

In any thing I have said as to the military manœuvres of Gerard, I do not mean to throw any slur on the bravery of the French army. Their conduct in the trenches has been admirable, and for conscripts they have shewn coolness and discipline that would honour the most experienced army. The conduct of the Dutch is worthy of praise; they speak highly of their bravery and lament their fate. This afternoon several French miners handed thro' the breach a quantity of brandy and part of their day's rations to their more unfortunate opponents.

M. Glosson, the French diplomatist, assisted at the council of Marshal Gerard this afternoon.

News from the Seat of War up to Tuesday Night

Berchem, Head-Quarters of Marshal Gerard,
Monday Evening, 7 o'clock, Dec. 24.

I have very little to add to my letter of this morning. A Dutch Officer and Captain Passy, Aid-de-Camp to Marshal Gerard, are gone to the Hague with the terms of the capitulation. The Marshal demands that the King of Holland should consent to give up all the forts and dependencies of the citadel, in conformity to the treaty of the 15th November.

The act of capitulation consists of ten articles, and its purport is—

That the citadel of Antwerp, Tete de Flandres, Burgt, D'Austrovil and Zurndrechdt, should be immediately given up.

That the commander and his garrison should be considered as prisoners of war until the surrender of Forts Lillo and Liefkenshock.

That the garrison should leave the citadel with all the honours of war.

That the garrison should lay down its arms on the glacis of the citadel, on the side next the esplanade.

That the garrison should only take away with it such articles as belong immediately to the officers and privates.

That the material which defended the citadel should be considered as the property of the Belgian government.

That an inventory should be taken of all the materiel &c.

That the battalions of French infantry should take immediate possession of the posts of the half moon, the curtain towards the esplanade, and one of the gates of the citadel.

That should the King of Holland consent to the surrender of Forts Lillo and Liefkenshock, General Chasse and the garrison should be escorted by the French to the frontiers of Holland, and there have their arms returned to them.

The 10th article makes mention that the gun boats lying in the Scheldt near the citadel, and in the polders, should not be considered as included in the present treaty. Gen. Chasse having declared that they were under the command of Capt. Koopman, and that he had no control whatever over them.

In conformity with these articles the French took possession of the different posts mentioned, and jointly with the Dutch keep the guard of the citadel. Until the return of the Messenger to the Hague nothing will be definitely settled, and a great deal will depend on the reply of the King of Holland as to his future intentions.—Those best acquainted with Dutch politics, feel certain that William never will consent to give up the forts in question voluntarily, and from the consistency of the line of politics he has hitherto followed, the French will be compelled to reduce these forts, and take them if they can. The conduct of Captain Koopman strengthens greatly this belief, for there is no doubt that the destruction of the gunboats was owing to express orders from the Hague.

Captain Coopman was fully aware that forts Lillo and Liefkinshock could not be taken without the assistance of a maritime force, and had he permitted his flotilla to fall into the hands of the French, he would have given a powerful weapon, with which the cause of his country might have been seriously injured.

The conduct of the Belgians and French towards the gunboats, is a complete breach of the treaty of the 22d of October. This infamous convention between England and France was for the purpose of putting Belgium into the possession of such territories as were assigned to her by the treaty of the 15th Nov. The gunboats were stationed, at the date of the latter treaty, in the same position as they were on the day they were destroyed. They were unconnected with the citadel; and their object was to have acted against Antwerp, in case it having been an understood condition that Antwerp should be spared, the gunboats were of no use, and might just as well have been at Lillo as in the polders. So it was understood by Gerard, and consented to in the terms of the capitulation which declared they were not attached to the citadel. Captain Koopman, therefore, at the first cessation of hostilities, thought proper to withdraw from before the town, and drop down the Scheldt And recollect that we are not at war with Holland; and the only object of the treaty is the evacuation of the citadel and its dependent forts The Belgians, however, were of a different opinion, and with the assistance of the French artillery on the Scheldt, they fired on the flotilla, and prevented it from escaping—escaping is the term given by the Belgians to the wish of the Dutch naval commander to sail down from the seat of action.

If there was a war against Holland, I could understand this hostile work, and the terms escaping; but in peaceable days, and with the destruction of the citadel, where is the equity of the case in destroying the fleet of a friendly ally, or carrying away the arms and legs of his subjects? But then it is said they were going down the river to protect Lillo and Liefkenshock, and would have assisted those forts in resisting the attack of the French army. This is but a supposition, and it would have been quite time enough to have fired when they attempted to come to anchor near those forts. The batteries of Sebastiani were near enough to them, and could have sunk them had they shown any disposition to assist the forts in question. At all events, the Belgians had no right to interfere; and not being included in the capitulation, and there being a cessation of hostilities on both sides, Captain Koopman was perfectly justified in returning to his own country.

The crews of the different gun boats were all saved and the greater part landed at Zandflat. A Captain and about 20 men were taken prisoners, and this afternoon brought into Berchem.

The city of Antwerp presents an aspect very different to what it did a few days since. The shops are open again, the gay merchandise is once more at the windows, and rolling into the town with its emigrant inhabitants.

Marshal Gerard, the Dukes of Orleans and Nemours, accompanied by a brilliant staff, paid a visit this morning to the prisoner Chasse, in his hovel, in the vault of the citadel. I think it would have been better taste had Gerard visited his prisoner with less ostentation.

The French have only a few sentinels in the trenches who strictly prevent all but military men from respecting the works.

It is said that Chasse and his garrison are to be confined at Mezin and Ypres.

An inventory is now being taken of all the material in the citadel—under the direction of Generals Haxo and Niege.

The following is from the Antwerp paper, the Journal du Commerce. When the news of the capitulation was known, general joy prevailed in Antwerp. People met and congratulated each other without distinction of rank or party. The Dutch saved nothing from the citadel or its neighbourhood. Early in the evening the gunboat No. 8, which it is said has on board things of value, as well as important documents, was obliged to surrender to the French garrison at Fort Phillippe.

Towards 9 o'clock the Dutch set fire to six other gunboats, moored under the citadel; they all became a prey to the flames; 5 others were also sunk by them! During the night, the steamer Chasse was also blown up.

The citadel offers a picture of extreme desolation—no building remains entire—all are totally destroyed or crippled by the projectiles of the besiegers—not a foot of ground but is ploughed up by the balls and shells. One important building was destroyed with all its contents.—It would appear that this loss determined the besieged to capitulate It is clear, they held out to the last extremity.

Gen. Chasse and his garrison are still in the citadel, the approaches to which are forbidden to the curious by the French, who are in possession of the posts mentioned in the capitulation.

Marshal Gerard and the two Princes are in the town since the morning.

The inhabitants are returning in crowds. On every side the water destined to arrest the flames, in case of a bombardment, is thrown from the garret windows—the apertures to the cellers are being uncovered—in short, the town has acquired an activity to which it has lately been accustomed.

The Regency will meet this evening, to frame an address to the king, expressive of their wishes that the ramparts of the citadel on the side of the city be demolished.

We are impatient to know the answer of William, for in case of refusal, the result of the stipulations is that the garrison of the citadel shall be sent prisoners to France: on the contrary, if he accept, they will be conducted to the frontiers with all the honours of war.

The London Evening papers of the 27th Dec. contain further and highly interesting details from the theatre of hostilities, and of the occurrences that took place up to one o'clock on the afternoon of the 25th. We quote the following:—

'The garrison marched out to the quay of the Citadel on Monday afternoon, under the command of Gen. Favauge (Chasse himself being unable to move, from an attack of rheumatism,) and laid down their arms according to the terms agreed on. They were then escorted back to their quarters, where they will remain until the answer to the communication make to the Hague is received. If the King of Holland should refuse to surrender the other forts on the Scheldt, (of which the fullest expectation is entertained at Antwerp,) these gallant men are to be subjected to the treatment of prisoners of war, and confined at Menin and Ypres.

'But the conduct of the French and Belgians with regard to the gun-boats stationed between the Citadel and the Tete de Flanders deserves to be designated as atrocious. The gun-boats were in no degree dependent upon the Citadel, nor were they under the orders of General Chasse; their commander Capt. Koopman, acted under instructions direct from his Sovereign. They were not, therefore, included in the capitulation of the Citadel, and actually kept from it. Nevertheless, in defiance of this distinct understanding, and in violation of Belgic neutrality, when Capt. Koopman, on the cessation of hostilities, thought proper to drop down the river with his little fleet, the Belgians, from some of the works on the banks, with the assistance of the French artillerymen, opened a heavy fire upon the gun-boats, and their gallant commander finding that it was next to impossible to effect a passage by the opposing batteries, blew up and sunk his vessels (with the exception of one which escaped,) rather than allow them to fall into the hands of either French or Belgians, by whom they might have been subsequently used against Forts Lillo and Liefkenshock.

'This spirited conduct of the Dutch Commander provoked the disappointed feelings of the Belgians, who were base enough to pelt and hoot at him and his gallant comrades as they passed through the streets as prisoners of war. No doubt many of these valiant assailants of disarmed prisoners were the same pitiful scoundrels who threw down their arms and ran away when armed Dutchmen appeared before them. No wonder the French should put their feet on the necks of such wretches The people who are capable of such conduct are surely unworthy to be raised to the station of an independent nation'

The feelings of the writer quoted are in unison with our own, in respect to the conduct of 'my brave Belgians.' Indeed, we look upon the whole proceedings against Antwerp, as an atrocity on the part of England and France of great magnitude and enormity. Holland had much to complain of, in the treatment she has received from France and England from the period that the Duke of Wellington left the English Ministry. Let us for a moment look at the question as it stood up to the time of the invasion. How did the question then stand? The King of the Netherlands—we quote, substantially from an able essay in Blackwood:—

'The King of the Netherlands like a worthy descendant of the House of Nassau, refused to surrender Antwerp to the single demand of France and England, but agreed to abide the decision which the five Allied Powers might make in relation to it, to whom he consents that the question should be referred. The five powers were the umpires originally chosen, and they alone had any legal or equitable right to interfere in the matter. And have the five powers concurred in the measures of violence commenced against Holland? So far from it, Austria, Russia and Prussia have solemnly protested against the hostile proceedings of France and England, and so strong is their aversion to the interference, that it is very likely to involve those kingdoms in a war with these northern potentates. Who then insists upon the terms imposed upon the Dutch? Revolutionary France, panting to regain the frontier of the Rhine and secure the great fortified harbour of Antwerp—and reformed England following in her wake, to subserve the purposes of the former, with scarcely the semblance of even a remote advantage herself.

The mediation of the five Powers was accepted; the five, taken jointly, have alone the power of fixing the award. Three hold out, and refuse to accede to the violent measures which are now proposed; but two, carried away by an adverse interest, and having formed a marriage connection with one of the submitting parties, insist upon instantaneous measures of spoliation. What title have the two to drop the pen and take up the sword, in order to enforce measures which the other three refuse to sanction? Who gave France and England, taken singly any right to act as arbiters between Belgian and Holland? Who authorised the fleets and armies of the democratic powers to partition the dominions of the king of the Netherlands, and force him to give up what his revolted subjects have not been able to wrest from him?

It cannot be claimed that they derived their power to interfere from his acquiescence in the mediation of the alied powers, for it was in the pacific arbitration of the five, and not in the hostile intervention of two, that he acquiesced From what then, do they derive their right? From the same right that Russia has, to the partition of Poland—the right of the strongest Setting aside, therefore, the obvious expediency of the war on the part of England, which is to restore to France a most important naval station, the monstrous injustice of it is calculated to have great weight and consideration in the minds of the people of Great Britain.

'It reduces England,' (says Blackwood, with great justice,) 'instead of standing forward in the vanguard of Freedom, to follow an obsequious vassal, in the train of Gallic usurpation. Not if her fleets were sunk, or her armies defeated—not if Portsmouth was in ashes or Woolwich in flames,—not if the Tower of London bore the flag of an enemy, and the tombs of Westminister Abbey were rifled by foreign hands, in defence of our liberties in a just cause, would we think so despondingly of our destinies, would we feel so humbled in our national feelings, as we do at thus witnessing the [illegible] following the tri-colour flag in a crusade against the liberty of nations.

'We have descended at once from the pinnacle of glory to the depths of humiliation; from being foremost in the hands of freedom, to being last in the train of tyranny; from leading the world against a despot to arms, to crouching at the feet of our vanquished enemy. That which an hundred defeats could not have done, a disgrace which the loss of an hundred sail of the line or the storming of an hundred fortresses could not have induced upon Old England, has been voluntarily incurred by New England, to obtain the smiles of a revolutionary throne. Well and justly has Providence punished the people of this country for the democratic madness of the last two years. That which all the might of Napoleon could not effect, the insanity of her own rulers has produced; and the nation which bade defiance to Europe in arms, has sunk down before the idol of revolutionary ambition.

The capitulation of General Chasse gave much satisfaction in Paris, of course. A letter from thence says it was felt on all sides that the losses of France were already sufficiently severe in an expedition as vain as it was groundless.

King Leopold, who arrived at Antwerp a short time after the disgraceful scene described above, was received with coolness by his ignoble people.

The French papers contain no articles of importance beyond those relating to the fall of the citadel of Antwerp.

The Funds did not advance materially in Paris on the 25th; notwithstanding the Antwerp news and the pacific character of the intelligence from Prussia, the effect which would have been produced, being somewhat checked by the accounts from Vienna mentioning the intention of the Austrian Government to raise 32,000 men to complete the Hungarian regiments.

Letters from Paris intimate that the return of the French army will be postponed until the principal forts on the Scheldt are in their possession, and that the King of Holland will not deliver them up until compelled to do so by force of arms.

In addition to the public advices from the Continent, which lead to the belief that a general continental war is not far distant, a London paper says, we have received private information from Germany, of a very important nature, which greatly strengthens this opinion.

Sold a prize of $100---*Combination Numbers* 14, 39, 45, *in the Maryland State Lottery, Class No.* 1, *which was presented and cash paid—Sold at Dubois' Lucky Office.*

Tickets $5—*Halves* $1 50—*Quarters* $1 25.

MARYLAND
STATE LOTTERY.
CLASS NO 3, for 1833.

Approved by Wm. R. Stuart, Edward Hughes and J. S. Williams, Commissioners.
To be drawn at Baltimore,
On SATURDAY 16th of Feb. 1833,
AT FOUR O'CLOCK, P. M.
Sixty six Number Lottery, Ten Drawn Ballots.

SCHEME.

1	prize of	$15,000
1	prize of	4,000
1	prize of	1,620
2	prizes of	1,250
5	prizes of	1,000
10	prizes of	600
100	prizes of	400
112	prizes of	40
112	prizes of	30
112	prizes of	20
2184	prizes of	10
15400	prizes of	5

18,040 *prizes.*

$20,000 & $10,000.
UNION CANAL LOTTERY,
CLASS No. 3.
To be drawn in Philadelphia on Saturday next.

1	Prize of	20,000
1		10,000
1		6,000
1		4,000
1		3,000
1		2,500
7		1,000
7		500
10		400
10		300
20		200
60		100
168		50
112		20
2240		10
15400		5

Tickets $5—*Halves* $2 50—*Quarters* $1 25.

Tickets to be had at
DUBOIS'
LOTTERY AND EXCHANGE OFFICE,
(Opposite the Post Office.)
Feb. 7.

NOTICE.

THE subscriber as Adm'x. of Jas. Holland, having appointed Mr. Richard C. Hardesty her Agent, requests those indebted to the estate of her late Husband to make payment to him, who is authorised to settle the estate.

ANNE HOLLAND.
Dec. 20.

Maryland Gazette,

ANNAPOLIS:

Thursday, February 7, 1833.

A CARD.

Lectures on Natural Philosophy, are in a course of delivery, at St. John's College. Some misapprehension having been entertained as to the terms of admission, the President respectfully invites Graduates of the Institution, Gentlemen of the Board of Trustees, Members of the Executive and Legislature, and Ladies, to attend the Lectures free of expense. Other persons who may wish to attend the course, can procure tickets of admission from the President. A Lecture may be expected on Wednesday of every week, at 11 o'clock, A. M. in the Philosophical Chamber of the College.

NOTICE.

The Catholic Church in this city, will be open on SUNDAY next for Divine Service, at the usual hours.

Communicated.

A FAIR

Will be held at the Assembly Room of this city on *TUESDAY, the 12th instant*, commencing at 12 o'clock, A. M. for the benefit of the poor and destitute of this city, and spread of the Gospel, at which time will be offered for sale a variety of articles furnished by the taste and industry of a number of *Little Girls* of this city. The citizens generally, and strangers, are respectfully invited to attend the exhibition, and give their sanction and support to so praiseworthy an object.

The Little Girls are now pleading the cause of the poor and destitute, they call on the humane and benevolent to remember the poor, for they that "give to the poor lend to the Lord."

SIMULTANEOUS MEETING OF TEMPERANCE SOCIETIES.

The attention of the friends of the Temperance Reformation, is earnestly requested to the resolution, passed at the late meeting of our State Society, approving of the proposition to hold meetings of all the Temperance Associations throughout the Union, on Tuesday, the 26th of the present month. Arrangements should be made for delivering Addresses, enlarging as much as possible the Societies already formed, and forming them in places where there are none. It is hoped that on this occasion the recommendation of the State Society, with respect to the nomination of Delegates to the Temperance Convention to be held in Philadelphia in May next, and to the necessity of contributing to the funds of that Society, will not be forgotten. The important object of employing an Agent for the State can never be effected, neither can the debts incurred for printing be discharged without aid from the Auxiliary Societies.

☞ Editors in the State will subserve the cause of Temperance by publishing the above.

For the Maryland Gazette.

AN ACROSTIC.

Great was the day, when from afar,
Emblem of bliss eternal, r[illegible]
Night's direst foe, our [illegible]—
Earth caught its beams and scorn'd repose—
Rous'd by the touch electric—Man
At his oppressors madly frown'd;
Loos'd were his chains—in blood he swam,
And was by Heaven with freedom crown'd—
No jingling sound of slavish chains
Death-like could now his soul dismay—
Redeem'd—he sneer'd at K-ngly names,
E'en tyrants crouch'd to own his sway,—
Wrung by oppression's ruthless hand
Justice in other nations sighs,
And pointing slaves to this proud land
Convuls'd with grief to glory flies.
Keep us from feuds internal, Lord—
Save now our Union's golden chain—
O, let our fame still spread abroad
Nor drench our land with blood again.

A CITIZEN OF CALVERT.

W. G. D. Worthington, Esq. was on Saturday last appointed Associate Judge of Baltimore City Court, to fill the vacancy occasioned by the death of the late Judge M'Mechen.

LIST OF APPOINTMENTS BY THE EXECUTIVE.

Inspectors of Tobacco at the State Warehouses in the city of Baltimore.

Richard H. Hall, William Gruder,
John R. Magruder.

Commissioners of Lotteries.

William R. Stuart, Edward Hughes,
John S. Williams.

Inspectors of Salted Fish in the city of Baltimore.

George Valiant, George W. Bradford.

Inspector of Ground Black Oak Bark.

David Baker.

Inspectors of Lumber in the city of Baltimore.

George Hall, John Ready,
Joshua Swann, John H. Thompson,
James C. King, Daniel Metzgar,
Nicholas Burke, Thomas Carrickson,
George Ash, John Moore.

Wharfinger.

William League.

Gaugers of Casks, and Inspectors of Domestic Distilled Spirits.

Leonard Frailey, William Gist,
Frederick S. Littig, William S. Parker,
William Pennington, Thomas H. Belt.
James Ensor.

Wood Corders in the city of Baltimore.

Joseph S. Crane, George W. Smith,
Archibald Parks, Henry Harrington,
Ann Gill, Littleton Airs,
Edward Wells, Joseph R. Brooks,
John B. Martin, Wm. E. Hungerford,
Samuel Guest, Jenifer S. Taylor.

Auctioneers within the City of Baltimore.

Samuel Hoffman, Thomas Danny,
John L. Hammond, Gen. Wm. M'Donald,
John H. Nes, Richard H. Jones,
Edward Salmon, Thomas Bailey,
Richard Bevan, Esq. Hugh W. Evans,
Francis Gardiner, Abraham Sellers,
Washington S. Cook, James H. Miller,
William Henry, Jacob G. Davies,
Robert A. Taylor, Jesse Hunt,
William G. Harrison, Thomas W. Hall,
Henry W. Bool, Jr. William Jenkins,
John N. McGilton, Richard S. Steuart, &
John Keppler, William H. Hanson,
Wm. W. Harding.

Directors of the Maryland Penitentiary.

Abraham Sellers and William H. Hanson, designated as the Executive Committee.

Joseph Owens, Keeper of the Penitentiary.

Ramsay Waters, Register of the Court of Chancery.

John C. Henry, of Dorchester county, representative in meetings of the Baltimore and Ohio Rail Road Company.

Richard Potts, of Frederick, and Richard B. Magruder, of Baltimore city, directors on the part of the said company.

John Tilghman, of Queen-Anne's county, representative in meetings of the Baltimore and Susquehanna Rail Road Company.

John H. Hodges, of the city of Baltimore, director of the said company.

Benjamin S. Forrest, of Montgomery county, representative in meetings of the Chesapeake and Ohio Canal Company.

William Brown, of Bal. Examiner General, Western Shore.

John M. G. Emory, Examiner General, E. Shore.

Moses Sheppard, Charles Howard, and Charles C. Harper, a board of managers for removing the people of colour from this state.

COMMUNICATED.

CONSTITUTION OF THE UNITED STATES.

The following proposed alterations or additions, to the Constitution of the United States, with references to its Articles, Sections, &c. on the same subjects, and a transcript of their language frequently, were compiled from official reports and the publications of other individuals, but for the most part, now (1833,) suggested to the writer by more than forty year's observation, and are respectfully submitted to the consideration of his fellow citizens, by a plain

CONSTITUTIONALIST.

Preamble and article 1, section 8, clause 1.

The words, 'general welfare,' in the Preamble and first clause of the 8th section of the 1st article of the Constitution of the United States, shall not be construed to authorize Congress to pass any other law or laws, than such as will directly or eventually, and evidently promote 'a more perfect union, establish justice, increase domestic tranquility, provide for the common defence, and secure the blessings of liberty to ourselves and our posterity,' or 'pay the debts and provide for the common defence'—'of the United States,' as is expressed by these words, immediately connected therewith, in the Preamble and Article aforesaid.

Article 1, sec. 2, art. 2, sec. 3 & 4, and the amendments of 1789 and 1802.

The Legislatures of the several states, at the first or second meetings which they may hold after the taking of every decenial census of the people of the United States and the apportionment of Representatives in Congress, pursuant thereto; shall determine by a law or laws of each State respectively, the manner of appointing or electing the Electors of President and Vice-President, and the Representatives in Congress, in and for such State; which manner shall not be changed by any State or Legislature, until after the then next ensuing census and apportionment, respectively.

Sec. 1, art. 6, clause 2, sec. 9, art. 2, sec. 2, clause 2 & 3.

No senator or Representative, during the time for which he shall be elected, nor within two years thereafter, shall be appointed to any office of profit or trust which requires the advice and consent of the Senate for confirmation; unless the same is concurred in by two-thirds of all the Senators then present; except such offices as are vacant during the recess of the Senate.

Art. 1, sec. 7 & 8, art. 2, sec. 2, &c.

No Bill shall be passed, or considered as passed, by either House of Congress, on or for any of the following purposes or subjects, unless such Bill shall be concurred in by two-thirds of all the members of each House then present:

That is to say—in adding to, or increasing the taxes, duties, imposts, or excise of any kink:

In authorizing any loan or anticipation of the revenue, for the use of the United States.

In lending or vesting any money or public securities of the United States, to, in or for any enterprize, institution or establishment, not undertaken by and for the use and benefit of the United States, or of the District over which Congress has exclusive jurisdiction:

And in making or declaring war, granting letters of marque and reprisal, and laying any general embargo on the commerce or navigation of the United States.

Art. 1, sec. 8, clause 4, 3, 17, and sec. 9, clause 4 & 5.

No preference shall be given by any regulation of commerce or revenue, to the labour, capital or products of the citizens of one or more States; over the labour, capital or products of the citizens of any other State or States.

Art. 1, sec. 8, clause 11 & 12.

No appropriation for money to provide or maintain a Navy, shall be for a longer term than two years.

Art. 1, sec. 8, clause 1, and 10, clause 1.

Congress shall not coin any thing but gold and silver coin a tender in payment of debts.

Art. 1, sec. 8, clause 5, and sec. 10, clause 1.

The Congress shall have power to provide for the application of the Legislatures of any State or States, to appropriate annually, any sum not exceeding one million of dollars in any year, to be apportioned and paid over to the State or States, one half thereof in proportion to the federal number of the people of such respectively, as ascertained by the then next census and apportionment of Representatives, and the whole half of such appropriation, to be expended under the direction of such State and States in repairing the Post Roads, then actually used, or may hereafter be established and used within such State and States; and one half thereof apportioned to the Banner, to be expended under the direction of such State and States, in transporting out of the United States the free people of colour.

Art. 1, sec. 8 & 10, clause 3 & 2.

Each State shall have concurrent power with the United States, to lay and collect taxes on stills, employed in distilling spirituous liquors within such State, and to lay and collect excise on spirituous liquors brought therein, and sold or offered for sale and consumption; but no tax, duty or excise shall be levied or collected on spirituous liquors distilled in one State, and passing through another State, for exportation, except what may be absolutely necessary for the execution of its inspection laws; and the nett products of all such taxes, duties and excises, collected by any State, on such stills and spirituous liquors, shall be for the use of the Treasury of the United States.

Art. 1, sec. 8, clause 5, sec. 10, clause 1.

No State shall make any bankrupt or other laws, which shall or may be construed to discharge debtors in one State from the payment of debts contracted or becoming due in another State, otherwise than by the payment of such debts, according to contract, or by the terms of a general bankrupt Law of Congress.

Art. 1, sec. 9

Neither the Congress of the United States, nor the Legislature of any State, shall make any laws, which shall or may be construed to authorize the imprisonment of any person, or the restriction of the personal liberty of any person, for, or on account of any debts, which were contracted or incurred without deceit or fraud, on the part of such person or persons: nor shall Congress or the Legislature of any State, create or establish any lotteries or game of hazard, whereby money or other property, is, or may be gained or lost by lot or chance, exclusive of any exercise and skill, art or ingenuity, in the person or persons adventuring therein; nor shall any licence be granted by Congress, or the legislature of any State, to any person or persons, for the making of any such lottery or game of hazard, or the selling, transferring, or alienating, in any way or manner whatever, any interest, share, ticket or representation of any interest, share or ticket in any such lottery or game of hazard; and if any person or persons shall sell, transfer or alienate, or offer to sell, transfer or alienate any interest, share, ticket, or the representation of any interest, share or ticket in any such lottery or game of hazard, such interest, share, ticket or representation of interest share or ticket, shall be forfeited, and the person or persons selling, transferring or alienating or offering for sale, transfer or alienation of the same, or any of them, shall be liable to such further forfeiture, punishment and penalty, as Congress, and the Legislature of any State wherein the offence may have been committed, shall prescribe

Art. 2, sec. 1, clause 1 to 5, and amendment. 1802.

The President and Vice-President of the United States shall hold their offices respectively during the term of six years: No person shall be eligible to the office of President on or after he shall have attained the full age of sixty-seven years, nor shall the same person, or any other person from the same State, be eligible for that office at the next succeeding term.

The choosing of the Electors of President and Vice-President shall take place and be held in the several States at the same time, to be prescribed by a law of Congress; as also the time of giving their votes.

If, on counting the votes of the Electors, it shall appear that no person shall have received a majority of the votes of the whole number of the Electors appointed, for the office of President, the President of the Senate shall call a second meeting of the same Electors, in the several States, to be held at the same time in each; to be prescribed by a law of Congress, as before; to ballot again for a President, from the two persons who had received the greatest number of votes on the first ballot, or, if there were an equal number of votes given to two or more persons, less than those given to another, then, from that person having the greatest number, and the two or more having the equal number of votes, as above mentioned: And if on counting the votes on this second ballot, neither of these persons shall have received a majority of the votes of all the Electors appointed, the two Houses of Congress shall forthwith meet in convention, and two thirds of all the members of each being present, shall ballot for a President from the persons returned from this second ballot, in number or numbers, as before; and the person receiving a majority of the votes in such convention, shall be President.

Art. 2, sec. 2, clause 2, art. 4, sec. 3, clause 1 and 2.

No treaty with any foreign government or nation, or Indian tribe, which shall produce an increase or diminution of the territory or population of any State or States, shall be binding on such State or states, without the concurrence and assent of the Legislature thereof.

Art. 3, sec. 1 & 2, clause 1 & 2, Amendment. 1789 and 1793.

No Judge of any of the courts of the United States, shall continue to hold such office, after he shall have attained the full age of seventy-three years; nor shall any Judge of the Supreme Court of the United States, while he shall continue during two years thereafter, be appointed to any office of profit or trust, unless required by the advice and consent of the Senate of the United States, unless the same is concurred in by two thirds of all the Senators then present; except during a recess.

In all cases brought before the courts of the United States, in which a State is a party, or in which the rights of a State, or the citizens thereof, as such, are committed or contended, and the language of the constitution is uncertain or doubtful in its intent and meaning, the Judges shall construe the same favourably to such State, or citizens, respectively; and whenever the Supreme Court of the United States shall have passed a judgment, decree or order, in such doubtful case or cases, adverse to the claims of any State or States, or the citizens thereof, as such, and after one fourth or more of the States, by their Legislatures, or by conventions of such States, called expressly by such Legislatures, shall have considered and adjudged the judgment, decree or order to be contrary to, and subversive of the rights reserved to them, or the people thereof, in the constitution of the United States, such judgment, decree or order, shall be so far suspended in all their effects until three fourths or more of the States, by their Legislatures or conventions, as aforesaid, shall ratify and confirm the same; and after which, such judgment, decree or order shall be revived and carried into full effect.

Art. 4, sec. 3, clause 1 and 2.

Whenever the lands surrendered or sold to the United States, and disposed of by them, within the bounds of any State, which has been or may hereafter be admitted as one of the United States, shall have become more in quantity than one half of all the lands in such State, it shall and may be lawful for the Legislature of that State to receive the remaining lands under the jurisdiction thereof, and to dispose of the same, as the Legislature shall think most advantageous to such State; upon condition, and provided the Legislature of such State shall enter into an agreement with the United States, and pass a law or laws which shall bind the State on the part of the people thereof, to pay a consideration for such remaining lands, to the United States, at a rate per acre, ascertained by surveys under the then existing laws of the United States, for the survey of their lands, generally; of not less than one fifth of the average price at which the same lands may then be taken up or purchased, under the laws of the United States; and provided the Legislature shall also agree and bind the State, to comply with all the conditions of sales and donations made of the public lands, and continue the surveys and locations by townships, sections, and reservations, for the use of the United States, or otherwise, as the same may have been done or provided by the United States, in relation to other lands and reservations within the same State.

On the part of the United States, a credit of ten, twenty and thirty years, shall be allowed for the payment of the consideration money of the lands they shall transfer to any State, as aforesaid; the two last payments, bearing interest at the rate of five per cent. per annum, from the time the first payment become due; and the proceeds of all such sales and transfers, after deducting the principal of any annuity or interest of all money thereafter to come due or payable to the native Indians or others, in consideration of the original sales and surrender of the said lands, to the United States, shall be paid over, at or before the expiration of twelve months, after the receipt and receipts thereof, to all and each of the States; including those which may then have been admitted as members of the Union, in shares or portions, corresponding with the number of the States then united, and the federal number of the people of such States, severally and respectively, according to the general census immediately preceding each payment.

MARYLAND LEGISLATURE.

HOUSE OF DELEGATES.

Tuesday, February 5th, 1833.

Mr. Harper presented a memorial of Samuel J. Donaldson, John Durham and others, of the city of Baltimore, praying for the repeal of an act passed at December session 1831, for the condemnation of a certain lot of ground therein mentioned, as a site for a market house.

Mr. Gittings presented several memorials of sundry citizens of Montgomery county, praying an alteration and amendment of the laws relating to the practice of medicine; which confer exclusive privileges upon the medical and chirurgical Faculty of Maryland.

Mr. Weast presented a memorial of sundry citizens of Washington county, and Mr. Mann presented a memorial of sundry citizens of said county, severally praying the Legislature to adopt measures to compel the Chesapeake and Ohio Canal Company, to permit the passage of the Baltimore and Ohio Rail Road Company, to pass their work through the narrows between the Point of Rocks and Harper's Ferry.

Mr. Jenkins presented a petition of Sarah Gilmore, of the city of Baltimore, praying for a divorce a vinculo matrimonii.

And Mr. Weast presented a petition of Barbary Callahan, of Washington county, praying to be divorced from her husband Jacob Callahan.

Mr. Merrick presented a petition of the Grand and Petit Jurors of Charles county, and other citizens of said county, praying for protection to fish and wild fowl on the Potomac river, and its tributaries within said county.

Mr. Willson presented a petition of sundry citizens of Montgomery county, praying for a road therein mentioned.

Mr. Ely presented a petition of sundry citizens of Baltimore and Anne-Arundel counties, praying relief from the oppressive regulations of the Baltimore and Ohio Rail Road Company.

Mr. Lamar presented a petition of sundry citizens of Allegany county, praying an act to authorising the commissioners of Allegany county to purchase land and erect a poor house thereon.

OBITUARY.

Died, in New Orleans at the residence of her brother-in-law John H. B. Morton, on the 10th of January, Miss Sarah M. Done, in the 40th year of her age, eldest daughter of the late Hon. John Done of Annapolis.

ANNAPOLIS LIBRARY.

The Stockholders of the Annapolis Library Company are requested to meet at the City Hall on Saturday next the 9th February, at 3 o'clock P. M. on business of importance.

Feb. 7. R.

VALUABLE CITY PROPERTY FOR SALE.

The subscriber offers for sale all that valuable and beautiful REAL PROPERTY lying and being in the city of Annapolis, opposite the City Hotel, and binding on Church street 171 feet, on Conduit street 500 feet, and on the Duke of Gloucester-street 165 feet. The buildings are many and good — This property, perhaps, is rivalled by none in the city as it respects its location, beauty and worth. It is free from all incumbrances and the title indisputable. The payment of the purchase money will be made easy to the purchaser. For terms, apply to

EDW. WILLIAMS,
Residing on the premises.

Feb. 7

FOR SALE.

The subscriber being legally authorised, will offer at Public Sale, (if not previously disposed of at Private Sale,) on FRIDAY, the first day of March next, at eleven o'clock A. M at the residence of Mr. David M. Brogden, in Anne Arundel county, all that

FARM

formerly owned by James M'Culloch, Esq. deceased, and now occupied by Mr. David M. Brogden, together with a number of valuable SLAVES of both sexes.

Should the above land not be sold, the subscriber will offer for sale on the same day and at the same place, about

300 ACRES

of the land now occupied by Mr William Brogden, being part of Roe Down, and adjoining the Farm called Dodon, now in the possession of Mr. George C. Stewart.

A description of the property is deemed unnecessary, as persons disposed to purchase are invited to visit and examine the premises, which will be shewn by the Messrs. Brogden.

TERMS OF SALE.—Cash, or such notes as will be discounted at the Farmers Bank of Maryland, or any other Bank. The land will be conveyed to the purchaser in fee simple, clear of dower.

RICHARD ESTEP.

Feb. 7 ts

The Baltimore American, National Intelligencer, and Maryland Republican, will publish the above 2awts, and send their accounts to this office for collection.

CONSTABLE'S SALE.

By virtue of two writs of fieri facias issued by John Disney, Esq. a justice of the peace in and for Anne Arundel county, and to me directed, against the goods and chattels, lands and tenements, of Henry Stone, William Wood, and Charles Stinchcomb, at the suit of John M. Wheat, and Jesse Wheat, I have seized and taken in execution, all the right, title, interest, and claims, in and unto

One Bed, one Scythe and Cradle, one Pot and Potrack, one Gun, one Plough and Gear, one Cart, and a Bay Mare,

and three parts in an undivided tract of land called "Leatherwood's Luck," containing 50 acres of Land more or less, lying on the road from Baltimore to the Fork of the Patuxent, near the Columbian Mills, and I hereby give notice, that on SATURDAY, the 2d day of March next, on the premises, at 11 o'clock, I shall proceed to sell the property aforesaid to the highest bidder, for Cash, to satisfy the debts and costs due.

STEPHEN BOUNDS, Constable.

Feb. 7 ts

BALTIMORE COFFEE HOUSE.

N. W. CORNER OF SOUTH AND WATER STS.

This new establishment is now open, and will be conducted on the first principles of respectability. The premises have been thoroughly renovated, with every arrangement to afford comfort to their patrons. Their Bar is now stocked with the very best quality in Wines, viz: Port, Madeira, Sherry, Claret, Champagne, Old Hock and Burgundy. Their spirituous liquors are of the finest quality and flavour, having been recently imported. Their table will be found daily to contain the best productions of this market. They have engaged attentive servants, and such as understand their line of business. The proprietors flatter themselves, from their general knowledge of the calling in which they have embarked, that their endeavours to please will prove successful—the experience they enjoy having been gained from some of the first establishments in America. Their last engagement terminated at Barnum's City Hotel.

LUNCH, BEEFSTEAKS, OYSTERS, in short, Snacks of every description, will be served up at the shortest notice.

KIRKLAND & CO.

Baltimore, Feb. 7.

Continued from first Page.

as amended by the committee on ways and means be engrossed.

By order, Benjamin Seager, clk.

Which was twice read and concurred in.

Mr. Teackle, chairman of the committee on ways and means, reported a bill, entitled, an act to establish the bank of the state of Maryland.

Which was read.

Mr. Richardson of Caroline, reported a bill, for the benefit of Thomas C. Carter, late Sheriff of Caroline county.

Mr. Compton, chairman of the committee on divorces, reported a bill, to divorce George Twilly and Priscilla Twilly, of Worcester county.

Mr. Burgess reported a bill, to abrogate and annul a certain deed therein mentioned.

Mr. Ely reported a bill, to repeal an act, passed at December session eighteen hundred and twenty-seven, chapter eighty-three; And.

Mr. Teackle, from the committee on ways and means, reported a further additional supplement to the act of December session, 1827, chapter 117, to regulate the issuing of licenses to traders, keepers of ordinaries and others.

The house proceeded to consider the unfinished business of yesterday, being the bill reported by Mr. Merrick, entitled, an act for the relief of John D. Freeman, of Charles county

On motion by Mr. Teackle, said bill was ordered to lie on the table.

The house adjourned.

Monday, Feb. 4th, 1833.

Mr. Nicols presented a petition of sundry citizens of Vienna, in Dorchester county, praying the incorporation of an Academy therein located;

Also for aid from the state for the purpose of promoting education, &c.

Mr. Mann presented several memorials of sundry citizens of Washington county, praying that means be taken to compel the Chesapeake and Ohio Canal Company, to permit the Baltimore and Ohio Rail Road Company, to pass up the valley of the Potomac from the Point of Rocks to Harper's Ferry.

Mr. Harper presented a petition of A. G. Franciscus, of the city of Baltimore, praying to be divorced from his wife Eliza Jane.

Mr. Travers presented a petition of sundry citizens of this state, praying an alteration in the pilot laws;

And, Mr. Teackle presented a petition of Samuel J. K. Handy and others, citizens of Somerset and Worcester counties, praying for an act, giving to jurors and witnesses itinerant charges for going to and returning from the seat of justice, besides a per diem allowance.

On motion by Mr. Brewer,

Ordered, That so much of the Executive communication of the 4th Jan. 1833, as relates to the services of the two gentlemen who superintend the printing of the Index, be referred to the committee on claims, with authority to make such compensation as they may deem right and proper.

On motion by Mr. Somerville,

Ordered, That the committee on inspections, be instructed to enquire into the expediency of changing the mode of appointing surveyors of wood in the city of Baltimore, and report to this house by bill or otherwise.

Mr. Milbourne, obtained leave to bring in a further additional supplement, to an act for quieting possessions, enrolling conveyances and securing the estates of purchasers.

Mr. Teackle submitted the following resolution;

Resolved by the General Assembly of Maryland, That the treasurer of the western shore, pay to the warden of the Baltimore county jail, the sum of one hundred and fifty-six dollars and ninety seven cents, being the amount of expenses incurred, on account of runaways, prior to the fifth day of March, in the year eighteen hundred and thirty-two, and chargeable to the state under the second section of an act passed at December session 1828 chapter 98.

Which was read the first and second time by special order, and assented to.

Mr. Forman submitted the following preamble and resolutions;

Whereas, the General Assembly at the last session, adopted a resolution authorising the appointment of a commissioner or engineer to superintend a survey of the sounds between the capes of Virginia and Delaware; and it is believed that in a concern of so much importance to a portion of the people of this state, the services of an additional commissioner or engineer may be necessary and valuable; Therefore,

Resolved by the General Assembly of Maryland, That the Governor and Council be and they are hereby authorised to appoint an additional commissioner or engineer, to co-operate in the contemplated survey.

Resolved, That his excellency the Governor, be requested to correspond with the executive authorities of Virginia and Delaware, with the view of fixing a time and place for the meeting of the commissioners.

Which was read the first time and ordered to lie on the table.

Mr. Harper from the committee on the coloured population, to whom were referred the petitions of Richard Brown, Sally Marshall, Anthony Kennedy, Ishmael Vanhorn, Tarpin Wright, William B. Abbot, and Joshua Johnson, praying to be allowed to introduce certain slaves into this state, reported that the committee have had the same under consideration, and are of opinion that they ought not to be granted

Which was read.

Mr. Harper from the committee on the coloured population, to whom were referred the petitions of Eli Swearingen, Charles Hill, and R. J. C. Millard, praying to allowed to introduce certain slaves into this state, reported that they have had the same under consideration, and beg leave to be discharged from the further consideration of the same, and that the petitioners have leave to withdraw their petitions.

Which was twice read and concurred in.

The bill reported by Mr. Wilmot, to alter and amend the charter of the Baltimore Turnpike Road Company, was taken up for consideration, read the second time, and passed.

The hour for taking up the order of the day having arrived,

On motion by Mr. Pratt, the house again resolved itself into a committee of the whole house, and resumed the consideration of the unfinished order of Saturday the 26th ultimo, being the report of the joint committee of the Legislature, on the South Carolina Ordinance, and the substitute proposed by Mr. Merrick, and after some time spent therein, the speaker resumed the chair; when Mr. Gantt, the chairman, reported that the said committee had, according to order, had the said report and substitute again under consideration, and having made some progress therein, directed him to ask leave to sit again, which leave was granted by the house.

On motion by Mr. Harper, the bill reported by Mr. White, from the committee on internal improvement, entitled, A further supplement to the act, to promote internal improvement by the construction of a Rail Road from Baltimore to the city of Washington, passed at December session, 1830, was made the order of the day for Friday next, the 8th inst.

The bill reported by Mr. Jenkins, to incorporate the Chatsworth Water Company of Baltimore, was taken up for consideration:

On motion by Mr. Jenkins, said bill was amended by adding at the end of the twelfth section, the following proviso;

"Provided, That the power granted by this section, shall not be exercised in any case without the previous assent of the Mayor and City Council of Baltimore, and shall be at all times exercised and subject to such regulations and provisions as they may direct."

On motion by Mr. Jenkins, said bill was further amended, by inserting after the word "proper," in the third line of the thirteenth section, the following:

"Provided, That the power granted by this section, shall not be exercised in any case without the previous assent of the Mayor and City Council of Baltimore, and shall be at all times exercised subject to such regulations and provisions as they may direct."

The said bill was then read the second time as amended;

And, on motion by Mr. Jenkins, ordered to lie on the table.

On motion by Mr. Wright, of Dorchester, the house took up for consideration the amendment proposed by the Senate to the bill, entitled, An act to divorce Sarah Block of Dorchester county, from her husband Arthur M. Block of the city of Baltimore.

The said amendment was then read the second time, assented to, and the bill ordered to be engrossed.

The bill reported by Mr. Jenkins, to provide for the widening of a part of Waggon Alley in the city of Baltimore, was taken up for consideration, read the second time, and passed.

The house then adjourned.

METROPOLIS OF THE STATE OF MARYLAND.

MOSES LAKE—PROPESSOR:
CUTS HAIR Phisiognomically, and SHAVES Delectably!!!

☞ His Dressing Room adjoining the bar of Messrs. Williamson & Swann.

HE acknowledges with grateful emotions the continued and increasing patronage bestowed upon him by the fashionable and tasteful public of this Metropolis.

M. LAKE begs leave to continue the exercise of the consolatory sweep of his MAGIC RAZOR; and to confine himself more particularly to shaping the heads of this learned and distinguished community. New York may boast of her Saunders, Philadelphia of her Anners, but it was reserved for the Metropolis of this state, to present the unrivalled talents of a LAKE!

M. Lake likewise informs the gentlemen, that he can at all times furnish them with the best (tried) Razors, Combs, Stocks and Collars, Soap, &c. &c. He will be ever ready to attend to all commands in his business.

He superintends a SCOURING ESTABLISHMENT, and will cleanse CLOTHES of every description on reasonable terms.

Dec. 27

STATE OF MARYLAND, SC.

Anne Arundel County Orphans Court,
January 22d, 1833.

ON application by petition of Sarah H. Williamson and Isaac Mayo, Executors of James Williamson, late of Anne-Arundel county, deceased, it is ordered that they give the notice required by law for creditors to exhibit their claims against the said deceased, and that the same be published once in each week, for the space of six successive weeks, in the Maryland Republican, and Maryland Gazette.

SAM'L. BROWN, Junr.
Reg. Wills, A. A. County.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN,

THAT the subscribers of Anne-Arundel county, have obtained from the Orphans' Court of Anne-Arundel county, in Maryland, letters testamentary on the personal estate of James Williamson, late of Anne Arundel county, deceased. All persons having claims against the said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscribers at or before the 22d day of July next, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. Given under our hands this 22d day of January 1833.

SARAH H. WILLIAMSON, } Ex'rs.
ISAAC MAYO, }
Jan. 24, 1833. R

TO RENT,

The DWELLING HOUSE and premises, lately occupied by Mrs. J. H. [illegible] Annapolis, and adjoining the dwelling house of the subscriber.—Possession given [illegible] next. For terms apply to

HENRY MAYNADIER.

Jan. 24—3w

NOTICE.

THE Commissioners for Anne-Arundel county, will meet at the Court House, in the city of Annapolis, on MONDAY, the 4th day of March next, for the purpose of ascertaining the expenses of the county, and laying the levy.

By order,
R. J. COWMAN, Clk.

Jan. 17 3awtm

THE MARYLAND HORTICULTURAL SOCIETY,

FOR the improvement and encouragement of Gardening and the promotion of Horticultural Science in the state of Maryland, with a view to the accomplishment of those important objects, have determined on having an

EXHIBITION OF PLANTS, &c.

after the manner of other Horticultural Societies. They therefore give notice, that they will cause to be held an exhibition of Plants, Flowers, Fruits, Culinary, Vegetables, &c. &c. in the city of Baltimore, on the eleventh and twelfth days of the month of June, 1833.—Further, as an encouragement, they have resolved to offer three premiums, to be awarded to the three most deserving objects exhibited

The first premium will be a piece of silver plate, of the value of $12.

The second a piece of silver plate, value $8

The third a silver medal, value $5.

The premiums to be handsomely engraved with the arms of the Society, &c. &c.

For further information on the subject, address, (post paid,)

F. H. DICKEHUT,
Chairman Committee of Arrangement, Baltimore.

☞ Publishers of papers throughout the state, are requested to give the above a few insertions.

Jan. 17.

Anne-Arundel County, Ss.

ON application to me the subscriber, a justice of the Orphans Court, of William T. Gantt, praying for the benefit of the act for the relief of insolvent debtors, passed at November session 1805, and the several supplements thereto, a schedule of his property and a list of his creditors on oath as far as he can ascertain them being annexed to his petition, and having satisfied me by competent testimony that he has resided in the state of Maryland two years immediately preceding this his application, and that he is in actual confinement for debt only, and the subscriber having appointed a trustee for the benefit of the creditors of said petitioner, and the said trustee having given bond with security, for the faithful performance of said trust, it is therefore ordered and adjudged by me, that the said William T. Gantt be discharged from his confinement, and that he by causing a copy of this order to be inserted in the Maryland Gazette once a week for three successive months before the third Monday of April next, give notice to his creditors to appear before Anne Arundel county court on the third Monday in April next, to shew cause if any they have, why the said William T Gantt should not have the benefit of the said act and supplements, as prayed

GIDEON WHITE.

Jan. 17 3m

MAIL STAGE VIA BROAD CREEK.

DURING the session of the legislature of Maryland, the mail will be transported from Cambridge ferry to Broad creek in a stage, leaving Easton at 5 o'clock P. M. on Tuesdays and Saturdays for Easton, leaving Easton at half past 7 o'clock A. M. on Sundays and Wednesdays, and arriving at Annapolis by 7 o'clock P. M. same evening.

Returning, will leave Annapolis at half past 7 o'clock A. M. on Mondays and Fridays, arrive at Easton by 7 o'clock P. M. same day, leave Easton on Tuesdays and Saturdays at noon, (or immediately on the arrival of the northern mail,) arrive at Cambridge by five o'clock P. M.

Passage from Cambridge Ferry to Annapolis four dollars, from Easton three dollars.

Jan 5

INSOLVENT NOTICE.

ORDERED BY THE COURT, That the creditors of Joshua Neale, a petitioner for the benefit of the insolvent laws of this state, be and appear before the court at Leonardtown, St. Mary's county, on the first Monday of March next, to file allegations, if any they have, and to recommend a permanent trustee.

By order, JO. HARRIS, Clk.
True copy, JO. HARRIS, Clerk
Saint-Mary's County Court.

Nov. 29 3m

Prince-George's County Court.

October Term, 1832.

ORDERED, by the Court, That the Creditors of William T. S. Compton, a petitioner for the benefit of the Insolvent Laws of Maryland, be and appear before the Court, to be held at Upper Marlborough Town, on the first Monday in April next, to file allegations, if any they have, against said petitioner.

Test—AQUILA BEALL, Clk.
of Prince-George's County Court.

Dec. 27. 3ms

PRINTING
Neatly executed at this OFFICE.

A NEW, CHEAP AND POPULAR PERIODICAL

IN MONTHLY NUMBERS,

SELECT CIRCULATING LIBRARY,

THE striking features of this periodical are, that books are published in it in a form which allows of their being carried by mail, and at a rate so reasonable, that every intelligent educated person in the community can procure them. The publisher receives from England all the new books of merit, and from these, selections are made from the best class of Novels, Memoirs, Travels, Sketches, Tales, and Biography. These are printed as rapidly as an extensive printing office will admit, and forwarded by mail, carefully packed so as to carry to the most distant post office in the Union, unsoiled.

This periodical commenced in October, with the popular novel of Wallstein, or the Swedes in Prague, which cost in London six dollars; it is contained entire in two numbers and a half of the Circulating Library, costing subscribers less than twenty-five cents. This was succeeded by the Memoirs of Lavallette, which cost the publisher to import eight dollars: it was likewise contained in the same space and at the same price. The sixth number commences the travels of Mr. Vigne, costing in London six dollars: it will be printed entire in the "Library" for at most thirty cents! This enumeration of prices the publisher trusts, with the facility of transportation by mail, will be sufficient to induce those who receive this prospectus, to use some exertion to extend the circulation of the work in their respective neighbourhoods, as, if encouraged hereafter as he has so far been, it is his intention to lay before the American public in this form all the best books which issue from the London press.

The price is five dollars for 52 numbers, which will contain as much matter as 1200 pages, or three volumes, of Rees's Cyclopædia. This volume will comprise at least from twenty-five to thirty entire works, printed on good paper, and with the same accuracy as book work. It will form two volumes of 416 pages each, well worthy of preservation for reference, and a valuable addition to every public and private library. The publisher feels confident in stating, that the entire 52 numbers, when bound, will sell for more than the subscription price, as after a few more numbers are issued, no more will be printed than will supply actual paying subscribers.

Still further to increase the facilities of subscribers, the publisher has added another inducement for clubs to join together in their remittance. Twenty dollars will be received in full for the subscription of five individuals. This deduction will pay all postage.

Those who design to patronize this new and popular mode of publishing good books, will oblige the subscriber by forwarding their remittances as early as practicable. A five dollar note deposited in the post office will supply good reading to a family and circle of acquaintance for a whole year.

The gentleman who makes the selections for this periodical, to literary taste and education, has, from his situation, facilities for knowing what is popular and of high reputation possessed by few; to this he adds a proper sense of the responsibility he has assumed in catering for an extended and moral community. The publisher therefore confidently recommends the Circulating Library to heads of families, as a work which they need have no fear of introducing into any circle.

The ensuing number will contain a highly popular novel, by the English Opium Eater.

ADAM WALDIE,
Carpenter-street, near Seventh, under the Apprentices' Library, back of the Arcade, where subscriptions will be gratefully received.

Dec. 13

☞ A specimen of the Work may be seen at the office of the Maryland Gazette, where Subscriptions will be received.

ROOMS FOR RENT.

THE subscriber having ROOMS in his House, not necessary for his own use, during the session of the Legislature, offers for Rent the whole of the second story, consisting of FIVE ROOMS, with or without Furniture. They can be made separate and distinct from the other part of the house.

HENRY S. HOLLAND.

Dec. 20.

NOTICE

TO ALL WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.

HAVING made DANIEL HART my sole Agent in Annapolis, he is fully authorised to collect all debts due me, rent all property belonging to me, and, as all my property in Annapolis is for sale, to sell on such terms as he in his judgment, and my interest may think best. Therefore all persons indebted to me are fully authorised to make payment to him, and his receipt shall be good and as fully legal as if given by myself. Given under my hand this 23d day of November, 1832

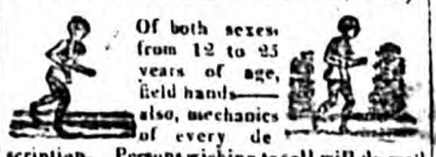
THOS. B. ANDERSON.

Nov. 29.

CASH FOR NEGROES.

I WISH TO PURCHASE

100 LIKELY NEGROES,



Of both sexes from 12 to 25 years of age, field hands—also, mechanics of every description. Persons wishing to sell, will do well to give me a call, as I am determined to give HIGHER PRICES for SLAVES, than any purchaser who is now or may be hereafter in this market. Any communication in writing will be promptly attended to. I can at all times be found at Williamson's Hotel, Annapolis.

RICHARD WILLIAMS.

October 4, 1832.

WINTER ARRANGEMENT.

FOR ANNAPOLIS, CASTLE HAVEN, AND EASTON.

The Steam-boat MARYLAND, will leave Baltimore on Friday morning next, at 7 o'clock for the above places, and will leave Baltimore on Monday for Annapolis at 7 o'clock, to return the same day. Also, will leave Baltimore from her usual place, lower end Dugan's wharf, on Wednesday morning at 9 o'clock for Annapolis only.

Passage to Easton or Castle Haven $3.00
Do. to or from Annapolis 2.00
N. B. All Baggage at the risk of the owner or owners.

L. G. TAYLOR, Capt.

Jan. 5, 1833.

THE COUNTERFEIT DETECTOR AND BANK NOTE LIST,

IN PAMPHLET FORM,

A NEW edition of this publication will be issued on the first of January, 1833. It will contain a carefully compiled Bank Note List, giving the names and place of location, of all the banks in the United States, together with the rates of discount on the notes of each. Prices of Gold and Silver. Also, a correct description of all Counterfeit and Altered Notes, which are now, or have ever been in circulation, on any of the various Banking institutions. This list will embrace descriptions of more than fifty Counterfeit Notes which have been detected since the first edition of our pamphlet was issued. The subscriber respectfully requests all who may have any information in relation to Counterfeit and Altered Notes, which has not as yet been published in the "Detector," to send the same to his office without delay, as it is his wish to make the "Counterfeit Detector and Bank Note List" as correct as it is possible to have it.

The pamphlet will be published on a royal sheet, and will contain twenty four pages. The price will remain as heretofore, 12½ cents each, one dollar per dozen, or six dollars and twenty-five cents per hundred. All orders must be addressed to

ROBERT T. RICKNELL,
No 6, Athenian Buildings, Franklin Place, Philadelphia.

Dec. 20

Anne-Arundel County, Set.

ON application of John W. Baker of Anne-Arundel county, by petition in writing to me the subscriber, a Judge of the Orphans Court of Anne-Arundel county, stating that he is in actual confinement for debt, and praying me to grant to him the benefit of the Insolvent Laws of this state, a schedule of his property and a list of his creditors, on oath as far as he can ascertain them, being annexed to his petition, and the said John W. Baker having satisfied me by competent testimony that he has resided two years next preceding the time of his application, within the state of Maryland, and I having appointed a trustee for the benefit of the creditors of the said John W. Baker, and the said trustee having given bond with security, approved by me, for the faithful performance of his said trust, and the said trustee being in possession of all the property of the said insolvent debtor, and the said John W. Baker having also given bond with security approved by me, for his personal appearance before the Judges of Anne Arundel county court on the third Monday of April next, to answer such interrogatories as may be propounded to him by any of his creditors, and also for his personal appearance before said county court on the third day of April next, for the final hearing of his application, agreeably to an act of assembly, entitled "An act relating to insolvent debtors," and the several supplements thereto; to answer such allegations as may be filed against him by any of his creditors, and the said John W. Baker having before me taken the oath directed to be taken by the said insolvent laws for the delivery up of his property, *these are therefore to certify*, that I have this day granted a personal discharge to the said John W. Baker. Given under my hand this sixteenth day of November, in the year one thousand eight hundred and thirty two.

GIDEON WHITE.

Nov. 22 3m

Prince-George's County Court,

October Term, 1832.

ORDERED BY THE COURT, That the creditors of Edmund Key and William N. Dorsett, petitioners for the benefit of the Insolvent Laws of the State of Maryland, be and appear before the court at Upper Marlborough Town, on the first Monday in April next, to file allegations, (if any they have) and to recommend a permanent Trustee for their benefit.

Test, AQUILA BEALL, Clk.
of Prince George's county court.

Dec. 27.—law3m*

NOTICE.

THE Subscriber having taken out Letters of Administration on the Estate of Ann Penrice, late of the City of Annapolis, deceased. All persons indebted to said Estate are hereby requested to make payment, and all persons having claims against said Estate are hereby requested to bring them in legally authenticated, on or before the 21st day of June next, otherwise they may be excluded all benefit from said Estate.

ANN LAMDEN, Adm'x.

Dec. 20 6w

STATE OF MARYLAND, SC.

Anne-Arundel County Orphans' Court,
January 8th, 1833.

ON application by petition of William Pumphrey, (of Wm.) administrator of Gassaway Stewart, late of Anne-Arundel county deceased, it is ordered that he give the notice required by law for creditors to exhibit their claims against the said deceased, and that the same be published once in each week for the space of six successive weeks, in one of the newspapers printed in Annapolis.

SAMUEL BROWN, Jun.
Reg. Wills, A. A. County.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN,

THAT the subscriber of Anne-Arundel County, hath obtained from the Orphans Court of Anne-Arundel county, in Maryland, letters of administration on the personal estate of Gassaway Stewart, late of Anne-Arundel county, deceased. All persons having claims against the said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, at or before the 8th day of July next, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. Given under my hand this 8th day of January, 1833.

WM. PUMPHREY (of Wm.) Adm'r.

January 10.

The Maryland Gazette.

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MARYLAND LEGISLATURE.

HOUSE OF DELEGATES.

Wednesday, February 6th, 1833.

Mr. Jenkins presented a petition of Samuel Poultney and others, of the city of Baltimore, praying for the passage of act to prevent the further extension of Liberty street, northerly, and to provide for the extension of Cathedral street, south, to Saratoga street, and thence to connect with Liberty street.

Mr. Pratt presented a memorial of Samuel Sutton, praying to be allowed to introduce into this state, certain negroes therein mentioned;

And, Mr. Wilson presented a memorial of William Strosbire, praying for a special act to authorise him to remove a slave into this state from the state of Virginia.

Mr. Ellicott presented a petition of Sarah H. Norris and others, praying that their property may be released from condemnation, by the opening and widening of Pine street, in the city of Baltimore;

Also, presented a petition of Jacob Newman and others, of the city of Baltimore, praying that Pine street in said city may not be extended.

Mr. Forwood presented a petition of sundry inhabitants of Harford county, praying for an act directing the commissioners of said county to levy a sum of money for erecting a bridge over Deer Creek, at William Pyles ford.

Mr. Ely presented a memorial of sundry citizens of Baltimore county, remonstrating against the division of said county, as prayed for by sundry citizens of Frederick county.

Mr. Cottman presented a memorial and petition of the justices of the orphans court of Somerset county, and sundry citizens of Somerset and Worcester counties, praying the passage of an act restraining the register of wills from engaging in the purchase of negroes for transportation and sale.

Mr. Duvall of Anne Arundel, presented a petition of Thomas R. Cross, and William Krebs, praying the passage of a law authorising the commissioners of Anne Arundel county, to levy on the assessable property of said county, a sum of money to pay for the opening of a road therein mentioned.

Mr. Bruce presented a petition of sundry citizens of Allegany county;

And, Mr. Lantz presented a petition of sundry citizens of said county, severally praying the passage of a law authorising and directing the commissioners of said county to levy a sum of money for the purpose of purchasing land and erecting a poor house thereon.

Mr. Cottman asked leave to bring in A supplement to an act to provide for taking testimony in civil cases, passed at December session, 1828, chapter 165.

Mr. Hammond obtained leave to bring in a bill, to authorise the Governor and council to appoint one justice of the levy court, for each election district in Frederick county.

Mr. Duvall of Anne Arundel, obtained leave to bring in a bill, to authorise the commissioners of Anne Arundel county, to levy a sum of money for the purpose of transcribing certain records in the office of the register of wills for said county.

Mr. Gantt submitted the following message; which was read and assented to:

Gentlemen of the Senate,

By the charter of the 'Farmers Bank of Maryland,' granted at November sesion 1804. chap. LXI, in section XXIV, it is provided that 'whenever the state shall become a stockholder to an amount not less than forty thousand dollars, she shall be entitled to appoint two directors, one for each shore; and for every additional eighty thousand dollars paid by the state, she shall be entitled to appoint two additional directors in manner as aforesaid.'

From the last annual report of the treasurer of the western shore, it appears that the state has invested in the said bank, for productive capital, $190,000
And for public schools, 71,550

making together, $261,550

and largely exceeding a sum sufficient to authorise the appointment of three directors for each shore; and having heretofore appointed two, we propose with the concurrence of your honourable body to proceed on Thursday, the 14th inst. to elect one additional director for each shore, and have nominated accordingly—

For the Farmers Bank of Maryland—Samuel Sprigg, of Prince George's county.
And for the Branch Bank at Easton—Thomas Hayward, of Dorchester county.

Mr. Ely reported a bill, for incorporating the Govanstown Academy, in Baltimore county; which was read.

Mr. Somerville reported a bill, for the relief of Thomas S. Clark, of Anne Arundel county; which was read the first and second time, by special order, and passed.

Mr. Travers, reported A further additional supplement to an act, to establish Pilots and regulate their fees."

Mr. Somerville reported a bill for the relief of Walter Wells, one of the securities of Thomas K. Wells deceased, late collector of taxes for Calvert county.

Mr. Jenkins reported a bill relating to the last will and testament of Mary Elizabeth Clowet, of the city of Baltimore.

Mr. Harper from the committee on the colourred population, reported a bill entitled, A supplement to an act, entitled 'an act relating to free negroes and slaves' passed at December session 1831, chapter 325;

Also, reported A supplement to an act entitled 'an act relating to the people of colour,' passed at December session 1831, chapter 281; Which were severally read the first time, and ordered to lie upon the table.

The bill reported by Mr. Burgess, to abrogate and annul a certain deed therein mentioned.

The bill reported by Mr. Jenkins, entitled, An act to explain an act, authorising Cornelia A. Howard, guardian of John E. Howard, of the city of Baltimore, to lease certain property therein mentioned.

The bill reported by Mr. Nicols, for the incorporation of the Grand Lodge of the state of Maryland, of the order of the Independent Odd Fellows,

And the bill reported by Mr. Hayne, to extend the provisions of the act of Assembly, passed at December session 1829, chapter 147, for the relief of Duncan Stone, of Kent county, (an alien;)

Were severally taken up for consideration, read the second time and passed.

The bill reported by Mr. Richardson of Caroline, for the benefit of Thomas S. Carter, late sheriff of Caroline county, was read the second time and passed.

On motion by Mr. Compton, the house took up for consideration the unfavourable report of the committee on divorces, on the petition of Eliza Selby, of the city of Baltimore, praying to be divorced from her husband James Selby, and the substitute proposed therefor by Mr. Jenkins, entitled an act, to divorce Eliza Selby, of Baltimore city, from her husband, a mensa et thoro.

The question was then put, will the house adopt the substitute,

Resolved in the affirmative.

The said bill was then read the second time and passed.

The hour for taking up the order of the day, having arrived,

On motion by Mr Gantt, the house again resolved itself into a committee of the whole house, and resumed the unfinished order of yesterday, being the report of the joint committee of the legislature, on the South Carolina Ordinance, and the substitute proposed by Mr. Merrick; and after some time spent therein, the speaker resumed the chair; when Mr. Blakistone, the chairman, reported that the said committee had, according to order, had the said report and substitute again under consideration, and having adopted sundry amendments to the reports, he was directed to report the same to the house, with the said report and to ask that the said committee be discharged from the further consideration of the subject;

Whereupon, the said committee of the whole house, was accordingly discharged.

Amendments proposed by the Committee of the whole House.

1st. In the third resolution, first line, strike out the word 'declared,' and insert in lieu thereof, the word annul."

2d. In the second line of the same resolution, after the word 'government,' insert the word 'as.'

3d. In the fourth resolution, first line, strike out the word 'question,' and insert 'controversies.'

4th. In the fifth resolution, first line, insert after the word 'having,' the word 'conclusive.'

5th. In the tenth resolution, second line, after the word 'powers' insert the words 'to be.'

6th. At the end of the tenth resolution, insert the following:—

Resolved, That this state does not recognise the power in any state, to nullify a law of congress, nor to secede from the Union; and that it will sustain the general government in the exercise of every constitutional means to preserve, unimpaired, the integrity of the United States.

7th. At the end of the twelfth resolution insert the following:—

Resolved, That the tariff laws of 1828, and of 1832, are clearly within the legitimate exercise of the constitutional powers of congress; but we will acquiesce with pleasure in any modification of those laws, which the wisdom of congress may devise, for allaying the excitement on that subject, in the southern portion of our country, which shall reduce the amount of revenue to the necessary expenditures of the government, and at the same time, sufficiently guard those great interests which have grown up under the system of protection.

The said amendments were read the first time.

On motion by Mr. Jenkins, the house was called, and the door-keeper sent for the absent members.

On motion by Mr. Wright, (of Queen Anne's,) the house resolved to proceed with the ordinary business of the session, during the absence of the door-keeper.

The clerk of the senate returned the bill, to incorporate the town of Sharpsburgh, and further, Andrew to Sharpsburgh.

Also, the bill, to change the appointment of the President and Directors of the Somerset Manufacturing Company, and to amend the style of the corporation.

Also the bill, to incorporate the Annapolis Savings Fund.

Also the bill, to confirm an act, repeal all such parts of the constitution and form of government as relate to the division of Somerset county into election districts, passed at December session 1831, severally endorsed, 'will pass' ordered to be engrossed.

Also the bill, to incorporate the Jefferson Savings Institution, endorsed 'will pass with the proposed amendment;' which amendment was read the first and second time by special order, assented to, and the bill ordered to be engrossed.

And delivered a bill originated in and passed by the Senate, entitled, An act to repeal an act, for the encouragement of iron manufacture within this province, which was read and referred to the committee on manufactures.

Also, a bill, for the relief of Charles Barr, of the city of Baltimore; which was read and referred to the committee on insolvency.

The door-keeper having returned, reported, that in obedience to order he had notified the absent members that their attendance in the house was required.

The house then resumed the consideration of the report of the committee.

Mr. Jenkins moved to amend the 7th resolution, by adding at the end thereof the following:—

'That our fellow-citizens of South Carolina, who remain faithful to the constitution and laws of the United States, are entitled to the protection of the General Government both for their property and for their persons.'

Resolved in the affirmative.

Mr. Nicols moved to amend the 8th resolution, by striking out after the word 'right,' in the third line, to the end of said resolution, and inserting in lieu thereof the following—

'And duty of the General Government to protect itself, and the other States, from the fatal consequences of any such attempt, which if successful, must end in the total destruction of the fair fabric of Government built up for us by the wisdom and devoted patriotism of our venerated ancestors.'

Mr. Harper moved to amend said amendment, by striking out these words, 'which if successful must end in the total destruction of the fair fabric of government built up for us by the wisdom and devoted patriotism of our venerated ancestors.'

Resolved in the affirmative.

The question then recurred upon the amendment, as amended—

Resolved in the affirmative.

Mr. Jenkins moved to amend the 9th resolution, by adding at the end thereof the following—

'Resolved that the proclamation of the President of the United States, is an appropriate and correct exposition of the true principles of our constitution and government, and deserves our approbation and support.'

Mr. Wright, of Dorchester, moved to amend the amendment proposed by Mr. Jenkins, by striking out all after the word resolved, and inserting in lieu thereof the following—

'That whilst we in a great measure approbate and sanction the views, doctrines and principles of the practical operation of our constitution and form of Government, as set forth by the President of the United States, in his proclamation, in relation to South Carolina, we are constrained to give our decided and unequivocal disapprobation to the doctrine and dangerous principles inculcated in his veto message in July last; as also our unqualified disapproval, and our unceasing and abiding opposition to his views and recommendations in his last annual message to congress, on the subject of the public lands.

Resolved, That we cordially approve of the provisions of the bill, which has twice passed the senate of the United States, appropriating for a limited time, the proceeds of the public lands among the several states for the object therein specified, and in the ratio therein provided.

Determined in the negative.

The question then recurred upon the adoption of the amendment as proposed by Mr. Jenkins.

Determined in the negative.—yeas 28, nays 39.

Mr. Jones moved to amend the 5th amendment reported by the committee, by inserting after the word 'State,' in the first line, the words 'or in the President of the United States.'

Determined in the negative.

On motion by Mr. Harris, the fifth amendment was amended, by adding at the end thereof the words 'and to protect the persons and property of the citizens thereof.'

Mr. Jenkins moved to amend the twelfth resolution, by adding at the end thereof the following—

And whereas it is right and proper that we should be animated by the same spirit of conciliation and mutual concession, which happily actuated the fathers of the Republic, in the formation of the National Constitution; and that whilst we condemn and utterly repudiate the violent and unconstitutional proceedings of the convention of South Carolina, we should not be unmindful of the actual condition of the patriotic minority in that State, nor insensible to the respectful and reiterated complaints, which they in common with the southern states generally have preferred against the acts of congress imposing duties, or imposts for the protection of manufactures, (which acts are represented by them to be in their operation upon them unequal, unjust, and oppressive,) but we ought, by acquiescing in the prudent and gradual modification of the said acts, to evince our willingness, to waive our own opinions as to questions of mere expediency, in order to promote the general harmony of the whole people, and preserve the union of the States.

Therefore, be it further resolved, That we do hereby recommend and advise and will witness with great satisfaction, an attempt by the General Government, in a spirit of compromise and conciliation to adjust the duties on imports, so as to give general satisfaction to the people and the States of the Union; and so that the whole scheme of duties be gradually and prospectively reduced to the revenue standard, as soon as a just regard to the faith of the Government and to the preservation of the large capital invested in establishments of domestic industry will permit.

Mr. Ely moved to amend the amendment proposed by Mr. Jenkins, by inserting in the third line after the word 'that' these words 'we believe that the Tariff laws are constitutional, and'

Determined in the negative.—yeas 24, nays 43.

The question then recurred upon the adoption of the amendment as proposed by Mr. Jenkins.

Determined in the negative.—yeas 25, nays 39.

Mr. Wright, of Queen Anne's, moved to amend the twelfth resolution, by adding at the end thereof the following—

Resolved, That the power assumed by the Congress of the United States, of enacting a tariff of duties on the importation of foreign goods and merchandize, beyond a sufficiency to meet the current expenses of the government, is no where to be found in the constitution; that it is fostering a spirit of monopoly, and giving a bounty to one class of citizens over another class, which in a government of equal rights, is not to be tolerated; that such legislation is calculated to loosen the bond of affection of the people for the Union, and to bring down on us, disunion and its inevitable consequence, civil war.

Resolved, That in enacting a tariff of duties for revenue purposes, the Congress had a right to prefer such articles as are absolutely necessary to our defence in time of war.

Determined in the negative.

Mr. Pratt called for the previous question.

Mr. Milbourne moved that the house adjourn.

Resolved in the affirmative.

The house accordingly adjourned.

Thursday, Feb. 7th 1833.

Mr. Heard submitted the following message:

Which was read, assented to and sent to the senate.

Gentlemen of the Senate.

We propose with the concurrence of your honourable body to unite the Military committee of each house for the purpose of examining conjointly a bill which was reported some days ago by the chairman of the military committee of this house.

Mr. Jenkins presented a petition of Benjamin Daffin and others of the city of Baltimore, praying that the bill to incorporate the Grand Lodge of the Order of Independent Odd Fellows, &c. may not be passed.

And, Mr. Turner presented a petition of Hugh O'Brien, praying a divorce from his wife, a vinculo matrimonii.

Mr. Hollman presented a petition of sundry citizens of Washington county, praying that the charter of the Chesapeake and Ohio Canal company, may be so amended as to allow said company, to sell their surplus water for manufacturing purposes.

Mr. Unkefer presented a petition of sundry citizens of Frederick and Baltimore counties, praying for an act to open a road therein mentioned.

Mr. Jenkins presented a petition of George Douglass, praying that the mayor and city council of Baltimore, may be authorised to extend Silver st. in said city, in an Easterly direction from Spring street, to the East side of Caroline street.

Mr. Harper presented a petition of Mary Ann Kirly, of the city of Baltimore, praying to be divorced from her husband Wm. Kirly.

Mr. Johns presented a petition of sundry citizens of Harford county, praying that Jane Taylor may be placed upon the pension list of said county.

Mr. Worthington presented a petition of Abraham Wampler, and others, heirs of John Wampler, deceased, praying a law may pass authorising the sale of certain real estate therein mentioned;

Mr. Mudd obtained leave to bring in a bill to prevent the unreasonable delays of justice, and accumulation of unnecessary law suits in the courts of this state.

Mr. Mudd also obtained leave to bring in a bill to facilitate the settlement of deceased estates, and for the better protection of widows and orphans.

Mr. Grove obtained leave to bring in a bill to make valid a certain deed therein mentioned.

Mr. Unkefer obtained leave to bring in a supplement to an act, to incorporate the Liberty Town Savings Institution.

Mr. Hollman obtained leave to bring in a bill for the benefit of George Fouke, Elizabeth Fouke and others, and for other purposes therein mentioned.

Mr. Compton obtained leave to bring in a bill to authorise the Chancellor of Maryland, to make valid a certain deed therein mentioned.

Mr. Cottman obtained leave to bring in a supplement to an act to incorporate the Steam Company, of Princess Anne, passed at December session, 1829, chap. 52.

Mr. Hollman obtained leave to bring in a bill to incorporate a Turnpike road company, in Washington county, and for other purposes therein mentioned.

On motion by Mr. Merrick,

Ordered, That the committee on grievances and courts of justice, be instructed and required to examine and report to this house the expediency of authorising a subscription on the part of the state, to a work proposed to be published by Judge Dorsey, of the first judicial district of this state, entitled, 'The Testamentary Law of Maryland.'

Mr. Harris submitted the following preamble and resolution,

Whereas this house by a vote on yesterday rejected a proposition expressing unqualified disapprobation of the recommendation of the President of the U. States to cede the public lands to the new states in which they are located, and it may possibly be inferred from this fact that this legislature are favourable to the course recommended by the President, and averse to the provisions of the bill which has lately passed the senate of the U. States;—and whereas it is the duty of this house, promptly to guard against such an inference, and to present an unequivocal expression of its opinion on this subject—Therefore,

Whereas the national domain was acquired by the blood and treasure of the whole American people, and therefore of right ought to enure for their common benefit.

And whereas the time will shortly arrive when the national debt will be paid off, and those lands thus relieved from their only pledge, will be liable to be appropriated for other purposes; and whereas the annual proceeds of the sales of said lands are estimated in official reports made to the Congress of the United States at the sum of $2,550,000; and whereas if the said proceeds shall be distributed upon sound principles of distributive justice among the several states of the Union, the state of Maryland would be entitled to receive annually the sum of $86,756 89, which sum would furnish her legislature with sufficient means to diffuse the blessings of education to the indigent, to construct her works of internal improvement, and effectually to proceed in the philanthropic policy of colonizing her free people of colour, without the necessity of any further imposition of taxes on her citizens—Therefore,

Be it resolved by the General Assembly of Maryland, That the recommendation by the President of the United States in his last annual message to Congress to cede the public lands to the new states in which they are located is impolitic, unjust, and highly injurious to the fair and legitimate claims of Maryland, and that it is our duty to those whom we represent, solemnly to protest against the adoption of such a policy, and at the same time earnestly to request our representatives in congress to give a zealous support to the passage of the bill, from the senate providing for the distribution of the proceeds of the sales of public lands amongst the several states and territories of this Union, now pending before the House of Representatives of the U. States

Which was read the first time, and ordered to lie on the table.

Mr. Pratt, from the committee on grievances and courts of justice, delivered the following report:

The committee to whom was referred the memorial of the Visitors and Governors of Saint John's College, have had the same under consideration, and being of opinion that the application of the memorialists is reasonable, and that great public benefits would result from a well conducted Seminary of Learning, located at the Seat of Government; and that a strong moral obligation rests on the state, as indicated by the facts and circumstances set forth in the memorial, to place the College, on whose behalf it is presented, on a much more favourable footing than it now is—beg leave, in accordance with the prayer of the memorial, to recommend to the general assembly, the adoption of the following resolution:

Resolved by the General Assembly of Maryland, That the treasurer of the western shore be, and he is hereby authorised and directed to pay to the Visitors and Governors of Saint John's College, or to their order, the sum of two thousand dollars, annually, in addition to the sum now payable to them.

Provided, That the same shall be accepted in full satisfaction of all legal or equitable claim, which the said Visitors and Governors may have, or be supposed to have, against the state.

(See fourth page.)

Maryland Gazette.

ANNAPOLIS,
Thursday, February [illegible], 1833.

A CARD.

The *Lectures on Natural Philosophy* at *St. John's College*, are discontinued for two weeks, to be resumed on the first Wednesday after Commencement.

SIMULTANEOUS MEETING OF TEMPERANCE SOCIETIES.

The attention of the friends of the Temperance Reformation, is earnestly requested to the resolution, passed at the late meeting of our State Society, approving of the proposition to hold meetings of all the Temperance Associations throughout the Union, on Tuesday, the 26th of the present month. Arrangements should be made for delivering Addresses, enlarging as much as possible the Societies already formed, and forming them in places where there are none. It is hoped that on this occasion the recommendation of the State Society, with respect to the nomination of Delegates to the Temperance Convention, to be held in Philadelphia in May next, and to the necessity of contributing to the funds of that Society, will not be forgotten. The important object of employing an Agent for the State can never be effected, neither can the debts incurred for printing be discharged without aid from the Auxiliary Societies.

☞ Editors in the State will subserve the cause of Temperance by publishing the above.

We extract the following graphic sketch of our city from a letter addressed to the Editor of the "Republican Banner," a neat and well conducted paper published at Williamsport, in this state:

"I am much pleased with the situation and appearance of Annapolis. There are here the vestiges of former wealth and the evidences of ancient grandeur. As a commercial place, it slumbers in the dust, though possessed of the best harbour on the Chesapeake — It only wants a line of internal communication connecting it with the upper country to raise it from its repose, and constitute it an active and wealthy emporium. It is a spot lovely for its antiquity, and the interesting associations which it presents to the mind, as well as for the beauty of its situation, and grandeur of the surrounding prospects, over land and water, so charmingly combined."

For the Maryland Gazette.

I was induced upon reading the memorial of the Visitors of the College to the Legislature, to ascertain what is the sum which the College might with strict justice claim of the state. A statement is easily made:

Amount of annuity from January 1806 (when the law withdrawing the funds commenced,) to 6th January, 1819—5 years 7 months 6 days,	$26,333 33	
Balance of annuity from 6th January, 1812 (the day on which the law allowing to the College $1,000 commenced its operation,) till 1824, when the proceeds of the lottery were invested,	12,000 00	
Balance of annuity from last day (January 6, 1824,) to January 6, 1833,	82,800 00	
Amount of principal	91,133 33	
Interest on the several annuities,	81,570 00	
	$182,903 33	

This is the sum which, since the repealing law, has been withholden from the College. It is understood that the authors of this law became sensible that the act was unjust, and perhaps very few of those who voted for the repeal could have been induced so to vote, if the subject had been correctly understood by them.

The obligation of the state to appropriate this fund to education was never questioned, and the repealing law contained a pledge that it should be so appropriated.

It was enacted (1805, ch. 85,) that "the said sums respectively, shall be and remain in the treasury subject to the appropriation of the legislature *to literary purposes*, and for disseminating learning in the several counties of this state, and *not to other or different purposes*." "Honesty is the best policy." Neither the state treasury nor the primary schools has gained any thing by this breach of the public faith. Men who are opposed to colleges or the liberal endowment of them, never are disposed to build up useful county schools. County schools are of less value now than they were then: suitable teachers for inferior schools are now rarely to be found. He is an *ignoramus* indeed, who does not know that without a college and a suitable provision for the instruction of teachers, our primary school fund will never be of benefit to the rich or the poor; and the day is not far distant when the school fund being found to be useless for want of good teachers, will be *withdrawn* in order to apply it to far different purposes.

L.

MAINE.

A joint committee of the Maine Legislature have made a report on the South Carolina documents, submitted to them. The following are the three leading resolutions:

Resolved, That we are not insensible to the wrongs and sufferings of our brethren of South Carolina under the unjust and oppressive burthens imposed upon them by the tariff of high protective duties. But while we deplore their grievances, and are ready to unite with them in any and every peaceful and lawful mode of redress, we cannot nor will we give our countenance and support to their projected scheme for relief. We regard nullification as neither a safe, peaceable, or constitutional remedy; but as unsound and dangerous in theory, and in practice tending directly to civil commotion, disunion and anarchy. We [illegible] as unsound and dangerous in theory, and in practice tending directly to civil commotion, disunion and anarchy. We [illegible] precipitate [illegible] revolutionary measures, and [illegible] of the Union.

Resolved, That [illegible] Congress [illegible] so far as [illegible] are passed palpably and solely for the purpose of protecting and fostering particular branches of industry, are unequal in their operation, and contrary to the spirit, true intent and meaning of the federal compact.

Resolved, That it is due to a spirit of mutual conciliation, to the demands of justice, to a decent regard for the opinions and interests of large portions of the community, and absolutely necessary to the preservation of the Union, that the tariff laws should be gradually but speedily abated to the imposition of such duties only as are required for the purposes of a revenue sufficient to defray the ordinary expenses of the General Government confined to its appropriate objects and economically administered.

The U. S. sloop of war *Vincennes*, at Portsmouth, N. H. we learn, is fitting for sea with all possible expedition; and the *Boston*, *Erie* and frigate *Constitution* at the Navy Yard Charlestown, are ordered to be put in readiness for sea.

We observe that the Government is forwarding munitions of war by every opportunity, for the new fortifications in Charleston harbour. The fine new brig General Sumpter, now fitting out by Messrs. Back & Hedrick as a regular packet between this and Charleston, is taking on board a number of gun carriages calculated for long eighteen and twenty four pounders.—*Balt. Amer.*

The Charleston correspondent of the Norfolk Beacon, under date of the 5th inst says:

"Mr. Letcher, the commissioner from Virginia, dined with the Governor yesterday, and to-day they are riding out together. This looks well. A gentleman has just informed me that an attempt was made yesterday to administer the *Test Oath* to the City Guard, but every one refused to take it; consequently, they were all discharged, and the city guarded last night by a volunteer company. No other news at present."

Melancholy Accident.—In Garrard county, Ky. on the 11th ult. the dwelling house of Mrs. Pollard was consumed by fire, and three of her daughters lost their lives.

CHESAPEAKE AND OHIO CANAL.

We learn with pleasure, from a source to be entirely relied upon, that the progress of the work upon the Chesapeake and Ohio Canal has been such within a few months past, as to exceed expectation, and agreeably to disappoint most of those who are engaged in it. During the month of May ensuing, we learn that the water will be admitted into the whole line of the canal from tide-water to the head of Harper's Ferry Falls, so as to make the whole distance navigable at once. The workmen are putting the coping on the aqueduct across the Monocacy, which is said to be a splendid structure, not excelled if equalled by any thing of the kind in the United States, and in two weeks that work will be completed. We learn further, that more than one half of the lockage to Cumberland is overcome in reaching the head of Harper's Ferry Falls, though that is but one-third of the distance.—*Nat. Int.*

INDIANS.

We have seen reports going the round of the papers, that the Indians on the upper Mississippi were agitating the question of a league, with a view to another war upon our frontiers. We do not believe the rumour; but we cannot doubt but those with whom it originated, are much in love with the public disbursements, and would fain continue them.

A letter from a gentleman at Chicago to Mr. Brewster, dated January 1, says:—"It has been so reported that the Indians are again becoming troublesome, and preparing for war; but it is false—they dare not take the field again. Some brawling white men had a dispute with the Indians on the Illinois river, which was immediately magnified into a war; and a company of rangers have gone from Danville to Hennipen to keep the peace."

Detroit paper.

EXECUTION OF A TURKISH TRAITOR

Into this space two men stepped from the body of the guard; one, old and ugly, and meanly dressed; the other, young and handsome, and richly attired in the old costume. The office of one of them was not doubtful by the long staghan in his hand, the other, by his firm step, and the unconcerned air with which he glanced around, might have passed for the provost marshal, had not his manner soon announced that he was destined to act a more important part, and he knew it, for he knelt down without prompting, and suffered his thumbs to be tied behind him with a piece of string, that he might not involuntarily interfere with the operation. The executioner then took off his turban, tied up Mohamed's lock, and adjusted the denounced head in the most favourable position for displaying his skill, desiring the owner to hold it steady.—So peculiarly adapted is the eastern costume, having no collars, to the despatch of headcutting, as to make it probable that it was originally adopted by slavish courtiers as symbolic of their necks being always ready. This preparation did not occupy two minutes, during which it was uncertain which of the two showed greatest coolness. Drawing then his staghan, the executioner held it up in the act to strike, and in this position recited the offence—"conspiracy," &c. It was an awful picture; a moment of breathless excitement to all present excepting the two actors, the one of whom, the most interested in the event, appearing the most careless. Being [illegible] courage my soul." He repeated [illegible] words, with some others to the same purport, when the [illegible] of the law, [illegible] commanded, "[illegible] ready." The [illegible] fellow, with an energy of tone which showed that his spirit already saw the shark eyed girls, promptly answered, ready. The moment after, his head, struck off by one blow, was rolling in the dust. The blood instantaneously gushed out of the body, the neck slightly palpitated; life vanished with the rapidity of thought.—*Slade's Travels in Turkey.*

In *The Life of a Sailor* is a narrative of a wreck of a vessel off the Havana. The crew took to the boat which upset; they succeeded in righting her, and while two men were bailing her with their hats a shark was seen to approach. No language can convey an idea of the panic which seized the struggling seamen. Every man now strove the more to obtain a moment's safety. Well they knew that one drop of blood would have been scented by the everlasting pilot fish, the jackalls of the shark: and that their destruction was inevitable if one only of these monsters should discover the rich repast or be led to its food by the little rapid hunter of its prey. A few minutes after, about 15 sharks came right amongst them. The boat was again upset by the simultaneous endeavours to escape danger, and the 22 sailors were again devoted to destruction. At first the sharks did not seem inclined to seize their prey, but swam in amongst the men playing in the water, sometimes leaping about and rubbing against their victims. This was of short duration. A loud shriek from one of the men announced his sudden pain; a shark had seized him by the leg, and severed it entirely from the body. No sooner had the blood been tasted than the dreaded attack took place: another and another shriek proclaimed the loss of limbs. Some were torn from the boat, to which they vainly endeavoured to cling—some it was supposed sunk from fear alone. The sharks had tasted the blood, and were not to be driven from their feast. By great exertion again the boat was righted, and two men were in her: the rest had all perished. The two survivors resolved with gallant hearts, to redouble their exertions. They lightened the boat sufficiently not to be overset. The voracious monsters endeavoured to upset the boat, they swam by its side in seeming anxiety for their prey; but after waiting some time they separated. The two rescued seamen, in spite of the horrors they had witnessed, soon fell asleep, and were the next day, fortunately picked up by a vessel.

A Boy's Letter.—The following genuine piece of humour is from Hood's Comic Annual, an entitled and epistle from a country boy to his friend in town:—

Now Bob, I'll tell you what I want. I want you to come down here for the holidays. Don't be afraid. Ask your sister to ask your mother to ask your father to let you come. It's only ninety mile. The two prentices, George and Will, are here to be made farmers of; and brother Nick is took home from school to help in agriculture. We like farming very much; it's capital fun. Us four have got a gun and go out a shooting; it's a famous good one, and sure to go off if you dont full cock it. Tiger is to be our shooting dog as soon as he has left off killing the sheep. He's a real savage, and worries cats beautiful. Before father comes down, we mean to bait our bull with him.—There's plenty of New Rivers about, and we're going a fishing as soon as we have mended our top joint. We've a pony too to ride upon, when we catch him: but he's loose in the padlock, and has neither main nor tail to signify to lay hold of. Isn't it prime Bob? You must come.—If your mother wont give your father leave to allow you—run away. Remember you turn up Goswell street to go to Lincolnshire, and ask for Middlefen hall. There's a pond full of frogs but we wont pelt them till you come; but let it be before Sunday, as there's our own orchard to rob, and the fruits to be gathered on Monday. If you like sucking raw eggs, we know where the hens lay, and mother don't; and I'm bound there's lots of birds nests. Do come, Bob, and I'll show you the wasp's nest and every thing that can make you comfortable. I dare say you could borrow your father's volunteer musket of him without his knowing of it; but be sure any how to bring the ramrod, as we have mislaid ours by firing it off.

Pickpockets.—The qualifications for a pickpocket are a light tread, a delicate sense of touch, combined with firm nerves. These boys may be known by their shoes in the street; they generally wear pumps, or shoes of a very light make, having long quarters. There is about their countenance an affected determination of purpose, and they walk forword, beat as if on some object of business; it is a rule with them never to stop in the street. When they want to confer for a moment they drop into some by court or alley, where they will fix on an object of attack, as the people pass down a main street; when they start off in the same manner, the boy going first, to do what they call "staning," that is, to pick the pocket. First-rate hands never on any occasion loiter in the streets, unless at a procession, or any exhibition, when there is an excuse for so doing. To these qualifications they unite a quick sight, and a tact of observing when the attention is engaged, or of devising some means to engage it themselves, until the act is done.—They are most busy in foggy weather. When in prison, they will be heard to say on such days, "What a shame to lose such a fine day as this!" *Frat. Mag.*

MARYLAND LEGISLATURE.

HOUSE OF DELEGATES.

[illegible] sundry [illegible] amendment to a certain act therein [illegible] named.

Mr. Ely presented a petition of William Scharf of Baltimore county, praying relief as therein mentioned.

Mr. Chandlee presented a petition of Henry W. Carvill, and George S. Holliday, Executors of John W. Carvill, praying to be allowed to introduce certain slaves into this state.

Mr. Ellicott presented a petition of Charles W. Dorsey, and others, relating to the construction of a bridge over the Patapsco Falls at Ellicot's old upper Mills.

Mr. Hollman presented a petition of sundry citizens of Washington county, praying for a law authorising them to make a turnpike road, in said county.

Mr. Edelen presented a petition of George G. Coe, of Prince George's county, praying the redress of grievances therein mentioned.

Mr. Slicer presented a petition of sundry citizens of Allegany county, praying that the legislature will take such measures, compatible with the public faith, as will compel the Canal company to permit on the terms recommended by the resolution of the last general assembly, the passage of the Rail-road through the narrow passes specified.

Mr. Slicer presented a petition of sundry citizens of Allegany county, praying a law may pass authorising the United States to make a partial change in the location of a part of the national road, in said county, and complete the making of the same.

Mr. Bruce presented a petition of George Calmes, and others, citizens of Allegany county, praying that the act creating a medical and Chirurgical Faculty in the state of Maryland, so far as the same relates to Allegany county, may be repealed.

Mr. Hammond presented a petition of James McAtee of Frederick county, praying pecuniary relief;

And, Mr. Knight presented a petition of Elizabeth Walmsley, of Cecil county, praying to be placed on the pension list of said county.

Mr. Hollman presented a petition of George Fouke, Elizabeth Fouke, Henry Fouke and Lewis Fouke, of Washington county, praying for a special act, requiring the court of appeals to open the judgment entered in a certain case therein mentioned, and to give to the petitioners an opportunity of arguing said case before that tribunal.

Mr. Kent presented a memorial of the trustees of the Lower Marlborough Academy, in Calvert county, praying the repeal of a resolution therein mentioned.

Mr. Schley presented a petition of John Wachter of Frederick county, praying to be divorced a vinculo matrimonii, from his wife, Sophia Wachter.

And, Mr. Johns presented a petition of Joshua Guyton, Sheriff of Harford county, praying remuneration for services therein mentioned.

The clerk of the Senate returned the bill, for the relief Thomas S Clarke, of Anne Arundel county;

Also, the bill, relating to the duties of commissioners of Anne Arundel county, severally endorsed, 'will pass;' ordered to be engrossed;

Also, the supplement to an act, to provide for the public printing of the state, passed December session, 1831, chapter 503, endorsed 'will pass with the proposed amendments;' which amendments were severally read the first time and ordered to lie on the table;

Also, the bill, for the benefit of the representatives of William Chilton, late of Caroline county, deceased, endorsed, 'will not pass;'

And, delivered a bill, originated in, and passed by the Senate, entitled, An act to authorise the Governor and Council, to appoint Directors of the Banks therein mentioned.

Also, a supplement to the act, entitled, An act to amend and reduce into one system the laws to direct descents.

Mr. Ellicott obtained leave to bring in a bill, to repeal part of an act, passed at December session, 1828, chapter 29.

Mr. Harding obtained leave to bring in A further supplement to the act, to allow Adam Robb, Executor of Upton Beall, late clerk of Montgomery county, further time to complete certain records, passed at December session 1828, chapter 2.

Mr. Miller asked leave to bring in a bill, to authorise William Smith of Charles county, to bring into this state, from the state of Virginia, certain negro slaves therein mentioned.

Mr. Jenkins reported a bill, to establish a Banking Institution at Fells Point, in the city of Baltimore;

Which was read; and

On motion by Mr. Teackle, referred to the committee on ways and means.

Mr. Mudd reported a bill, to prevent the unreasonable delay of justice, and accumulation of unnecessary law suits, in the courts of this state.

Mr. Compton chairman of the committee on divorces, reported a bill to divorce Sarah Gilmore, of the city of Baltimore, from her husband David S. Barnum.

Mr. Hope reported a bill to make valid the deed of conveyance therein mentioned.

Mr. Compton, chairman of the committee on divorces, reported a bill to divorce Albert G. Franciscus and his wife Eliza J. Franciscus, of the city of Baltimore;

And Mr. Louthan reported a bill to incorporate a company to make a Turnpike road from such point as the Somerset and Cumberland Turnpike Company of Pennsylvania, shall fix upon, at the Pennsylvania line, to the public square;

The hour for taking up the order of the day having arrived, the house resumed the unfi[illegible]

[illegible] 26th, 1833.

The Speaker laid [illegible] a report of the Treasurer [illegible] in obedience to an order [illegible] last.

Which was read and is as follows:

[illegible]

To the Honourable the House of Delegates.

Gentlemen,

In obedience to your order of yesterday, I have the honour to report that

The penalty actually paid by the state to account of the subscription to the stock of the Baltimore & Ohio Rail Road Company, has been paid for interest on 4½ per cent. stock of the State, issued for the payment of that subscription; and its amount is $855.

The company has recently declared its first dividend, and its amount for the State, is understood to be $1000, and to be payable on or after the 20th instant.

With great respect, gentlemen,
Your obedient servant,
GEORGE MACKUBBIN, Treas. W. S. M.

Mr. Jenkins presented a petition of Clark and Kellogg, and others, masters, owners and consignees of coasting vessels, in the city of Baltimore, praying for an alteration in the pilot laws of this State.

Also presented a memorial of James L. Casey, of the city of Baltimore, proposing and explaining a new scheme for drawing the State Lotteries, and recommending it to the adoption of the Legislature;

Mr. Schley presented a petition of the President and Directors of the Bank of Westminster, praying for the passage of a bill, for the benefit of the Bank of Westminster, in Frederick county.

Also, presented a petition of sundry inhabitants of Frederick county, praying for the passage of a bill, entitled, An act relating to the Stone Church House, commonly called the Manor Church in Frederick county.

Mr. Garrettson presented a petition of the Trustees of the Millington Academy, in Kent county, praying a donation.

Mr. Johns presented a petition of the Trustees of the Alms house of Harford county, praying the passage of a law authorising the commissioners of said county, to levy a sum of money for purposes therein mentioned.

Mr. Jump presented a petition of David Orrell, of Caroline county, praying for an act, authorising the judges of Caroline county, to order a commission on certain lands therein mentioned.

Mr. Hammond presented a petition of sundry citizens of Creagerstown, in Frederick county, praying for an act to prevent the playing of long bullets in said town.

Mr. Forwood presented a petition of sundry citizens of Harford county, praying for a law to call a convention.

Mr. Unkefer presented a petition of George Whitmore, and Elizabeth, his wife, and others, of Frederick county, praying that said George Whitmore and Elizabeth his wife, may be placed on the pension list of said county.

Mr. George A. Thomas, presented petitions of sundry citizens of Cecil county, praying that a new election district may be laid off in said county.

Mr. Larrimore presented a petition of sundry citizens of School District No. 23, in Queen Anne's county, praying the passage of a law to authorise the inhabitants of said district, to tax the property in said district, to establish a school therein.

Mr. Lantz presented a petition of William Harnes, of Allegany county, praying the passage of an act, authorising him to remove into this state, from the state of Virginia, a certain negro slave therein mentioned.

Also presented a petition of sundry citizens of the city of Baltimore, setting forth the propriety of the State granting aid for the building a bridge across the Yohiogany river in Allegany county, praying an appropriation to effect the same.

Mr. Ely obtained leave to bring in a supplement to an act to provide for the distribution of that part of the School Fund, which is appropriated to Baltimore county, passed at December session 1828, chapter 185.

Mr. Cottman, from the committee made a favourable report upon the bill from the Senate, entitled, An act to authorise the Governor and council to appoint directors of the banks therein mentioned.

Which was read.

The clerk of the senate, returned the bill to authorise the commissioners of Washington county, to build a stone bridge across Antietam creek, on the road leading from Funkstown to Williamsport, where the old wooden bridge now stands.

Also, the bill to authorise the Trustees of Saint Patrick's church, in the city of Baltimore, to hold certain property;

Also, the bill for the relief of William C. Weatherby of Baltimore county, severally endorsed, 'will pass,' ordered to be engrossed;

Also, the bill for the incorporation of the Grand Lodge of the state of Maryland, of the order of Independent Odd Fellows;

Also, the bill to incorporate the Patapsco Savings Institution at Ellicotts Mills, severally endorsed 'will pass with the proposed amendments;'

Which amendments were severally read the first and second time by special order, severally assented to, and the bills ordered to be engrossed;

And delivered the following message:

Gentlemen of the House of Delegates,

We have received the message from your honourable body, proposing to fix on the [illegible] day of March next, as the day for [illegible]

believing that all the business before the house at the present session may be [illegible]

Mr. Merrick reported a bill [illegible] the mode of [illegible] county courts, and summoning of jurors in the several counties of this state.

Mr. Wenst reported a bill authorising the moderation and [illegible] of Hagerstown, to levy on [illegible] property of said town, a sum of money for the purposes therein named.

Mr. Elliott reported a bill to repeal part of an act passed at December session 1829, cap. 21.

Mr. Cottman reported a supplement to an act to provide for the erection of a building for the accommodation of Somerset county court.

And Mr. Gault, chairman of the committee on inspections, reported a bill providing for the appointment of a weigher of wheat in the city of Baltimore, and prescribing his duties.

On motion by Mr. Compton, the house took up for consideration the bill reported by him from the committee on divorce, entitled, An act to divorce Sarah Gilmore of the city of Baltimore, from her husband David S. Barnum.

The said bill was read the second time and passed.

The hour for taking up the order of the day having arrived, the house resumed the consideration of the unfinished business of yesterday, being the substitute proposed by Mr. Jones, for the report of the joint committee, on the subject of the South Carolina Ordinance.

On the question being put, will the house adopt the substitute, it was

Determined in the negative.

The question then recurred and was put, on the adoption of the report of the committee.

Resolved in the affirmative.

On motion by Mr. Merrick, the yeas and nays were ordered, and appeared as follows:

AFFIRMATIVE.

Messrs. Speaker Thomas, Harris, Blakistone, Hayne, Chandler, Wickes, Garrettson, Duvall of A. A Compton, Billingslf, Brewer, Hobbs, Roberts, Larrimore, Bourke, Hearn, Milbourne, Powell, Foreman, Somerville, Merrick, Millar, Rogerson, Mudd, Turner, Ely, Holmes, Stevens, Mullikin, Dudley, Teackle, Nicols, Wright, of Dorchester, Richardson, of Dor. George A. Thomas, Evans, Knight, Edelen, Gantt, Unkefer, Schley, Hammond, Johns, Hope, Forwood, Carter, Jump, Mann, Holliman, Grove, Weast, White, Harding, Willson, Gittings, Lantz, Louthan, Bruce, Slicer—59

NEGATIVE.

Mr. Jones

On motion by Mr. Jones,

Mr. Jenkins obtained leave of the house, to enter on the journal his dissent from the passage of the bill, to divorce Sarah Gilmore, of the city of Baltimore, from her husband David S. Barnum, a vinculo matrimonii.

The house then adjourned.

Monday, Feb. 11th 1833.

Mr. Carter presented a petition of Sarah Saterfield, of Caroline county, praying to be divorced from her husband James Saterfield;

Mr. Wright of Dorchester, presented a petition of Samuel Raitt Creighton, of Dorchester county, praying that his name may be changed to Samuel Raitt Keene;

Mr. Nicols presented a petition of sundry citizens of Dorchester and Caroline counties, praying for authority to change a part of the divisional line between said counties, at or near the village of Federalsburgh.

Mr. Lantz presented a petition of Rezin V. Hook, of Allegany county, praying a special act authorising the sale of certain real estate in said county, for the promotion of the interest of certain devisees named in the will of John S. Hook, late of Allegany county deceased.

Mr. Roberts presented a petition of Gerald Coursey and others, of Queen Anne's county, praying the repeal of the acts of Assembly, authorising gates to be kept on the public road of said county, and the privileges of erecting the same free from tax.

Mr. Harding presented a petition of Alfred Lee, of the state of Ohio, (now confined in the Jail of Montgomery county,) praying for a special act of insolvency.

Mr. Hope presented a petition of sundry citizens of Harford county, praying the passage of a law to call a Convention of the people of Maryland;

And, Mr. Unkefer presented a petition of Frederick Stembel, George Titlow and others, of Frederick county, praying for a Convention, to reform the constitution of the state.

The speaker laid before the house a report of the sheriff of Worcester county, relative to monies paid into the treasury of the eastern shore, within the year ending on the 30th of November, 1832,

Mr. Hope obtained leave to bring in a further supplement to the act for the distribution of a certain fund for the purpose of establishing free schools, in the several counties therein mentioned, so far as relates to Harford county.

Mr. Unkefer obtained leave to bring in a supplement to an act to authorise the Levy court of Frederick county, to appoint commissioners for the purposes therein mentioned.

On motion by Mr. Nicols,

Ordered, That the daily hour of meeting of this house, be changed from ten to nine o'clock A. M.

Mr. Merrick, chairman of the committee on Internal Improvement, delivered a report: Which was read.

Messrs. Bruce and White, asked and obtained leave of the house to enter upon the journal, their dissent from the report of the committee on internal improvement, on the memorial of the Chesapeake and Ohio Canal

Company, and the memorial [illegible]

Mr. Nicols reported a bill for the incorporation of [illegible] number nineteen, of the order of Independent Odd Fellows.

Mr. Elliott reported a bill [illegible] to the act to allow Aquila [illegible] of Upton Beall, late sheriff of Montgomery county, further time to complete certain records, passed at December session 1829, chap. 21.

Mr. Schley reported a bill, for the benefit of the Bank of Westminster, in Frederick county.

And Mr. Grove reported a bill to authorise the clerk of Washington county, to record the deed therein mentioned.

The clerk of the senate delivered a bill originated in and passed by the senate, entitled, a supplement to the act, entitled an act, vesting certain powers in the President of the United States;

Which was read and referred to the committee on internal improvement.

Also, delivered a memorial of Lewis Motter and others, praying for the passage of an act relating to the Westminster, Taneytown and Emmittsburgh Turnpike Road Company, endorsed referred to the consideration of the house of Delegates.

The resolution in favour of James Harrison of Wm., of Talbot county;

And the resolutions relative to the Ordinance of Nullification, of South Carolina; were sent to the senate.

On motion by Mr. Harper, the house took up for consideration the report of the committee of grievances and courts of justice, relative to a work on the testamentary law of the state of Maryland, proposed to be published by the honourable Clement Dorsey, associate judge of the first judicial district.

Mr. Nicols moved to amend the resolution by striking out in the fourth line, the words, 'two hundred, and insert in lieu thereof 'one hundred and fifty.'

On motion by Mr. Turner, the house was called, and the door-keeper sent for the absent members.

On motion by Mr. Teackle, the house resolved to proceed with the ordinary business of the session, during the absence of the door-keeper.

On motion by Mr. Rogerson, the house took up for consideration, the favourable report of the committee on pensions and revolutionary claims, upon the petition of Sally Hillman, widow of William Hillman, a revolutionary soldier.

The said report was then read the second time, concurred in, and the resolution therein contained, assented to.

The bill reported by Mr. Compton, entitled, An act, giving compensation to jurors in cases of forcible entry and detainer, was taken up for consideration.

When on motion of Mr. Turner, said bill was ordered to lie on the table.

The bill from the senate, entitled, an act to authorise the court of Dorchester county, to make valid the sale of certain real estate, to Anthony Thompson, by commissioners therein named,

Was taken up for consideration, read the second time and passed.

The door-keeper having returned, reported that in obedience to order, he had notified the absent members that their attendance in the house was required.

The house then resumed the consideration of the report of the committee on grievances and courts of justice, relative to a work on the testamentary law of the State of Maryland, proposed to be published by the honourable Judge Dorsey, of the first judicial district, and the amendment proposed by Mr. Nicols.

On motion by Mr. Merrick, said report was ordered to lie on the table.

The bill reported by Mr. Teackle, chairman of the committee on ways and means, entitled, A further additional supplement to the act of December session 1827, chapter 117, to regulate the issuing of licenses to traders, keepers of ordinaries, and others, was taken up for consideration.

Mr. Millar, moved to amend said bill, by adding at the end of third section, the words, 'except cider.'

Mr. Turner, moved to amend the amendment proposed by Mr. Millar, by adding at the end thereof these words, 'which may not be mixed with spirituous liquors, commonly called cider royal.'

Resolved in the affirmative.

Mr. Teackle moved further to amend the amendment, by inserting after the word 'cider,' the words, 'made by the person offering to vend the same.'

On motion,

The house then adjourned.

Tuesday, Feb. 12th 1833.

Mr. Lantz presented a petition of sundry citizens of Allegany county, praying a law may pass authorising the commissioners of said county, to purchase land and erect a poor house thereon.

Mr. Lantz, also presented a petition of John B. Armistead, praying a special act, granting him permission to pay into the treasury, the amount of composition money, that ought to have been paid on or before the 20th of December 1832.

Also, presented a petition of sundry citizens of Allegany county, praying aid from the state to erect a bridge across the Youghogany, in said county.

Mr. Ellicott presented a petition of Richard Cromwell and others, praying the passage of a law to make public a road therein mentioned.

Mr. Johns presented a petition of sundry citizens of Harford county, praying the passage of a law to build a bridge over Winters run, at or near the crossing place, on the road leading from Gunpowder neck to Belle-Air.

Mr. Harper presented a petition of Edwd. Nicholas of the city of Baltimore, praying to be divorced [illegible] Mary Nicholas.

Mr. Sherwood presented a petition of Talbot Bayly, and others, praying [illegible] Assembly, [illegible] of the county of Talbot.

Mr. Harper presented a petition of sundry citizens of Baltimore county, praying a reform of the constitution, of this state, which was read and referred to the committee on the constitution.

Mr. Harper presented a petition of John P. Commo[illegible] and others, of Alexandria, District of Columbia, praying to be allowed to introduce negroes into this state, for the fisheries along the Potomac.

And, Mr. Hammond presented a petition of William B. Tyler, of Frederick county, praying for the passage of an act, authorising the county court of Frederick county, to appoint a guardian to have care and custody of the person and estate of his son G. M. Tyler.

Mr. Hoffman obtained leave to bring in a bill for the benefit of John Hamilton, George Hamilton, Jane Rench, Thomas Rench, Sarah Bowen, and William Bowen, and for purposes therein mentioned.

Mr. Harper from the joint committee on the library, presented a copy from the records of Accomack county, Virginia, of Col. Edmund Scarbrugh's account of proceedings in an expedition from Virginia to Annamessecks and Menoakin, pursuant to an act of the Grand Assembly of Virginia, in the year 1663;

Which was read. And,

On motion by Mr. Harper, five hundred copies were ordered to be printed, under the superintendance of the Librarian.

Mr. Gantt, chairman of the committee on inspections, made an unfavourable report upon the order of the house, requiring them to enquire into the expediency of authorising the inspection of salted bacon, cured or brought into the city of Baltimore.

Mr. Jump reported a bill for the relief of David Orrell and others, of Caroline county.

Which was read the first and second time by special order, and passed.

Mr. Wright of Dorchester, reported a bill, to alter and change the name of Samuel Raitt Creighton of Dorchester county. And,

Mr. Johns reported a bill, authorising the commissioners of Harford county, to levy a sum of money for purposes therein mentioned.

On motion by Mr. Bourke, the house took up for consideration the bill from the senate, entitled, an act to alter the time of the meeting of the general assembly of this state and for other purposes.

The said bill was then read the second time, and rejected.

On motion by Mr. Harris, the house took up for consideration the report of the committee of grievances and courts of justice, relative to a work on the testamentary law of the state of Maryland, proposed to be published by the Honourable Clement Dorsey, associate judge of the first judicial district, and the amendment proposed by Mr. Nicols, to strike out the words 'two hundred,' and insert 'one hundred and fifty.'

The question was then put, will the house adopt the amendment as proposed by Mr. Nicols,

Resolved in the affirmative.

Mr. Nicols moved further to amend said resolution, by striking out in the *ninth* line thereof, these words, 'six dollars per copy,' and insert in lieu thereof, the words, five dollars per copy."

Determined in the negative.

The said resolution was then read the second time, as amended and assented to,

The house then proceeded to consider the second order of the day, being the report of the select committee on the State Bank question.

On motion by Mr. Jenkins, the house was called and the door-keeper sent for the absent members.

On motion by Mr. Jenkins, the house resolved to proceed with the ordinary business of the session during the absence of the door keeper.

On motion by Mr. Holmes, the house took up for consideration the bill reported by him entitled, an act to incorporate the South Baltimore company.

The said bill was then read the second time and passed.

The door keeper having returned, reported that in obedience to order, he had notified the absent members that their attendance in the house was required.

The house then resumed the consideration of the order of the day, being the report of the select committee on the State Bank question;

The first resolution was assented to.

On motion by Mr. Jenkins, the second resolution was amended, by striking out from the word 'income,' in the second line, to the end of said resolution.

Mr. Jenkins moved further to amend said resolution by inserting after the word 'sovereignty,' in the second line, the words, 'when properly managed may become.'

Mr. Jones moved to amend the amendment proposed by Mr. Jenkins, by striking out the words 'when properly managed.'

Determined in the negative.

The question then recurred upon the adoption of the amendment.

Resolved in the affirmative.

The question was then put, will the house assent to the resolution as amended.

Resolved in the affirmative.

Mr. Jenkins moved to amend the third resolution, by striking out these words, 'the undue proportion which the mass of property bears to the capital of [illegible] Circulation, and'

Determined in the negative.

Mr. Bl[illegible] moved to amend said resolution, by [illegible] the word 'government,' in the fifth line to the end of said resolution.

The said resolution was then assented to as amended.

Mr. Turner moved to amend the fifth resolution by adding at the end thereof the following:

Provided, That no part of the funds which are at this time, or may hereafter be placed in any of the institutions within this state shall be withdrawn therefrom, for the support of this State Institution, until it shall be (ready to commence) in full and complete operation.

Determined in the negative.

On motion by Mr. Pratt, said resolution was amended by striking out from the word expedient, in the eleventh line, to the end of said resolution, and inserting in lieu thereof the words, 'to establish a State Bank.'

The question was then put will the house assent to the resolution as amended.

Determined in the negative.

The clerk of the senate returned the bill, to extend the provisions of the act of Assembly, passed at December session, 1829, chapter 147, entitled, An act for the relief of Duncan Stone, of Kent county, an alien;

Also, the bill, to amend certain acts therein mentioned, and for other purposes, severally endorsed, 'will pass,' ordered to be engrossed;

Also, the bill, to authorise the recording of certain deeds therein mentioned, and for other purposes, endorsed, 'will not pass.'

Also, a resolution authorising the Register of the Land office to issue a patent to Elisha Wright, on two certificates of resurvey, endorsed, 'assented to with the proposed amendments.'

Which amendments were severally read the first and second time by special order, assented to, and ordered to be engrossed.

And, delivered a bill originated in and passed by the senate, entitled, An act to authorise certain improvements in the eastern part of the city of Baltimore.

The house then adjourned.

HYMENEAL.

MARRIED, on Tuesday evening last, at the residence of Dr. Newbern, by the Rev. Mr. Kalbfus, Mr. NATHAN WARFIELD, to Miss CAROLINE B. HAMMOND, both of Anne-Arundel county.

OBITUARY.

Died, on Tuesday morning, after a long illness, Mr. GERARD R. COWMAN, of this county.

ANNAPOLIS LIBRARY.

ALL persons having Books, Periodicals, or Newspapers, belonging to the Annapolis Library Company, are requested to return them immediately They may be sent to the Reading Room at any time between the hours of 3 and 5 P. M. or be left with either of the Directors.

Feb. 14. R

PUBLIC SALE.

BY virtue of an order of the Orphans Court of Charles county, the subscriber will sell at Public Sale, on MONDAY, the 25th instant, at 3 o'clock P. M. at the Court House, in the city of Annapolis, all the

PERSONAL ESTATE

of John Harris, late of Charles county, deceased, now in the city of Annapolis, consisting in part of a very good LAW LIBRARY, and other Books, which formerly belonged to the late Thomas Harris, Esq.

TERMS OF SALE.—For all sums of $10 or upwards, six months credit will be given, the purchaser giving his note with good security, with interest from the day of sale; for all sums under $10 the Cash will be required.

JO. HARRIS. Adm'r.
of John Harris.

Mr. Green, the Clerk of the County, will show the Books.

Feb. 14

TRUSTEE'S SALE.

BY virtue of a decree of the Court of Chancery, the subscriber, as trustee, will sell at public sale, to the highest bidder, on SATURDAY the 9th day of March next, at 12 o'clock M. on the premises, part of a

TRACT OF LAND

lying in Anne Arundel county, and containing 331¼ acres, more or less. This Land is at present owned by the children of the late Dr. Mathias Hammond. It is about seventeen miles from the city of Annapolis, and in the vicinity of the road from Annapolis to Waterloo, and adjacent to the lands owned by Jesse Wheat, William Short, and John Pomphrey. It is covered with fine timber; a stream of water passes through the land, affording a most eligible seat for a Grist and Saw mill.

THE TERMS OF SALE ARE—That the purchaser shall give bond, with security, to the trustee, for payment of the purchase money, with interest, in two years from the day of sale.

THOS. S. ALEXANDER, Trustee.

Feb. 14. ts

NOTICE.

THE subscriber as Adm'x. of Jas. Holland, having appointed Mr. Richard C. Hardesty her Agent, requests those indebted to the estate of her late Husband to make payment to him, who is authorised to settle the estate.

ANNE HOLLAND.

Dec. 20.

TRUSTEE'S SALE.

BY virtue of a decree of the Court of Chancery, the subscriber will sell at public sale, to the highest bidder, on SATURDAY the 9th day of March next, at 12 o'clock M. at James Higgins's Tavern, in the city of Annapolis, all that tract or parcel of LAND in Anne-Arundel county, which was conveyed to be sold by Roderick Dorsey to Henry Vanlith, lately deceased, consisting of part of the Addition to Stoney Thicket, part of Caleb's Choice and Stoney Thicket, and containing

176 1-8 ACRES OF LAND,

more or less. This parcel of Land constituted the Dwelling Plantation of the said Henry Vanlith, at the time of his death; it lies near the public road from Annapolis to Waterloo, and about four miles from the latter place.—The sale will be made for ready money, to be paid on the day of sale, or on the ratification thereof by the Chancellor.

THOS. S. ALEXANDER, Trustee.

Feb. 14. ts

IN CHANCERY,

February 7, 1833.

ORDERED, That the sale of the mortgaged estate of Mary Franklin, deceased, as made and reported by Rushrod W. Marriott, the trustee, be ratified and confirmed, unless cause to the contrary be shewn before the 7th day of April next, provided a copy of this order be published in one of the Annapolis newspapers once in each of three successive weeks before the 7th day of March next.

The report states the amount of sales to be $1346 $\frac{33}{100}$.

True copy.—Test.

RAMSAY WATERS,
Reg. Cur. Can.

Feb. 14. 3w

BALTIMORE SATURDAY VISITER,

A FAMILY NEWSPAPER.

Containing the FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC NEWS of the week—a PRICE CURRENT of the Markets, (carefully corrected,)—PRICES OF STOCKS & BANK NOTE LIST—together with a variety of MISCELLANEOUS MATTER, for the instruction and amusement of its readers.

THE Publishers, on commencing a *new volume*, have considerably improved the paper, and made such arrangements as will enable them to obtain *Selections* from the most popular Periodicals of the day. They therefore may confidently promise the patrons of the "VISITER." to present them with *Reading Matter* of the *choicest description*, and at as *early* a period as any of their cotemporaries. Great care will be observed in the variety served up, to blend the *useful* with the entertaining.

The plan of the paper is such that an extensive circulation is requisite to defray the expenses incumbent on such a publication. The patronage which has thus far been extended to their work, warrants the publishers in assuring the public that the establishment is *certain* and *permanent*.

☞ The BALTIMORE SATURDAY VISITER is published weekly, on an *extra* imperial sheet, by CLOUD & POUDER, No. 1, South Gay Street, Baltimore.

☞ The terms are only $2 per annum, if paid in advance.

*** Post Masters, and others who obtain *five* responsible subscribers shall be entitled to a *sixth* copy gratis, as AGENT.

☞ Those Editors who exchange with the "Visiter," and are disposed to aid the circulation, shall meet with a return of favour if they will copy the above.

Feb. 14.

Sold a prize of $100---*Combination Numbers* 14, 39, 45, *in the Maryland State Lottery, Class No.* 1, *which was presented and cash paid—Sold at Dubois' Lucky Office.*

Tickets $5—*Halves* $1 50—*Quarters* $1 25.

MARYLAND
STATE LOTTERY,

CLASS NO. 3, for 1833.

Approved by Wm. R. Stuart, Edward Hughes and J. S. Williams, Commissioners.

To be drawn at Baltimore,

On SATURDAY 16th of Feb. 1833,

AT FOUR O'CLOCK, P. M.

Sixty-six Number Lottery, Ten Drawn Ballots.

SCHEME.

1	prize of	$15,000
1	prize of	4,000
1	prize of	1,620
2	prizes of	1,250
5	prizes of	1,000
10	prizes of	600
100	prizes of	400
112	prizes of	40
113	prizes of	30
113	prizes of	20
2184	prizes of	10
15400	prizes of	5
18,040	*prizes.*	

Tickets to be had at

DUBOIS'

LOTTERY AND EXCHANGE OFFICE,

(OPPOSITE THE POST OFFICE.)

Feb. 7.

Maryland Gazette.
ANNAPOLIS,
Thursday, February [illegible], 1833.

A CARD.

The Lectures on Natural Philosophy at *St. John's College*, are discontinued for two weeks, to be resumed on the first Wednesday after Commencement.

SIMULTANEOUS MEETING OF TEMPERANCE SOCIETIES.

The attention of the friends of the Temperance Reformation, is earnestly requested to the resolution, passed at the late meeting of our State Society, approving of the proposition to hold meetings of all the Temperance Associations throughout the Union, on Tuesday, the 26th of the present month. Arrangements should be made for delivering Addresses, enlarging as much as possible the Societies already formed, and forming them in places where there are none. It is hoped that, on this occasion the recommendation of the State Society, with respect to the nomination of Delegates to the Temperance Convention, to be held in Philadelphia in May next, and to the necessity of contributing to the funds of that Society, will not be forgotten. The important object of employing an Agent for the State can never be effected, neither can the debts incurred for printing be discharged without aid from the Auxiliary Societies.

☞ Editors in the State will subserve the cause of Temperance by publishing the above.

We extract the following graphic sketch of our city from a letter addressed to the Editor of the "Republican Banner," a neat and well conducted paper published at Williamsport, in this state:

"I am much pleased with the situation and appearance of Annapolis. There are here the vestiges of former wealth and the evidences of ancient grandeur. As a commercial place, it slumbers in the dust, though possessed of the best harbour on the Chesapeake — It only wants a line of internal communication connecting it with the upper country to raise it from its repose, and constitute it an active and wealthy emporium. It is a spot lovely for its antiquity, and the interesting associations which it presents to the mind, as well as for the beauty of its situation, and grandeur of the surrounding prospects, over Land and water, so charmingly combined."

For the Maryland Gazette.

I was induced upon reading the memorial of the Visitors of the College to the Legislature, to ascertain what is the sum which the College might with strict justice claim of the state. A statement is easily made:

Amount of annuity from January 1806 (when the law withdrawing the funds commenced,) to 6th January, 1819—5 years 7 months 6 days,	$26,933 33	
Balance of annuity from 6th January, 1812 (the day on which the law allowing to the College $1,000 commenced its operation,) till 1824, when the proceeds of the lottery were invested,	12,000 00	
Balance of annuity from last day (January 6, 1824,) to January 6, 1833,	2,200 00	
Amount of principal	99,433 53	
Interest on the several annuities,	81,570 00	
	$181,003 33	

This is the sum which, since the repealing law, has been withholden from the College. It is understood that the authors of this law became sensible that the act was unjust, and perhaps very few of those who voted for the repeal could have been induced so to vote, if the subject had been correctly understood by them.

The obligation of the state to appropriate this fund to education was never questioned, and the repealing law contained a pledge that it should be so appropriated.

It was enacted (1805, ch. 85,) that "the said sums respectively, shall be and remain in the treasury subject to the appropriation of the legislature *to literary purposes*, and for disseminating learning in the several counties of this state, and *not to other or different purposes*." "Honesty is the best policy." Neither the state treasury nor the primary schools has gained any thing by this breach of the public faith. Men who are opposed to colleges or the liberal endowment of them, never are disposed to build up useful county schools. County schools are of less value now than they were then: suitable teachers for inferior schools are now rarely to be found. He is an *ignoramus* indeed, who does not know that without a college and a suitable provision for the instruction of teachers, our primary school fund will never be of benefit to the rich or the poor; and the day is not far distant when the school fund being found to be useless for want of good teachers, will be *withdrawn* in order to apply it to far different purposes.

L.

MAINE.

A joint committee of the Maine Legislature have made a report on the South Carolina documents, submitted to them. The following are the three leading resolutions:

Resolved, That we are not insensible to the wrongs and sufferings of our brethren of South Carolina under the unjust and oppressive burthens imposed upon them by the tariff of high protective duties. But while we deplore their grievances, and are ready to unite with them in any and every peaceful and lawful mode of redress, we cannot nor will we give our countenance and support to their projected scheme for relief. We regard nullification as neither a safe, peaceable, or constitutional remedy; but as unsound and dangerous in theory, and in practice tending directly to civil commotion, disunion and anarchy. We [illegible] to this, however [illegible] precipitate career, to suspend [illegible] and revolutionary measures, and [illegible] of justice [illegible] the Act [illegible]

Resolved, That [illegible] Congress [illegible] ally [illegible] so far as [illegible] are passed palpably and solely for the purpose of protecting and fostering particular branches of industry, are unequal in their operation, and contrary to the spirit, true intent and meaning of the federal compact.

Resolved, That it is due to a spirit of mutual conciliation, to the demands of justice, to a decent regard for the opinions and interests of large portions of the community, and absolutely necessary to the preservation of the Union, that the tariff laws should be gradually but speedily abated to the imposition of such duties only as are required for the purposes of a revenue sufficient to defray the ordinary expenses of the General Government confined to its appropriate objects, and economically administered.

The U. S. sloop of war *Vincennes*, at Portsmouth, N. H. we learn, is fitting for sea with all possible expedition; and the *Boston*, *Erie* and frigate *Constitution* at the Navy Yard Charlestown, are ordered to be put in readiness for sea.

We observe that the Government is forwarding munitions of war by every opportunity, for the new fortifications in Charleston harbour. The fine new brig General Sumpter, now fitting out by Messrs. Buck & Hedrick as a regular packet between this and Charleston, is taking on board a number of gun carriages calculated for long eighteen and twenty four pounders.—*Balt. Amer.*

The Charleston correspondent of the Norfolk Beacon, under date of the 5th inst says:

"Mr. Eaton, the commissioner from Virginia, dined with the Governor yesterday, and to-day they are riding out together. This looks well. A gentleman has just informed me that an attempt was made yesterday to administer the *Test Oath* to the City Guard, but every one refused to take it; consequently, they were all discharged, and the city guarded last night by a volunteer company. No other news at present."

Melancholy Accident.—In Garrard county, Ky. on the 11th ult. the dwelling house of Mrs. Pollard was consumed by fire, and three of her daughters lost their lives.

CHESAPEAKE AND OHIO CANAL.

We learn with pleasure, from a source to be entirely relied upon, that the progress of the work upon the Chesapeake and Ohio Canal has been such within a few months past, as to exceed expectation, and agreeably to disappoint most of those who are engaged in it. During the month of May ensuing, we learn that the water will be admitted into the whole line of the canal from tide-water to the head of Harper's Ferry Falls, so as to make the whole distance navigable at once. The workmen are putting the coping on the aqueduct across the Monocacy, which is said to be a splendid structure, not excelled if equalled by any thing of the kind in the United States, and in two weeks that work will be completed. We learn further, that more than one half of the lockage to Cumberland is overcome in reaching the head of Harper's Ferry Falls, though that is but one-third of the distance.—*Nat. Int.*

INDIANS.

We have seen reports going the round of the papers, that the Indians on the upper Mississippi were agitating the question of a league, with a view to another war upon our frontiers. We do not believe the rumour; but we cannot doubt but those with whom it originated, are much in love with the public disbursements, and would fain continue them.

A letter from a gentleman at Chicago to Mr. Brewster, dated January 1, says:—"It has been so reported that the Indians are again becoming troublesome, and preparing for war; but it is false—they dare not take the field again. Some brawling white men had a dispute with the Indians on the Illinois river, which was immediately magnified into a war; and a company of rangers have gone from Danville to Hennipen to keep the peace."

Detroit paper.

EXECUTION OF A TURKISH TRAITOR

Into this space two men stepped from the body of the guards; one, old and ugly, and meanly dressed; the other, young and handsome, and richly attired in the old costume. The office of one of them was not doubtful by the long ataghan in his hand, the other, by his firm step, and the unconcerned air with which he glanced around, might have passed for the provost marshal, had not his manner soon announced that he was destined to act a more important part, and he knew it, for he knelt down without prompting, and suffered his thumbs to be tied behind him with a piece of string, that he might not involuntarily interfere with the operation. The executioner then took off his turban, tied up Mohamed's lock, and adjusted the denounced head in the most favourable position for displaying his skill, desiring the owner to hold it steady.—So peculiarly adapted is the eastern costume, having no collars, to the despatch of head-cutting, as to make it probable that it was originally adopted by slavish courtiers as symbolic of their necks being always ready. This preparation did not occupy two minutes, during which it was uncertain which of the two showed greatest coolness. Drawing then his ataghan, the executioner held it up in the act to strike, and in this position recited the offence—"conspiracy," &c. It was an awful picture; a moment of breathless excitement to all present excepting the two actors, the one of whom, the most interested in the event, appearing the most careless. Being [illegible] close to him, imagine [illegible] I watched his [illegible] nearly, but could not perceive the slightest change in his florid countenance, or a tremor [illegible] consign my soul." He repeated [illegible] words, with some others to the same purport, when the finisher of the law, impatient, demanded, "[illegible] ready?" The [illegible] fellow, with an energy of tone which showed that his spirit already saw the dark-eyed girls, promptly answered, ready. The moment after, his head, struck off by one blow, was rolling in the dust. The blood instantaneously gushed out of the body, the neck visibly palpitated; life vanished with the rapidity of thought.—*Slade's Travels in Turkey.*

In *The Life of a Sailor* is a narrative of a wreck of a vessel off the Havana. The crew took to the boat, which upset; they succeeded in righting her, and while two men were bailing her with their hats in haste, was seen to approach. No language can convey an idea of the panic which seized the struggling seamen. Every man now strove the more to obtain a moment's safety. Well they knew that one drop of blood would have been scented by the everlasting pilot fish, the jackalls of the shark: and that their destruction was inevitable if one only of these monsters should discover the rich repast or be led to its food by the little rapid hunter of its prey. A few minutes after, about 15 sharks came right amongst them. The boat was again upset by the simultaneous endeavours to escape danger, and the 22 sailors were again devoted to destruction. At first the sharks did not seem inclined to seize their prey, but swam in amongst the men playing in the water, sometimes leaping about and rubbing against their victims. This was of short duration. A loud shriek from one of the men announced his sudden pain; a shark had seized him by the leg, and severed it entirely from the body. No sooner had the blood been tasted than the dreaded attack took place: another and another shriek proclaimed the loss of limbs. Some were torn from the boat, to which they vainly endeavoured to cling—some it was supposed sunk from fear alone. The sharks had tasted the blood, and were not to be driven from their feast. By great exertion again the boat was righted, and two men were in her: the rest had all perished. The two survivors resolved with gallant hearts, to redouble their exertions. They lightened the boat sufficiently not to be overset. The voracious monsters endeavoured to upset the boat, they swam by its side in seeming anxiety for their prey; but after waiting some time they separated. The two rescued seamen, in spite of the horrors they had witnessed, soon fell asleep, and were the next day, fortunately picked up by a vessel.

A Boy's Letter.—The following genuine piece of humour is from Hood's Comic Annual, an entitled and epistle from a country boy to his friend in town:—

Now Bob, I'll tell you what I want. I want you to come down here for the holli-days. Don't be afraid. Ask your sister to ask your mother to ask your father to let you come. It's only ninety mile. The two prentices, George and Will, are here to be made farmers of; and brother Nick is took home from school to help in agriculture. We like farming very much; it's capital fun. Us four have got a gun and go out a shooting; it's a famous good one, and sure to go off if you dont full cock it. Tiger is to be our shooting dog as soon as he has left off killing the sheep. He's a real savage, and worries cats beautiful. Before father comes down, we mean to bait our bull with him.—There's plenty of New Rivers about, and we're going a fishing as soon as we have mended our top joint. We've a poney too to ride upon, when we catch him; but he's loose in the padlock, and has neither main nor tail to signify to lay hold of. Isn't it prime Bob? You must come.—If your mother wont give your father leave to allow you—run away. Remember you turn up Goswell street to go to Lincolnshire, and ask for Middlefen hall. There's a pond full of frogs but we wont pelt them till you come; but let it be before Sunday, as there's our own orchard to rob, and the fruits to be gathered on Monday. If you like sucking raw eggs, we know where the hens lay, and mother don't; and I'm bound there's lots of birds nests. Do come, Bob, and I'll show you the wasp's nest and every thing that can make you comfortable. I dare say you could borrow your father's volunteer musket of him without his knowing of it; but be sure any how to bring the ramrod, as we have mislaid ours by firing it off.

Pickpockets.—The qualifications for a pickpocket are a light tread, a delicate sense of touch, combined with firm nerves. These boys may be known by their shoes in the street; they generally wear pumps, or shoes of a very light make, having long quarters. There is about their countenance an affected determination of purpose, and they walk forword, bent as if on some object of business; it is a rule with them never to stop in the street. When they want to confer for a moment they drop into some by court or alley, where they will fix on an object of attack, as the people pass down a main street; when they start off in the same manner, the boy going first, to do what they call "stuning," that is, to pick the pocket. First-rate hands never on any occasion loiter in the streets, unless at a procession, or any exhibition, when there is an excuse for so doing. To these qualifications they unite a quick sight, and a tact of observing when the attention is engaged, or of devising some means to engage it themselves, until the act is done.—They are most busy in foggy weather. When in prison, they will be heard to say on such days, "What a shame to lose such a fine day as this!"

Frat. Mag.

MARYLAND LEGISLATURE.

HOUSE OF DELEGATES.

Tuesday, February [illegible], 1833.

[illegible] sundry [illegible] amendment to a certain act therein [illegible] named.

Mr. Ely presented a petition of William Schaaf of Baltimore county, praying relief as therein mentioned.

Mr. Chandler presented a petition of Henry W. Carvill, and George S. Holliday, Executors of John W. Carvill, praying to be allowed to introduce certain slaves into this state.

Mr. Elliott presented a petition of Charles W. Dorsey, and others, relating to the obstruction of a bridge over the Patapsco Falls at Ellicott's old upper Mills.

Mr. Hollman presented a petition of sundry citizens of Washington county, praying for a law authorising them to make a turnpike road, in said county.

Mr. Edelen presented a petition of George G. Coe, of Prince George's county, praying the redress of grievances therein mentioned.

Mr. Slicer presented a petition of sundry citizens of Allegany county, praying that the legislature will take such measures, compatible with the public faith, as will compel the Canal company to permit on the terms recommended by the resolution of the last general assembly, the passage of the Rail-road through the narrow passes specified.

Mr. Slicer presented a petition of sundry citizens of Allegany county, praying a law may pass authorising the United States to make a partial change in the location of a part of the national road, in said county, and complete the making of the same.

Mr. Bruce presented a petition of George Calmes, and others, citizens of Allegany county, praying that the act creating a medical and Chirurgical Faculty in the state of Maryland, so far as the same relates to Allegany county, may be repealed.

Mr. Hammond presented a petition of James McAtee of Frederick county, praying pecuniary relief;

And, Mr. Knight presented a petition of Elizabeth Walmsley, of Cecil county, praying to be placed on the pension list of said county.

Mr. Hollman presented a petition of George Fouke, Elizabeth Fouke, Henry Fouke and Lewis Fouke, of Washington county, praying for a special act, requiring the court of appeals to open the judgment entered in a certain case therein mentioned, and to give to the petitioners an apportunity of arguing said case before that tribunal.

Mr. Kent presented a memorial of the trustees of the Lower Marlborough Academy, in Calvert county, praying the repeal of a resolution therein mentioned.

Mr. Schley presented a petition of John Wachter of Frederick county, praying to be divorced a vinculo matrimonii, from his wife, Sophia Wachter.

And, Mr. Johns presented a petition of Joshua Guyton, Sheriff of Harford county, praying remuneration for services therein mentioned.

The clerk of the Senate returned the bill, for the relief Thomas S Clarke, of Anne Arundel county;

Also, the bill, relating to the duties of commissioners of Anne Arundel county, severally endorsed, 'will pass;' ordered to be engrossed;

Also, the supplement to an act, to provide for the public printing of the state, passed December session, 1831, chapter 503, endorsed 'will pass with the proposed amendments;' which amendments were severally read the first time and ordered to lie on the table;

Also, the bill, for the benefit of the representatives of William Chilton, late of Caroline county, deceased, endorsed, 'will not pass;'

And, delivered a bill, originated in, and passed by the Senate, entitled, An act to authorise the Governor and Council, to appoint Directors of the Banks therein mentioned.

Also, a supplement to the act, entitled, An act to amend and reduce into one system the laws to direct descents.

Mr. Ellicott obtained leave to bring in a bill, to repeal part of an act, passed at December session, 1828, chapter 29.

Mr. Harding obtained leave to bring in A further supplement to the act, to allow Adam Robb, Executor of Upton Beall, late clerk of Montgomery county, further time to complete certain records, passed at December session 1828, chapter 2.

Mr. Miller asked leave to bring in a bill, to authorise William Smith of Charles county, to bring into this state, from the state of Virginia, certain negro slaves therein mentioned.

Mr. Jenkins reported a bill, to establish a Banking Institution at Fells Point, in the city of Baltimore;

Which was read; and

On motion by Mr. Teackle, referred to the committee on ways and means.

Mr. Mudd reported a bill, to prevent the unreasonable delay of justice, and accumulation of unnecessary law suits, in the courts of this state.

Mr. Compton chairman of the committee on divorces, reported a bill to divorce Sarah Gilmore, of the city of Baltimore, from her husband David S. Barnum.

Mr. Hope reported a bill to make valid the deed of conveyance therein mentioned.

Mr. Compton, chairman of the committee on divorces, reported a bill to divorce Albert G. Franciscus and his wife Eliza J. Franciscus, of the city of Baltimore;

And Mr. Louthan reported a bill to incorporate a company to make a Turnpike road from such point as the Somerset and Cumberland Turnpike Company of Pennsylvania, shall fix upon, at the Pennsylvania line, to the public square;

The hour for taking up the order of the day having arrived, the house resumed the unfi[illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible] Saturday, February 9th, 1833.

The Speaker laid [illegible] House a report of the Treasurer [illegible] Shares in obedience to an order [illegible] of the 4th inst.

Which was read and is as follows:

[illegible]

Annapolis, February 7th, 1833.

To the Honorable the House of Delegates.

Gentlemen,

In obedience to your order of yesterday, I have the honour to report that

The money actually paid by the state to the Baltimore and Susquehanna Rail Road Company, has been paid for interest on 6 per cent. stock of the State, issued for the payment of that subscription, and its amount is $855.

The company has recently declared its first dividend, and its amount for the State, is understood to be $1000, and to be payable on or after the 20th instant.

With great respect, gentlemen,

Your obedient servant,

GEORGE MACKUBBIN, Treas. W. S. Md.

Mr. Jenkins presented a petition of Clark and Kellogg, and others, masters, owners and consignees of coasting vessels, in the city of Baltimore, praying for an alteration in the pilot laws of this State.

Also presented a memorial of James T. Casey, of the city of Baltimore, proposing and explaining a new scheme for drawing the State Lotteries, and recommending it to the adoption of the Legislature;

Mr. Schley presented a petition of the President and Directors of the Bank of Westminster, praying for the passage of a bill, for the benefit of the Bank of Westminster, in Frederick county.

Also, presented a petition of sundry inhabitants of Frederick county, praying for the passage of a bill, entitled, An act relating to the Stone Church House, commonly called the Manor Church in Frederick county.

Mr. Garrettson presented a petition of the Trustees of the Millington Academy, in Kent county, praying a donation.

Mr. Johns presented a petition of the Trustees of the Alms house of Harford county, praying the passage of a law authorising the commissioners of said county, to levy a sum of money for purposes therein mentioned.

Mr. Jump presented a petition of David Orrell, of Caroline county, praying for an act, authorising the judges of Caroline county, to order a commission on certain lands therein mentioned.

Mr. Hammond presented a petition of sundry citizens of Creagerstown, in Frederick county, praying for an act to prevent the playing of long bullets in said town.

Mr. Forwood presented a petition of sundry citizens of Harford county, praying for a law to call a convention.

Mr. Unkefer presented a petition of George Whitmore, and Elizabeth, his wife, and others, of Frederick county, praying that said George Whitmore and Elizabeth his wife, may be placed on the pension list of said county.

Mr. George A. Thomas, presented petitions of sundry citizens of Cecil county, praying that a new election district may be laid off in said county.

Mr. Larrimore presented a petition of sundry citizens of School District No. 25, in Queen Anne's county, praying the passage of a law to authorise the inhabitants of said district, to tax the property in said district, to establish a school therein.

Mr. Lantz presented a petition of William Harnes, of Allegany county, praying the passage of an act, authorising him to remove into this state, from the state of Virginia, a certain negro slave therein mentioned.

Also presented a petition of sundry citizens of the city of Baltimore, setting forth the propriety of the State granting aid for the building a bridge across the Yohigany river in Allegany county, praying an appropriation to effect the same.

Mr. Ely obtained leave to bring in a supplement to an act to provide for the distribution of that part of the School Fund, which is appropriated to Baltimore county, passed at December session 1828, chapter 185.

Mr. Cottman, from the committee made a favourable report upon the bill from the Senate, entitled, An act to authorise the Governor and council to appoint directors of the banks therein mentioned.

Which was read.

The clerk of the senate, returned the bill to authorise the commissioners of Washington county, to build a stone bridge across Antietam creek, on the road leading from Funkstown to Williamsport, where the old wooden bridge now stands.

Also, the bill to authorise the Trustees of Saint Patrick's church, in the city of Baltimore, to hold certain property;

Also, the bill for the relief of William C. Weatherby of Baltimore county, severally endorsed, 'will pass,' ordered to be engrossed;

Also, the bill for the incorporation of the Grand Lodge of the state of Maryland, of the order of Independent Odd Fellows;

Also, the bill to incorporate the Patapsco Savings Institution at Ellicotts Mills, severally endorsed 'will pass with the proposed amendments;'

Which amendments were severally read the first and second time by special order, severally assented to, and the bills ordered to be engrossed;

And delivered the following message:

Gentlemen of the House of Delegates,

We have received the message from your honourable body, proposing to fix on the [illegible] day of March next, as the day for the [illegible]

believing that all the [illegible] session may be passed by [illegible] thereon.

Mr. Merrick reported a bill authorising the mode of compensating the clerks of the county courts, and registers of wills in the several counties of this state.

Mr. West reported a bill authorising the commissioners of Hagerstown to levy on the taxable property of said town, a sum of money for the purposes therein named.

Mr. Elliott reported a bill to repeal part of an act passed at December session 1829, chapt. 91.

Mr. Cottman reported a supplement to an act to provide for the erection of a building for the accommodation of Somerset county court.

And Mr. Gantt, chairman of the committee on inspections, reported a bill providing for the appointment of a register of wheat in the city of Baltimore, and prescribing his duties.

On motion by Mr. Compton, the house took up for consideration the bill reported by him from the committee on divorce, entitled, An act to divorce Sarah Gilmore, of the city of Baltimore, from her husband David S. Barnum.

The said bill was read the second time and passed.

The hour for taking up the order of the day having arrived, the house resumed the consideration of the unfinished business of yesterday, being the substitute proposed by Mr. Jones, for the report of the joint committee, on the subject of the South Carolina Ordinance.

On the question being put, will the house adopt the substitute, it was

Determined in the negative.

The question then recurred and was put, on the adoption of the report of the committee.

Resolved in the affirmative.

On motion by Mr. Merrick, the yeas and nays were ordered, and appeared as follows:

AFFIRMATIVE.

Messrs. Speaker Thomas, Harris, Blakistone, Hayne, Chandler, Wickes, Garrettson, Duvall of A. A Compton, Billingsly, Brewer, Hobbs, Roberts, Larrimore, Bourke, Hearn, Milbourne, Powell, Foreman, Somerville, Merrick, Millar, Rogerson, Mudd, Turner, Ely, Holmes, Stevens, Mullikin, Dudley, Teackle, Nicols, Wright, of Dorchester, Richardson, of Dor. George A. Thomas, Evans, Knight, Edelen, Gantt, Unkefer, Schley, Hammond, Johns, Hope, Forwood, Carter, Jump, Mann, Holiman, Grove, Weast, White, Harding, Willson, Gittings, Lantz, Louthan, Bruce, Slicer—59

NEGATIVE.

Mr. Jones

On motion by Mr. Jones,

Mr. Jenkins obtained leave of the house, to enter on the journal his dissent from the passage of the bill, to divorce Sarah Gilmore, of the city of Baltimore, from her husband David S. Barnum, a vinculo matrimonii.

The house then adjourned.

Monday, Feb. 11th 1833.

Mr. Carter presented a petition of Sarah Saterfield, of Caroline county, praying to be divorced from her husband James Saterfield;

Mr. Wright of Dorchester, presented a petition of Samuel Raitt Creighton, of Dorchester county, praying that his name may be changed to Samuel Raitt Keene;

Mr. Nicols presented a petition of sundry citizens of Dorchester and Caroline counties, praying for authority to change a part of the divisional line between said counties, at or near the village of Federalsburgh.

Mr. Lantz presented a petition of Rezin V. Hook, of Allegany county, praying a special act authorising the sale of certain real estate in said county, for the promotion of the interest of certain devisees named in the will of John S. Hook, late of Allegany county deceased.

Mr. Roberts presented a petition of Gerald Coursey and others, of Queen Anne's county, praying the repeal of the acts of Assembly, authorising gates to be kept on the public roads of said county, and the privileges of erecting the same free from tax.

Mr. Harding presented a petition of Alfred Lee, of the state of Ohio, (now confined in the Jail of Montgomery county,) praying for a special act of insolvency.

Mr. Hope presented a petition of sundry citizens of Harford county, praying the passage of a law to call a Convention of the people of Maryland;

And, Mr. Unkefer presented a petition of Frederick Stembel, George Titlow and others, of Frederick county, praying for a Convention, to reform the constitution of the state.

The speaker laid before the house a report of the sheriff of Worcester county, relative to monies paid into the treasury of the eastern shore, within the year ending on the 30th of November, 1832.

Mr. Hope obtained leave to bring in a further supplement to the act for the distribution of a certain fund for the purpose of establishing free schools, in the several counties therein mentioned, so far as relates to Harford county.

Mr. Unkefer obtained leave to bring in a supplement to an act to authorise the Levy court of Frederick county, to appoint commissioners for the purposes therein mentioned.

On motion by Mr. Nicols,

Ordered, That the daily hour of meeting of this house, be changed from ten to nine o'clock A. M.

Mr. Merrick, chairman of the committee on Internal Improvement, delivered a report: Which was read.

Messrs. Bruce and White, asked and obtained leave of the house to enter upon the journal, their dissent from the report of the committee on internal improvement, on the memorial of the Chesapeake and Ohio Canal Company, and the accompanying documents.

Mr. Nicols reported a bill for the incorporation of Dorchester Lodge, number nineteen, of the order of Independent Odd Fellows.

Mr. Harding reported a further supplement to the act to allow Adam Shaw, the executor of Upton Beall, late clerk of Montgomery county, further time to complete certain records, passed at December session 1829, chap. 2.

Mr. Schley reported a bill for the benefit of the Bank of Westminster, in Frederick county;

And Mr. Grove reported a bill to authorise the clerk of Washington county, to record the deed therein mentioned.

The clerk of the senate delivered a bill originated in and passed by the senate, entitled, a supplement to the act, entitled an act, vesting certain powers in the President of the United States;

Which was read and referred to the committee on internal improvement.

Also, delivered a memorial of Levin Motter and others, praying for the passage of an act relating to the Westminster, Taneytown and Emmittsburgh Turnpike Road Company, endorsed referred to the consideration of the house of Delegates.

The resolution in favour of James Harrison of Wm., of Talbot county;

And the resolutions, relative to the Ordinance of Nullification, of South Carolina; were sent to the senate.

On motion by Mr. Harper, the house took up for consideration the report of the committee of grievances and courts of justice, relative to a work on the testamentary law of the state of Maryland, proposed to be published by the honourable Clement Dorsey, associate judge of the first judicial district.

Mr. Nicols moved to amend the resolution by striking out in the fourth line, the words, 'two hundred, and insert in lieu thereof 'one hundred and fifty.'

On motion by Mr. Turner, the house was called, and the door-keeper sent for the absent members.

On motion by Mr. Teackle, the house resolved to proceed with the ordinary business of the session, during the absence of the door-keeper.

On motion by Mr. Rogerson, the house took up for consideration, the favourable report of the committee on pensions and revolutionary claims, upon the petition of Sally Hillman, widow of William Hillman, a revoluttionary soldier.

The said report was then read the second time, concurred in, and the resolution therein contained, assented to.

The bill reported by Mr. Compton, entitled, An act, giving compensation to jurors in cases of forcible entry and detainer, was taken up for consideration.

When on motion of Mr. Turner, said bill was ordered to lie on the table.

The bill from the senate, entitled, an act to authorise the court of Dorchester county, to make valid the sale of certain real estate, to Anthony Thompson, by commissioners therein named,

Was taken up for consideration, read the second time and passed.

The door-keeper having returned, reported that in obedience to order, he had notified the absent members that their attendance in the house was required.

The house then resumed the consideration of the report of the committee on grievances and courts of justice, relative to a work on the testamentary law of the State of Maryland, proposed to be published by the honourable Judge Dorsey, of the first judicial district, and the amendment proposed by Mr. Nicols.

On motion by Mr. Merrick, said report was ordered to lie on the table.

The bill reported by Mr. Teackle, chairman of the committee on ways and means, entitled, A further additional supplement to the act of December session 1827, chapter 117, to regulate the issuing of licenses to traders, keepers of ordinaries, and others, was taken up for consideration.

Mr. Millar, moved to amend said bill, by adding at the end of third section, the words, 'except cider.'

Mr. Turner, moved to amend the amendment proposed by Mr. Millar, by adding at the end thereof these words, 'which may not be mixed with spirituous liquors, commonly called cider royal.'

Resolved in the affirmative.

Mr. Teackle moved further to amend the amendment, by inserting after the word 'cider,' the words, 'made by the person offering to vend the same.'

On motion,

The house then adjourned.

Tuesday, Feb. 12th 1833.

Mr. Lantz presented a petition of sundry citizens of Allegany county, praying a law may pass authorising the commissioners of said county, to purchase land and erect a poor house thereon.

Mr. Lantz, also presented a petition of John B. Armistead, praying a special act, granting him permission to pay into the treasury, the amount of composition money, that ought to have been paid on or before the 20th of December 1832.

Also, presented a petition of sundry citizens of Allegany county, praying aid from the state to erect a bridge across the Youghogany, in said county.

Mr. Ellicott presented a petition of Richard Cromwell and others, praying the passage of a law to make public a road therein mentioned.

Mr. Johns presented a petition of sundry citizens of Harford county, praying the passage of a law to build a bridge over Winters run, at or near the crossing place, on the road leading from Gunpowder neck to Belle-Air.

Mr. Harper presented a petition of Edwd. Nicholas of the city of Baltimore, praying to be divorced from Mary Nicholas.

Mr. Sterett presented a petition of James Rumsey and others, of Anne Arundel county, praying the passage of a law to authorise the appointment of trustees, for the benefit of the creditors of said Rumsey deceased, to sell his real estate, and apply the proceeds to the payment of his debts.

Mr. Bowie presented a petition of sundry citizens of Prince George's county, praying that they may be compensated for a certain negro, [illegible] for a term of years to the late Samuel Graham, who was convicted of burglary in A. A. county court, and sentenced to the penitentiary.

Mr. Harris presented a petition of sundry citizens of Baltimore county, praying a reform of the constitution of this state, which was read and referred to the committee on the constitution.

Mr. Harper presented a petition of John P. Cowper and others, of Alexandria, District of Columbia, praying to be allowed to introduce negroes into this state, for the fisheries along the Potomac.

And, Mr. Hammond presented a petition of William B. Tyler, of Frederick county, praying for the passage of an act, authorising the county court of Frederick county, to appoint a guardian to have care and custody of the person and estate of his son G. M. Tyler.

Mr. Hollman obtained leave to bring in a bill for the benefit of John Hamilton, George Hamilton, Jane Rench, Thomas Rench, Sarah Bowen, and William Bowen, and for purposes therein mentioned.

Mr. Harper from the joint committee on the library, presented a copy from the records of Accomack county, Virginia, of Col. Edmund Scarbrugh's account of proceedings in an expedition from Virginia to Annamessecks and Menoakin, pursuant to an act of the Grand Assembly of Virginia, in the year 1663;

Which was read. And,

On motion by Mr. Harper, five hundred copies were ordered to be printed, under the superintendance of the Librarian.

Mr. Gantt, chairman of the committee on inspections, made an unfavourable report upon the order of the house, requiring them to enquire into the expediency of authorising the inspection of salted bacon, cured or brought into the city of Baltimore.

Mr. Jump reported a bill for the relief of David Orrell and others, of Caroline county.

Which was read the first and second time by special order, and passed.

Mr. Wright of Dorchester, reported a bill, to alter and change the name of Samuel Raitt Creighton of Dorchester county. And,

Mr. Johns reported a bill, authorising the commissioners of Harford county, to levy a sum of money for purposes therein mentioned.

On motion by Mr. Bourke, the house took up for consideration the bill from the senate, entitled, an act to alter the time of the meeting of the general assembly of this state and for other purposes.

The said bill was then read the second time, and rejected.

On motion by Mr. Harris, the house took up for consideration the report of the committee of grievances and courts of justice, relative to a work on the testamentary law of the state of Maryland, proposed to be published by the Honourable Clement Dorsey, associate judge of the first judicial district, and the amendment proposed by Mr. Nicols, to strike out the words 'two hundred,' and insert 'one hundred and fifty.'

The question was then put, will the house adopt the amendment as proposed by Mr. Nicols,

Resolved in the affirmative.

Mr. Nicols moved further to amend said resolution, by striking out in the ninth line thereof, these words, 'six dollars per copy,' and insert in lieu thereof, the words, five dollars per copy."

Determined in the negative.

The said resolution was then read the second time, as amended and assented to,

The house then proceeded to consider the second order of the day, being the report of the select committee on the State Bank question.

On motion by Mr. Jenkins, the house was called and the door-keeper sent for the absent members.

On motion by Mr. Jenkins, the house resolved to proceed with the ordinary business of the session during the absence of the door keeper.

On motion by Mr. Holmes, the house took up for consideration the bill reported by him entitled, an act to incorporate the South Baltimore company.

The said bill was then read the second time and passed.

The door keeper having returned, reported that in obedience to order, he had notified the absent members that their attendance in the house was required.

The house then resumed the consideration of the order of the day, being the report of the select committee on the State Bank question;

The first resolution was assented to.

On motion by Mr. Jenkins, the second resolution was amended, by striking out from the word 'income,' in the second line, to the end of said resolution.

Mr. Jenkins moved further to amend said resolution by inserting after the word 'sovereignty,' in the second line, the words, 'when properly managed may become.'

Mr. Jones moved to amend the amendment proposed by Mr. Jenkins, by striking out the words 'when properly managed.'

Determined in the negative.

The question then recurred upon the adoption of the amendment.

Resolved in the affirmative.

The question was then put, will the house assent to the resolution as amended.

Resolved in the affirmative.

Mr. Jenkins moved to amend the third resolution, by striking out these words, 'the undue proportion which the mass of property bears to the amount of actual circulation, and'

Determined in the negative.

Mr. Blakistone moved to amend said resolutions, by striking out from the word 'policy,' in the fifth line to the end of said resolution.

Determined in the negative.

The question was then put, will the house assent to the resolution.

Determined in the negative.

On motion by Mr. Jenkins, the fourth resolution was amended, by striking out from the word 'government,' in the fifth line to the end of said resolution.

The said resolution was then assented to as amended.

Mr. Turner moved to amend the fifth resolution by adding at the end thereof the following—

Provided, That no part of the funds which are at this time, or may hereafter be placed in any of the institutions within this state shall be withdrawn therefrom, for the support of this State Institution, until it shall be (ready to commence) in full and complete operation.

Determined in the negative.

On motion by Mr. Pratt, said resolution was amended by striking out from the word expedient, in the eleventh line, to the end of said resolution, and inserting in lieu thereof the words, 'to establish a State Bank.'

The question was then put will the house assent to the resolution as amended.

Determined in the negative.

The clerk of the senate returned the bill, to extend the provisions of the act of Assembly, passed at December session, 1829, chapter 147, entitled, An act for the relief of Duncan Stone, of Kent county, an alien;

Also, the bill, to amend certain acts therein mentioned, and for other purposes, severally endorsed, 'will pass,' ordered to be engrossed;

Also, the bill, to authorise the recording of certain deeds therein mentioned, and for other purposes, endorsed, 'will not pass.'

Also, a resolution authorising the Register of the Land office to issue a patent to Elisha Wright, on two certificates of resurvey, endorsed, 'assented to with the proposed amendments.'

Which amendments were severally read the first and second time by special order, assented to, and ordered to be engrossed.

And, delivered a bill originated in and passed by the senate, entitled, An act to authorise certain improvements in the eastern part of the city of Baltimore.

The house then adjourned.

HYMENEAL.

MARRIED, on Tuesday evening last, at the residence of Dr. Newbern, by the Rev. Mr. Kalbfus, Mr. NATHAN WARFIELD, to Miss CAROLINE B. HAMMOND, both of Anne-Arundel county.

OBITUARY.

Died, on Tuesday morning, after a long illness, Mr. GERARD R. COWMAN, of this county.

ANNAPOLIS LIBRARY.

ALL persons having Books, Periodicals, or Newspapers, belonging to the Annapolis Library Company, are requested to return them immediately They may be sent to the Reading Room at any time between the hours of 3 and 5 P. M. or be left with either of the Directors.

Feb. 14. R

PUBLIC SALE.

BY virtue of an order of the Orphans Court of Charles county, the subscriber will sell at Public Sale, on MONDAY, the 25th instant, at 3 o'clock P. M. at the Court House in the city of Annapolis, all the

PERSONAL ESTATE

of John Harris, late of Charles county, deceased, now in the city of Annapolis, consisting in part of a very good LAW LIBRARY, and other Books, which formerly belonged to the late Thomas Harris, Esq.

TERMS OF SALE.—For all sums of $10 or upwards, six months credit will be given, the purchaser giving his note with good security, with interest from the day of sale; for all sums under $10 the Cash will be required.

JO. HARRIS. Adm'r.
of John Harris.

Mr. Green, the Clerk of the County, will show the Books.

Feb. 14

TRUSTEE'S SALE.

BY virtue of a decree of the Court of Chancery, the subscriber, as trustee, will sell at public sale, to the highest bidder, on SATURDAY the 9th day of March next, at 12 o'clock M. on the premises, part of a

TRACT OF LAND

lying in Anne Arundel county, and containing 331¼ acres, more or less. This Land is at present owned by the children of the late Dr. Mathias Hammond. It is about seventeen miles from the city of Annapolis, and in the vicinity of the road from Annapolis to Waterloo, and adjacent to the lands owned by Jesse Wheat, William Short, and John Pumphrey. It is covered with fine timber; a stream of water passes through the land, affording a most eligible seat for a Grist and Saw mill.

THE TERMS OF SALE ARE—That the purchaser shall give bond, with security, to the trustee, for payment of the purchase money, with interest, in two years from the day of sale.

THOS. S. ALEXANDER, Trustee.

Feb. 14. ts

NOTICE.

THE subscriber as Adm'x. of Jas. Holland, having appointed Mr. Richard C. Hardesty her Agent, requests those indebted to the estate of her late Husband to make payment to him, who is authorised to settle the estate.

ANNE HOLLAND.

Dec. 20.

TRUSTEE'S SALE.

BY virtue of a decree of the Court of Chancery, the subscriber will sell at public sale, on the premises, on FRIDAY, the 8th day of March next, at 12 o'clock, M. all that piece or parcel of LAND in Anne-Arundel county, that was conveyed and sold by Roderick Dorsey to Henry Vanlill, lately deceased, consisting of part of the Addition to Stoney Thicket, part of Caleb's Choice and Stoney Thicket, and containing

176 1-8 ACRES OF LAND,

more or less. This parcel of Land constituted the Dwelling Plantation of the said Henry Vanlill, at the time of his death; it lies near the public road from Annapolis to Waterloo, and about four miles from the latter place.—The sale will be made for ready money, to be paid on the day of sale, or on the ratification thereof by the Chancellor.

THOS. S. ALEXANDER, Trustee.

Feb. 14. ts

IN CHANCERY,

February 7, 1833.

ORDERED, That the sale of the mortgaged estate of Mary Franklin, deceased, as made and reported by Rushrod W. Marriott, the trustee, be ratified and confirmed, unless cause to the contrary be shewn before the 7th day of April next, provided a copy of this order be published in one of the Annapolis newspapers once in each of three successive weeks before the 7th day of March next.

The report states the amount of sales to be $1346 $\frac{50}{100}$.

True copy.—Test,

RAMSAY WATERS,
Reg. Cur. Can.

Feb. 14. 3w

BALTIMORE SATURDAY VISITER,

A FAMILY NEWSPAPER.

Containing the FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC NEWS of the week—a PRICE CURRENT of the Markets, (carefully corrected,)—PRICES OF STOCKS & BANK NOTE LIST—together with a variety of MISCELLANEOUS MATTER, for the instruction and amusement of its readers.

THE Publishers, *on commencing a new volume*, have considerably improved the paper, and made such arrangements as will enable them to obtain *Selections* from the most popular Periodicals of the day. They therefore may confidently promise the patrons of the "VISITER." to present them with *Reading Matter* of the *choicest* description, and at as *early* a period as any of their cotemporaries. Great care will be observed in the variety served up, to blend the *useful* with the entertaining.

The plan of the paper is such that an extensive circulation is requisite to defray the expenses incumbent on such a publication. The patronage which has thus far been extended to their work, warrants the publishers in assuring the public that the establishment is *certain* and *permanent*.

☞ The BALTIMORE SATURDAY VISITER is published weekly, on an *extra* imperial sheet, by CLOUD & POUDER, No. 1, South Gay Street, Baltimore.

☞ The terms are only $2 per annum, if paid in advance.

*** Post Masters, and others who obtain *five* responsible subscribers shall be entitled to a *sixth* copy gratis, as AGENT.

☞ Those Editors who exchange with the "Visiter," and are disposed to aid the circulation, shall meet with a return of favour if they will copy the above.

Feb. 14.

Sold a prize of $100---*Combination Numbers* 14, 39, 45, *in the Maryland State Lottery, Class No.* 1, *which was presented and cash paid—Sold at Dubois' Lucky Office.*

Tickets $5—*Halves* $1 50—*Quarters* $1 25.

MARYLAND STATE LOTTERY,

CLASS NO. 3, for 1833.

Approved by Wm. R. Stuart, Edward Hughes and J. S. Williams, Commissioners.

To be drawn at Baltimore,

On SATURDAY 16th of Feb. 1833,

AT FOUR O'CLOCK, P. M.

Sixty-six Number Lottery, Ten Drawn Ballots.

SCHEME.

1	prize of	$15,000
1	prize of	4,000
1	prize of	1,620
2	prizes of	1,250
5	prizes of	1,000
10	prizes of	600
100	prizes of	400
112	prizes of	40
112	prizes of	30
112	prizes of	20
2184	prizes of	10
15400	prizes of	5
18,040	*prizes.*	

Tickets to be had at

DUBOIS'

LOTTERY AND EXCHANGE OFFICE,

(OPPOSITE THE POST OFFICE.)

Feb. 7.

Continued from first Page.

Which was read the first time and ordered to lie on the table.

Mr. Jenkins reported a bill to authorise the mayor and city council of Baltimore, to reduce the width of a part of Holland st.

Mr. Millcourse reported a further additional supplement to an act for quieting possessions, enrolling conveyances, and securing the estates of purchasers;

Mr. White reported a bill to revive and amend an act for the benefit of John L. Trahlles;

Mr. Jenkins reported a bill to authorise the mayor and city council of Baltimore, to open and extend Silow street, in the city of Baltimore, Easterly from Spring street, to Caroline street; And,

Mr. Hammond reported an act to authorise the governor and council, to appoint one justice of the Levy Court, for each election district, in Frederick county;

Mr. Cottman reported a supplement to an act to incorporate the Steam Company of Princess Anne; passed at December session, 1815, chap. 52; And,

Mr. Turner reported a bill to confirm an act, passed at December session, 1831, chap. 232, altering and amending the constitution of this state, so far as relates to election districts in Baltimore county;

Which were severally read the first and second time, by special order, and passed.

On motion by Mr. George A. Thomas, the house resumed the consideration of the unfinished business of yesterday.

The previous question being called by Mr. Pratt, and demanded by a majority of the members present, the said previous question was put, viz: "shall the main question be now put?" it was determined in the negative.

The house then resumed the consideration of the amendments proposed by the committee of the whole house.

The 1st, 2d, 3d, 4th, 5th, and 6th amendments proposed by the committee, were assented to.

Mr. Harper offered as a substitute for the 7th amendment, the following—

Resolved, That the tariff acts are not a 'gross, deliberate, and palpable violation of the constitutional compact,' but that the power to lay imposts of protection, is and ought to be invested in the Congress of the United States by that compact, and has been confirmed by the acquiescence of public opinion and the practice of the government, from the origin of the republic to the present day.

Resolved, That as the Federal Government was founded upon a compromise of conflicting opinions, and upon a generous sacrifice by the members of the union, of some of their private feelings, and separate interests, for the general good, we shall view with pleasure a reduction of the tariff of duties, by which the revenue may be made to correspond with the expenditures of the government.—Provided the reductions be wise and gradual, so that it may not destroy interests growing up under our own protective policy, nor transfer to one portion of our country, burdens from which we are willing to relieve another.

On the question being put, 'will the house adopt the substitute?' it was determined in the negative.

On motion by Mr Jenkins, the 7th amendment was amended by striking out in the second line, the word 'clearly.'

Mr. Ely moved further to amend said amendment, by striking out in the sixth line these words, 'the southern portion of.'

Determined in the negative.

The question then recurred, and was put on the said amendment as amended;

Resolved in the affirmative.

On motion by Mr. Harper, the house agreed to adjourn; which motion was waved for the purpose of receiving the following message from the senate.

The clerk of the senate returned the bill to divorce Cassandra O'Brien, endorsed 'will pass,' ordered to be engrossed;

Also, the bill to incorporate the Patapsco Savings Institution, at Ellicott's Mills, endorsed 'will pass with the proposed amendments,' which amendments were read the first time and ordered to lie on the table.

Also, the bill for the benefit of Thomas S. Carter, late sheriff of Caroline county, endorsed 'will pass with the proposed amendments;' which amendments were severally read the first and second time by special order, assented to, and the bill ordered to be engrossed;

And delivered a bill originated in and passed by the senate to authorise the court of Dorchester county, to make valid the sale of certain real estate, to Anthony Thompson, by commissioners therein named;

Which was read,

And delivered the following message:

Gentlemen of the House of Delegates.

We have received your message proposing to form the committees on the militia, of the two houses, into a joint committee, and agree thereto.

Which was read.

The house then adjourned.

VALUABLE CITY PROPERTY
FOR SALE.

THE subscriber offers for sale all that valuable and beautiful **REAL PROPERTY**, lying and being in the city of Annapolis, opposite the City Hotel, and binding on Church-street 171 feet, on Conduit-street 500 feet, and on the Duke of Gloucester-street 165 feet. The buildings are many and good — This property, perhaps, is rivalled by none in the city as it respects its location, beauty and worth. It is free from all incumbrances, and the title indisputable. The payment of the purchase money will be made easy to the purchaser. For terms, apply to

EDW. WILLIAMS,
Residing on the premises.

Feb. 7 2

CONSTABLE'S SALE.

BY virtue of two writs of fieri facias issued by John [illegible] Esquire, one of the justices of the peace in and for Anne Arundel county, and to me directed, against the goods and chattels, lands and tenements of Henry Stone, William Woods and Charles Hutchcomb, at the suit of John M. Wheat, and Isaac Wheat, I have seized and taken in execution, all the right, title, interest, and claims, in and unto

One Bed, one Scythe and Cradle, one Pot and Potrack, one Gun, one Plough and Gear, one Cart, and a Bay Mare,

and three parts in an undivided tract of land called "Leathers Wood's Luck," containing 5 acres of Land more or less, lying on the road from Baltimore to the Fork of the Patuxent, near the Columbian Mills, and I hereby give notice, that on SATURDAY, the 2d day of March next, on the premises, at 11 o'clock, I shall proceed to sell the property aforesaid to the highest bidder, for Cash, to satisfy the debts and costs due.

REZIN BOUNDS, Constable.

Feb. 7 3t*

FOR SALE.

THE subscriber being legally authorised, will offer at Public Sale, (if not previously disposed of at Private Sale,) on FRIDAY, the first day of March next, at eleven o'clock A. M. at the residence of Mr. David M. Brogden, in Anne Arundel county, all that

FARM

formerly owned by James M'Culloch, Esq. deceased, and now occupied by Mr. David M Brogden, together with a number of valuable SLAVES of both sexes.

Should the above land not be sold, the subscriber will offer for sale on the same day and at the same place, about

300 ACRES

of the land now occupied by Mr William Brogden, being part of Rose Down, and adjoining the Farm called Dodon, now in the possession of Mr. George C. Steuart.

A description of the property is deemed unnecessary, as persons disposed to purchase are invited to visit and examine the premises, which will be shewn by the Messrs. Brogden.

TERMS OF SALE—Cash, or such notes as will be discounted at the Farmers Bank of Maryland, or any other Bank. The land will be conveyed to the purchaser in fee simple, clear of dower.

RICHARD ESTEP.

Feb 7 1s

The Baltimore American, National Intelligencer, and Maryland Republican, will publish the above 2wks, and send their accounts to the office for collection.

METROPOLIS OF THE STATE OF MARYLAND.

MOSES LAKE—PROFESSOR:
CUTS HAIR Phisiognomically, and SHAVES Delectably!!!

His Dressing Room adjoining the bar of Messrs. Williamson & Swann.

HE acknowledges with grateful emotions the continued and increasing patronage bestowed upon him by the fashionable and tasteful public of this Metropolis.

M. LAKE begs leave to continue the exercise of the con-olatory sweep of his MAGIC RAZOR; and to confine himself more particularly to shaping the heads of this learned and distinguished community. New York may boast of her Saunders, Philadelphia of her Annets but it was reserved for the Metropolis of the state, to present the unrivalled talents of a LAKE!

M. Lake likewise informs the gentlemen that he can at all times furnish them with the best (tried) Razors, Combs, Stocks and Collars, Soap, &c. &c. He will be ever ready to attend to all commands in his business.

He superintends a SCOURING ESTABLISHMENT, and will cleanse CLOTHES of every description on reasonable terms.

Dec. 27

STATE OF MARYLAND, SC.

Anne Arundel County Orphans Court,
January 22d, 1833.

ON application by petition of Sarah H. Williamson and Isaac Mayo, Executors of James Williamson, late of Anne-Arundel county, deceased, it is ordered that they give the notice required by law for creditors to exhibit their claims against the said deceased, and that the same be published once in each week, for the space of six successive weeks in the Maryland Republican, and Maryland Gazette.

SAM'L. BROWN, Junr.
Reg. Wills, A. A. County.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN,

THAT the subscribers of Anne-Arundel county, have obtained from the Orphans' Court of Anne-Arundel county, in Maryland, letters testamentary on the personal estate of James Williamson, late of Anne Arundel county, deceased. All persons having claims against the said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscribers at or before the 22d day of July next, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. Given under our hands this 22d day of January 1833.

SARAH H. WILLIAMSON, } Ex'rs.
ISAAC MAYO, }

Jan 24. 1833. 6 R 6w.

Prince-George's County Court,
October Term, 1832.

ORDERED BY THE COURT, That the creditors of Edmund Key and William N. Dorsett, petitioners for the benefit of the Insolvent Laws of the State of Maryland, be and appear before the court at Upper Marlborough Town, on the first Monday in April next, to file allegations, (if any they have) and to recommend a permanent Trustee for their benefit.

Test, AQUILA BEALL Clk,
of Prince George's county court.

Dec. 6—law3m* 5

FOR RENT.

The OWELLING HOUSE and premises, lately occupied by Mr. J. L. [illegible] situated on Church circle and adjoining the dwelling house now occupied by Mr. Polamus [illegible] may be had on the 25th March next.

HENRY S. HOLLAND.

Jan. 31—3

NOTICE.

THE Commissioners for Anne Arundel county will meet at the Court House, in the city of Annapolis, on MONDAY, the 4th day of March next, for the purpose of ascertaining the expenses of the county, and laying the levy.

By order,
R. J. COWMAN, Clk.

Jan. 17 3awtm

THE MARYLAND HORTICULTURAL SOCIETY,

FOR the improvement and encouragement of Gardening and the promotion of Horticultural Science in the state of Maryland, with a view to the accomplishment of those important objects, have determined on having an

EXHIBITION OF PLANTS, &c.

after the manner of other Horticultural Societies. They therefore give notice, that they will cause to be held an exhibition of Plants, Flowers, Fruits, Culinary, Vegetables, &c. &c. in the city of Baltimore, on the eleventh and twelfth days of the month of June, 1833.—Further, as an encouragement, they have resolved to offer three premiums, to be awarded to the three most deserving objects exhibited

The first premium will be a piece of silver plate, of the value of $12.

The second a piece of silver plate, value $8.

The third a silver medal, value $5.

The premiums to be handsomely engraved with the arms of the Society, &c. &c.

For further information on the subject, address, (post paid.)

F. H. DICKEHUT,
Chairman Committee of Arrangement, Balt.

☞Editors of papers throughout the state, are requested to give the above a few insertions.

Jan. 17.

Anne-Arundel County, Ss.

ON application to me the subscriber, a justice of the Orphans Court, of William T. Gantt, praying for the benefit of the act for the relief of Insolvent debtors, passed at November session 1805, and the several supplements thereto, a schedule of his property and a list of his creditors on oath as far as he can ascertain them being annexed to his petition, and having satisfied me by competent testimony that he has resided in the state of Maryland two years immediately preceding this his application, and that he is in actual confinement for debt only, and the subscriber having appointed a trustee for the benefit of the creditors of said petitioner, and the said trustee having given bond with security, for the faithful performance of said trust, it is therefore ordered and adjudged by me, that the said William T. Gantt be discharged from his confinement, and that he by causing a copy of this order to be inserted in the Maryland Gazette once a week for three successive months before the third Monday of April next, give notice to his creditors to appear before Anne Arundel county court on the third Monday in April next, to shew cause if any they have, why the said William T Gantt should not have the benefit of the said act and supplements, as prayed

GIDEON WHITE.

Jan 17 3m

MAIL STAGE
VIA BROAD CREEK.

DURING the session of the legislature of Maryland, the mail will be transported from Cambridge ferry to Broad creek in a stage, leaving Easton at 5 o'clock P. M. on Tuesdays and Saturdays for Easton, leaving Easton at half past 7 o'clock A. M. on Sundays and Wednesdays, and arriving at Annapolis by 7 o'clock P. M. same evening.

Returning, will leave Annapolis at half past 7 o'clock A. M. on Mondays and Fridays, arrive at Easton by 7 o'clock P. M. same day, leave Easton on Tuesdays and Saturdays at noon, (or immediately on the arrival of the northern mail,) arrive at Cambridge by five o'clock P. M.

Passage from Cambridge Ferry to Annapolis four dollars, from Easton three dollars.

Jan. 5

INSOLVENT NOTICE.

ORDERED BY THE COURT, That the creditors of Joshua Neale, a petitioner for the benefit of the insolvent laws of this state, be and appear before the court at Leonardtown, St. Mary's county, on the first Monday of March next, to file allegations, if any they have, and to recommend a permanent trustee.

By order, JO. HARRIS, Clk.
True copy, JO. HARRIS, Clerk
Saint-Mary's County Court.

Nov. 29 12 3m

Prince-George's County Court.
October Term, 1832.

ORDERED, by the Court, That the Creditors of William T. S. Compton, a petitioner for the benefit of the Insolvent Laws of Maryland, be and appear before the Court, to be held at Upper Marlborough Town, on the first Monday in April next, to file allegations, if any they have, against said petitioner.

Test—AQUILA BEALL, Clk.
of Prince George's County Court.

Dec. 27. 3m. 6

PRINTING
Neatly executed at this
OFFICE.

A NEW, CHEAP AND POPULAR PERIODICAL.

SELECT CIRCULATING LIBRARY.

[illegible] striking features of this periodical are, that its books are published in it in a form which allows of their being carried by mail, and at a rate so reasonable, that every intelligent educated person in the community can procure them. The publisher receives from England all the new books of merit, and from these, selections are made from the best classes of Novels, Memoirs, Travels, sketches, Tales and Biography. These are printed as rapidly as an expeditious printing office will admit, and forwarded by mail carefully packed so as to carry to the most distant post office in the Union, unsoiled.

This periodical commenced in October, with the popular novel of Wahlstein, or the Swedes in Prague, which cost in London six dollars; it is contained entire in two numbers and a half of the Circulating Library, costing subscribers less than twenty-five cents. This was succeeded by the Memoirs of Lavalette, which cost the publisher to import eight dollars; it was likewise contained in the same space and at the same price. The sixth number commences the travels of Mr. Vigne, costing in London six dollars; it will be printed entire in the "Library" for at most thirty cents! This enumeration of prices the publisher trusts, with the facility of transportation by mail, will be sufficient to induce those who receive this prospectus, to use some exertion to extend the circulation of the work in their respective neighbourhoods, as, if encouraged hereafter as he has so far been, it is his intention to lay before the American public in this form all the best books which issue from the London press.

The price is five dollars for 52 numbers, which will contain as much matter as 1200 pages, or three volumes, of Rees's Cyclopædia. This volume will comprise at least from twenty-five to thirty entire works, printed on good paper, and with the same accuracy as book work. It will form two volumes of 416 pages each, well worthy of preservation for reference, and a valuable addition to every public and private library. The publisher feels confident in stating, that the entire 52 numbers, when bound, will sell for more than the subscription price, as after a few more numbers are issued, no more will be printed than will supply actual paying subscribers.

Still further to increase the facilities of subscribers, the publisher has added another inducement for clubs to join together in their remittance. Twenty dollars will be received in full for the subscription of five individuals. This deduction will pay all postage.

Those who design to patronize this new and popular mode of publishing good books, will oblige the subscriber by forwarding their remittances as early as practicable. A five dollar note deposited in the post office will supply good reading to a family and circle of acquaintance for a whole year.

The gentleman who makes the selections for this periodical, to literary taste and education, has, from his situation, facilities for knowing what is popular and of high reputation possessed by few; to this he adds a proper sense of the responsibility he has assumed in catering for an extended and moral community. The publisher therefore confidently recommends the Circulating Library to heads of families, as a work which they need have no fear of introducing into any circle.

The ensuing number will contain a highly popular novel, by the English Opium Eater.

ADAM WALDIE,
Carpenter-street, near Seventh, under the Apprentices' Library, back of the Arcade, where subscriptions will be gratefully received.

Dec. 13

☞*A specimen of the Work may be seen at the office of the Maryland Gazette, where Subscriptions will be received.*

ROOMS FOR RENT.

THE subscriber having ROOMS in his House, not necessary for his own use, during the session of the Legislature, offers for Rent the whole of the second story, consisting of FIVE ROOMS, with or without Furniture. They can be made separate and distinct from the other part of the house.

HENRY S. HOLLAND.

Dec. 20.

NOTICE

TO ALL WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.

HAVING made DANIEL HART my sole Agent in Annapolis, he is fully authorised to collect all debts due me, rent all property belonging to me, and, as all my property in Annapolis is for sale, to sell on such terms as he in his judgment, and my interest may think best. Therefore all persons indebted to me are fully authorised to make payment to him, and his receipt shall be good and as fully legal as if given by myself. Given under my hand this 25d day of November, 1832.

THOS. B. ANDERSON.

Nov. 29.

CASH FOR NEGROES.

I WISH TO PURCHASE

100 LIKELY NEGROES,

Of both sexes, from 12 to 25 years of age, field hands—also, mechanics of every description. Persons wishing to sell, will do well to give me a call, as I am determined to give HIGHER PRICES for SLAVES, than any purchaser who is now or may be hereafter in this market. Any communication in writing will be promptly attended to. I can at all times be found at Williamson's Hotel, Annapolis.

RICHARD WILLIAMS.

October 4, 1832.

WINTER ARRANGEMENT.

FOR ANNAPOLIS, CASTLE HAVEN, AND EASTON.

The Steam-boat MARYLAND, will leave Baltimore on Friday morning next, at 7 o'clock for the above places, and will leave Baltimore on Monday for Annapolis at 7 o'clock, to return the same day. Also, will leave Baltimore from her usual place, lower end Dugan's wharf, on Wednesday morning at 9 o'clock for Annapolis only.

Passage to Easton or Castle Haven $3.00
Do. to or from Annapolis 2.00

N. B. All Baggage at the risk of the owner or owners.

L. G. TAYLOR, Capt.

Jan. 3, 1833.

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The Maryland Gazette.

VOL. LXXXVIII. ANNAPOLIS, THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 21, 1833. NO. 8.

PRINTED AND PUBLISHED BY
JONAS GREEN,
Church-Street, Annapolis.
PRICE—THREE DOLLARS PER ANNUM.

MARYLAND LEGISLATURE.

HOUSE OF DELEGATES.

Wednesday, Feb. 13th 1833.

On motion by Forwood,

Ordered, That it be entered on the Journal, that the absence of Mr. Hope is occasioned by the death of a near relative.

Mr. Bourke presented a petition of the trustees of Centreville Academy, praying to restore the Academy to its former standing, by continuing to it the donation from the state.

Mr. Burgess presented a petition of Emeline Duvall, of Anne-Arundel county, praying to be divorced from her husband Alexander Duvall.

Mr. Pratt presented a petition of sundry citizens of Prince-George's county, praying the passage of a law, authorising the Levy Court of said county, to enlarge the office of the register of wills of said county.

Mr. Wright, of Dorchester, presented a petition of sundry citizens of Cambridge, in Dorchester county, praying the repeal of an act of assembly, passed March 10th 1827, chap. 212, entitled, an act to provide for the valuation and condemnation of the waters at the mouth of Cambridge creek, in Dorchester county, for the erection of a tide mill.

Mr. Turner presented a petition of Elizabeth Owen of Baltimore city, praying that her husband Thomas B. Owen be appointed trustee of her property and that of her children.

Mr. Ely presented a petition of sundry citizens of Baltimore and Anne-Arundel counties, praying that the regulations of the Baltimore and Ohio Rail Road Company, as established under an act, passed at December session 1830, chap. 117, may be restricted, and that the second, third, and fourth sections of said act may be repealed;

And, Mr. Powell presented a memorial and petition of sundry citizens of Worcester and Somerset counties, praying that an act may pass, to authorise the appointment of commissioners, and the employment of an Engineer, to survey the route from Salisbury, to the waters of the Pocomoke river, in Worcester county, with a view to the construction of a Rail Road thereon.

Mr. Hollman presented a petition of sundry citizens of Washington county, praying the adoption of such measures as will facilitate the progress of the Chesapeake and Ohio Canal from the Point of Rocks to Cumberland;

Mr. Harris presented a petition of Anne E. A. C. Armstrong, praying to be divorced from her husband Henry Armstrong, a vinculo matrimonii.

The speaker also laid before the house a petition of Henry Armstrong of Saint Mary's county, praying to be divorced from his wife A. E. C. Armstrong.

Mr. George A. Thomas obtained leave to bring in an additional supplement to an act to extend the charter of the Port Deposit and Chesapeake Turnpike Road Company, passed December session, 1830, chap. 6.

Mr. Hearn obtained leave to bring in a bill to authorise the clerk of Worcester county court, to record a certain deed therein mentioned;

Mr. Wright of Dorchester, obtained leave to bring in a bill, to limit the time for entering and filing caveats to last wills and testaments, and for other purposes.

Mr. Edelen obtained leave to bring in a bill relating to certain trespasses upon real estate.

Mr. Ely obtained leave to bring in a bill to incorporate the Oakland Academy, in Baltimore county.

Mr. Hollman obtained leave to bring in a bill to amend and explain an act to establish a bank and incorporate a company, under the name of The Washington County Bank, at the town of Williamsport, in Washington county.

On motion by Mr. Teackle,

Ordered, That the bill, entitled, an act to establish the Bank of the State of Maryland, be made the order of the day for Wednesday next.

Mr. Harper, from the committee, to which was referred the bill from the senate, to authorise certain improvements in the eastern part of the city of Baltimore, reported favorably thereon.

The said bill was then read the second time by special order and passed.

Mr. Blakistone, chairman of the committee on grievances and courts of justice, made a favorable report upon the bill from the senate entitled, A supplement to the act to abridge and reduce into one system the laws to direct descents; which was read.

Mr. Ely reported a supplement to an act, to provide for the distribution of that part of the school fund, which is appropriated to Baltimore county, passed at December session 1826, chapter 185;

Which was read the first and second time, by special order, and passed.

The bill for the relief of Daniel Orrell, and others, of Caroline county.

The bill, to incorporate the South Baltimore company,

And the bill, for the relief of Sarah Ann Stansbury, of the city of Baltimore, were sent to the senate.

The bill from the senate, to alter the time of the meeting of the General Assembly of this state and for other purposes,

Also the bill, for the relief of Andrew Hook, late of the city of Baltimore, were returned to the senate.

Mr. Gittings, from the committee on insolvency, reported a bill, for the relief of Alfred Lee, of the State of Ohio, now in the custody of the sheriff of Montgomery county;

Which was read the first and second time, by special order, passed, and sent to the senate.

Mr. Turner from the committee on ways and means, reported a bill, for the reassessment and revaluation of all the real and personal property in the several counties and cities of this state.

Mr. Brewer, from the committee on grievances and courts of justice, reported a bill, for the relief of George Fouke and Elizabeth his wife, and Henry and Louis Fouke.

Mr. Blakistone, chairman of the committee on grievances and courts of justice, reported a supplement to an act, to provide for taking testimony in civil cases, passed at December session, 1828, chapter 165.

And Mr. Edelen reported a bill, relating to certain trespasses upon real estate.

The bill from the senate, for the relief of Charles Barr, of the city of Baltimore, was taken up for consideration, read the second time and passed.

The bill reported by Mr. Jenkins, entitled, An act to incorporate the Baltimore snuff mill company,

Also the bill reported by him, entitled, A supplement to the act, entitled, An act to incorporate the Warren Manufacturing Company,

The bill reported by Mr. Compton, chairman of the committee on divorces, to divorce George Twilly and Priscilla Twilly of Worcester county,

And the bill reported by Mr. Powell, to incorporate the Somerset and Worcester Rail Road Company,

Which were severally taken up for consideration, read the second time and passed.

The favourable reports of the committee on pensions and revolutionary claims, upon the petitions of Adam Hoops, a captain in the revolution, Stephen Fennell a revolutionary soldier, and Harriet Williams, widow of Capt. Elisha Williams, a revolutionary officer;

Were severally taken up for consideration, read the second time, the reports concurred in, and the resolutions therein contained, severally assented to.

The hour for taking up the order of the day having arrived, the house proceeded to consider the order of the day, being the bill, reported by Mr. White, from the committee on internal improvement, entitled, A further supplement to the act, to promote internal improvement, by the construction of a Rail Road from Baltimore to the city of Washington, passed at December session 1830.

On motion by Mr. Merrick, said bill was ordered to lie on the table.

On motion by Mr. Teackle, the house took up for consideration the bill reported by him from the committee on ways and means, entitled a further additional supplement to the act of December session, 1827, chapter 117, to regulate the issuing of licenses to traders, keepers of ordinaries, and others.

Mr. Jenkins moved to amend said bill, by adding at the end thereof, as an additional section, the following:

And be it enacted, That the minimum license imposed by virtue of the last supplement to the original act to which this is a further additional supplement, be, and is hereby reduced to eight dollars.

Mr. Jones moved to amend the amendment proposed by Mr. Jenkins, by adding at the end thereof the following: 'to those traders who shall not sell ardent spirits.'

Determined in the negative.

The question then recurred upon the adoption of the amendment as proposed by Mr. Jenkins.

Determined in the negative.

Mr. Turner moved to amend said bill by adding at the end thereof, as an additional section, the following—

And be it enacted, That in no instance shall the clerk of any county court, be permitted to grant a license to vend spirituous liquors to any person who lives within two miles of any camp meeting, who does not keep a regular public house, except upon the recommendation of a judge or judges of the county court.

Determined in the negative.

On motion by Mr. Miller, said bill was amended by adding at the end thereof, as an additional section, the following—

And be it enacted, That nothing herein contained shall be construed to require persons to take out a license for the sale of cider or small beer, made by the person offering to vend the same.

Mr. Teackle moved further to amend said bill, by adding at the end thereof the following, as an additional section—

And be it enacted, That the last section of an act passed at December session, 1825, chapter 113, entitled, an act to authorise limited partnerships in this state, be and the same is hereby repealed—Provided, That every partnership which may be formed according to the provisions of this act, shall be subject to the full effect and operation of the act to which this is 'a further additional supplement,' and the several supplements thereto;

Determined in the negative.

The said bill was then read the second time as amended and passed.

The clerk of the Senate returned the bill, relating to Parkin street in the city of Baltimore;

Also, the bill, to explain an act of Assembly, passed at December session 1831, chapter 323, relating to free negroes and slaves, severally endorsed, 'will pass,' ordered to be engrossed;

Also the resolution in favour of John Hutchinson of Dorchester county;

And the resolution in favour of Jonathan Kershner and John P. Bayless;

And the resolution requiring the treasurer of the western shore, to pay to his Excellency the Governor, the sum of money therein mentioned, severally endorsed, 'assented to,' ordered to be engrossed.

The house then adjourned.

Thursday, Feb. 14th, 1833.

Mr. Hollman presented a petition of Phineas Williams, of Washington county, praying for a special act to enable him to bring into this state, certain negro slaves therein mentioned.

Mr. Wright, of Q. Anne's, presented a memorial of the commissioners of the town of Centreville praying the enactment of certain laws therein mentioned.

Mr. Jenkins presented a petition of George Beltzhoover, and others, praying for the passage of an act to authorise the widening of a part of Light street in the city of Baltimore.

Mr. Schley presented a petition of Wm. B. Gwinn, Abraham Lichtenwalter, and others, of Frederick county, praying a convention to reform the constitution.

Mr. Merrick presented a petition of Harriet Oliver of Charles county, praying to be placed upon the pension list of said county.

Mr. George A. Thomas, presented a petition of sundry citizens of Cecil county, praying that a company may be incorporated to make a Turnpike road from Conowingo, to the Pennsylvania line.

Mr. Jenkins presented a petition of Elizabeth Nes of the city of Baltimore, praying for a divorce from her husband Samuel Nes.

Mr Duvall, of Prince-George's presented a petition of Philemon Jones of P. George's county, praying an alteration of laws therein mentioned.

Mr. Wright of Dorchester, presented a memorial of Joseph Ennalls, of Dorchester county, counter to the petition of sundry citizens of Cambridge in said county, praying the repeal of an act of assembly, passed December session 1826, chap. 212, entitled, an act for the valuation and condemnation of the waters of Cambridge creek, for the purpose of erecting a tide mill.

And, Mr. Jenkins presented a communication of the clerk of Baltimore city court, relative to the business of said court.

Mr. Harper presented a petition of Victor Vallette, and others, of the city of Baltimore, praying an act of incorporation.

Mr. Jenkins presented a report of the President and Directors of the Baltimore and Ohio Rail Road Company, in compliance of an order of this house of the 7th inst.

Which was read and ordered to be printed.

Mr. Louthan obtained leave to bring in a bill to authorise the sale of certain real estate lying in Allegany county, for the benefit of the heirs of Michael Kershner, deceased.

Mr Harper submitted the following resolution;

Resolved by the General Assembly of Maryland, That the State Librarian, be, and he is hereby authorised under the direction of the joint committee on the State Library to exchange or otherwise dispose of, the 'Proceedings and Debates of the Virginia State Convention of 1829—'30;' and the proceeds of the same be expended in the purchase of other books for the use of the said Library.

Which was read the first and second time by special order, and assented to.

Mr. Merrick from the committee on internal improvement, to which was referred the bill from the senate, entitled, a supplement to the act, entitled, an act vesting certain powers in the President of the United States, reported the same with the following amendment:

Amendment Proposed.

Strike out all after the word 'made,' in the last line of the first section—and insert in lieu thereof, the words 'whenever the same may respectively be necessary along the line of said road.'

Which was read.

On motion by Mr. Cottman, (seconded by two other members who voted in the majority) the house reconsidered their vote upon the bill to incorporate the Somerset and Worcester Rail-road Company.

On motion by Mr. Cottman, said bill was recommitted to the committee on internal improvement.

Mr. Harper reported a bill to incorporate the Central Savings Institution of Baltimore.

Mr. Jenkins reported a bill to authorise the extension of Cathedral street, and the closing up a part of Liberty street in the city of Baltimore.

Mr. Richardson of Dorchester, reported a bill for the relief of James Allcorn of the city of Baltimore.

Mr. Lewis Thomas reported a further supplement to an act to authorise the rebuilding of a bridge over Conowingo creek at or near Abijah Fenns in Cecil county, passed at Dec. session, 1831, chap. 73.

Mr. Wright of Dorchester, reported a bill to limit the time for entering and filing caveats to last wills and testaments; and for other purposes.

Mr. Hollman reported a bill for the benefit of John Hamilton, George Hamilton, James Rench, Thomas Rench, Sarah Bowen, and Wm. C. Bowen.

Mr. Forman reported a bill for the relief of Frederick A. Stuart of the city of Baltimore.

Mr. Compton chairman of the committee on divorces, reported a bill to divorce Mary Ann Kirby of the city of Baltimore from her husband Wm. Kirby.

Mr. Ely reported a bill to incorporate the Oakland Academy in Baltimore county.

Mr. Ellicott reported a bill to make public a road therein mentioned.

Mr. Hammond reported a bill to incorporate the Woodsborough Savings Institution.

Mr. Schley reported a bill relating to the stone church house commonly called the Manor church, in Frederick county—and,

Mr. Grove reported a bill to repeal all that part of the constitution and form of government as relates to the division of Washington county into seven election districts, and for other purposes.

The clerk of the senate returned the bill, for the relief of Alfred Lee, of Ohio, now in custody of the sheriff of Montgomery county, endorsed, 'will pass with the proposed amendment;'

Which amendment was read the first and second time by special order, 'assented to,' and the bill ordered to be engrossed;

Also, the resolution in favour of James Harrison, (of William,) endorsed, 'dissented from.'

And delivered a bill originated in and passed by the senate, entitled, A supplement to the act, entitled, An act to incorporate the Frederick and Woodsborough Turnpike Road Company;

Which was read and referred to the committee on internal improvement.

On motion by Mr. Burgess,

The house took up for consideration, the bill reported by him, entitled, A supplement to the act, entitled, An act for regulating and inspecting weights and measures of this state.

Mr. Burgess moved to fill the blank in the second section of said bill, tenth line, with the words 'three hundred.'

Mr. Hollman moved to fill the blank with 'fifty.'

Mr. Ellicott moved to fill the blank with 'one hundred.'

Resolved in the affirmative.

Mr. Gantt moved to amend said bill by adding at the end thereof as an additional section the following—

'And be it enacted, that nothing contained in this act shall extend to Prince George's county.'

Mr. Harris moved to strike out the enacting clause of the bill.

Resolved in the affirmative.

The preamble and resolutions submitted by Mr. Forman, in relation to opening the navigation through the Sounds, between the Capes of Virginia and Delaware, were taken up for consideration.

On motion by Mr. Forman, said resolutions were amended by adding at the end thereof the following—

Resolved, That should the President of the United States at the request of the Governor of this state, designate an Engineer, to make the contemplated survey, that this state, with the states of Virginia and Delaware, or either of them, will pay for the service of such Engineer.

The said resolutions were then read the second time as amended, and assented to.

The bill reported by Mr. Ely, to repeal an act, passed at December session, 1827, chapter 83,

The bill reported by Mr. Schley, for the benefit of the children and devisees of Henry Steiner, late of Frederick county deceased,

The bill reported by Mr. Jump, entitled, A further additional supplement to an act, for the distribution of a certain fund, for the purpose of establishing free schools in the several counties therein named, and for other purposes,

The bill reported by Mr. Hammond, to authorise the sale of a lot of ground in the town of Westminister,

Also, the bill reported by him, to authorise the levy court of Frederick county, to allow additional compensation to John P. Schuyler and for other purposes.

The bill reported by Mr. Wright of Queen Anne's, for the relief of Bernard Henry, late of the city of Baltimore,

The bill reported by Mr. Weast, to close part of a certain alley, in the town of Hagerstown,

The bill reported by Mr. Wright of Queen Anne's, to incorporate the Beaverdam and Harlington's Branch Canal company,

The bill reported by Mr. Mann, to authorise the commissioners of Washington county, to levy upon the assessable property of said county, a sum or sums of money, in cases of epidemics,

The bill reported by Mr. Jenkins, relating to the last will and testament of Mary Elizabeth Clouet, of the city of Baltimore,

The bill reported by Mr. Somerville, for the relief of Walter Wells, one of the securities of Thomas R. Wells, deceased, and late collector of taxes for Calvert county, And,

The bill reported by Mr. Harper, chairman of the committee on the coloured population, entitled, a supplement to an act relating to the people of colour in this state, passed at December session 1831, chapter, 281.

Were severally taken up for consideration; read the second time and passed.

The bill reported by Mr. Harper, chairman of the committee on the coloured population, entitled, a supplement to an act, entitled, an act relating to the free negroes and slaves, passed at December session 1831, chapter 323, was taken up for consideration.

On motion by Mr. White, said bill was amended, by inserting after the word 'three;' in the fifth line, first section, the words 'or loaned.'

Mr. Turner moved to amend said bill, by inserting after the word 'time,' in the eleventh line, first section, the following:—

'Or which may have been acquired by marriage since the passage of the act to which this is a supplement,

Determined in the negative.

Mr. Jenkins moved to amend said bill by adding at the end of the first section, the following:

'And the fact required to appear in this section shall be proved by the oath or affirmation of the party introducing the said slaves, which oath or affirmation may be taken before any justice of the peace in this state and set forth all the said facts fully and particularly, and be recorded in the office of the clerk of the court of the county into which the said slave may be introduced.'

Mr. Somerville moved to amend the amendment proposed by Mr. Jenkins, by adding at the end thereof, these words, 'and the costs accruing thereon, shall be paid by the persons introducing said slaves.'

Determined in the affirmative.

The question then recurred upon the adoption of the amendment as amended;

Determined in the negative.

Mr. Turner moved to amend the 2d section of said bill, by inserting after the word 'State,' in the eighth line thereof, these words, 'or which may have been acquired by marriage six months previous to the passage of this act;'

Determined in the negative.

On motion by Mr. Mills, said bill was amended, by inserting after the word 'thereon,' in the third section, fourth line, the words, 'or acquired by inheritance or otherwise real estate, in this state, and intending to reside thereon.'

Mr. Jenkins moved to strike out the third section of said bill;

Determined in the negative.

Mr. Jenkins then moved to amend the third section of said bill, by striking out in the second line thereof, the words, 'previously to the passage of this act;'

Determined in the negative.

Mr. Jenkins then moved to amend the third section of said bill, by adding at the end thereof, the following:

And provided also, that any persons who may bring a slave or slaves into the state, by virtue of this section, shall first make an oath or affirmation before a justice of the peace of this state, that they did not at the time of purchasing the said land, know of the passage of the 'act relating to free negroes and slaves,' passed at December session 1831, and record the oath in the office of the clerk of the county to which said person may remove them.

Determined in the negative.

The house then adjourned.

Friday, February 15th, 1833.

Mr. Hollman presented a petition of sundry citizens of Washington county, praying that the Legislature, in their action upon the memorial of the Chesapeake and Ohio Canal Company, presented at the present session, will adopt such measures as in their wisdom will insure to this great work a speedy and uninterrupted prosecution, to the termination of its eastern section at Cumberland.

Also, presented a petition of John Walgamot, of Washington county, praying to be divorced from his wife Juliana Walgamot.

Mr. Ellicott obtained leave to bring in a bill, to authorise justices of the peace to attach property.

And Mr. Kent presented a petition of Joseph Wood, late sheriff of Calvert county, praying for further time to complete his collections;

Mr. Wright, of Dorchester, presented a report of the trustees of the Cambridge Academy, in Dorchester county.

Mr. Pratt obtained leave to bring in a bill, to recharter the 'Planters Banke of Prince George's county.'

Mr Somerville obtained leave to bring in a bill, to provide for the repairs of the public roads in Calvert county.

(See fourth page.)

Maryland Gazette.

ANNAPOLIS:

Thursday, February 21, 1833.

A CARD.

The Lectures on Natural Philosophy at *St. John's College*, are discontinued for two weeks, to be resumed on the first Wednesday after Commencement.

COMMENCEMENT.

The annual commencement of St. John's College, will take place in St. Anne's Church, in this city, on Friday next, the 22d of February. The exercises will commence at 11 o'clock, A. M. Orations will be delivered by several Candidates for degrees, and an Address is expected from the President.

TEMPERANCE SOCIETY.

The American Temperance Society has recommended that a simultaneous meeting of all the Temperance Societies in the United States should take place on

Tuesday, the 26th instant,

and the Maryland State Society, at its last meeting, requested of all Societies in this State the observance of this recommendation. A meeting of the State Society will therefore be held on that evening at 7 o'clock, in the House of Delegates' Chamber, which all the members of Temperance Societies, and the public generally, are invited to attend.

For the Maryland Gazette.

LINES

On the death of Mrs. T******* of Calvert county, who died of the Consumption, in the 19th year of her age.

Farewell dear friend! While life was in its spring,
And thy black eyes just stay'd their virgin wing
The spoiler came; but pausing, dropt a tear
When in thy breast he fix'd the fatal spear
Though Death was sent, he came without a frown,
And blush'd to tear the gem from Hymen's crown.
I heard thee whisper—"Death, where is thy sting"
I saw thee fade away—thy soul take wing—
And lo! a voice descending from on high
Bade wide the heavenly portals open fly.
Those virtues ever prais'd, too seldom felt,
Glow'd in that heart where love untarnish'd dwelt.
Those lips, now mute, perpetual smiles did wear,
They seal'd in death, the truth of christian prayer.
Thou earthly worm! prey not upon her corse!
Await the coming of her once lov'd dross!
Then welcome may'st thou have this flesh of mine,
But spare, O spare! what is already thine.

February 14th, 1833. W. S. T.

MARYLAND LEGISLATURE.

HOUSE OF DELEGATES.

Saturday, Feb. 16th 1833.

Mr. Schley presented a petition of George Flautt, William Barns and others, of Frederick county, praying a convention to reform the Constitution of Maryland.

Mr. Mowell presented a memorial of sundry citizens of Calvert county, praying the establishment of a school in Prince Frederick, in said county, and asking the adoption of a resolution requiring the treasurer of the western shore, to pay over to the trustees, such sum or sums of money as were directed to be withheld by a resolution of the last general assembly, from Lower Marlborough Academy.

Mr. Millar presented a petition of sundry citizens of the 3d election district in Charles county, praying for assistance to enable them to establish a school in said district.

Mr. Grove presented a petition of sundry citizens of Washington county, praying that the legislature in their action upon the memorial of the Chesapeake and Ohio Canal Company, presented at the present session, will adopt such measures as in their wisdom will insure to this great work, a speedy and uninterrupted prosecution, to the termination of its eastern section at Cumberland.

Mr. Heard presented a petition of the Inspectors of Tobacco, in the city of Baltimore, praying that the salaries of their clerks may be increased;

Also presented a petition of James Keech, of St. Mary's county, praying for a special act of insolvency.

Mr. Pratt presented a petition of Edward W. Belt, late collector of the tax in Prince George's county, praying an extension of time for collecting the same.

Mr. Burgess presented a petition of Allen Warfield, of Anne-Arundel county, praying to be divorced from his wife Mary Warfield.

Mr. Harper presented a petition of Mary E. Bond, of the city of Baltimore, praying to be divorced from her husband William Bond.

And Mr. Lantz presented a petition of Hannah Crabtree, of Allegany county, praying to be divorced from her husband Jacob Myer Simmons Crabtree.

Mr. Harper presented a memorial of John Gibson, James Wilson and others, of the city of Baltimore, counter to the memorial of Samuel J. Donaldson, John Durham and others, relating to the opening of a market in the city of Baltimore.

Mr. Johns presented a petition of sundry citizens of Harford county, praying that Jas. Clark of Harford county, may be placed on the pension list of said county.

Mr. Pratt presented a petition of sundry citizens of Prince George's county, praying that Rezin Turner, may be placed on the pension list of said county.

Mr. Worthington presented a petition of sundry citizens of Montgomery, A. Arundel and Baltimore counties, praying the passage of an act for the opening and laying out a road therein mentioned.

Mr. Harper presented a petition of Duncan McCulloch of the city of Baltimore, praying that his name may be changed to Duncan Hugh McCulloch.

Mr. Hollman presented a petition of sundry citizens of Washington county, praying that the Legislature, in their action upon the memorial of the Chesapeake and Ohio Canal Company, presented at the present session, will adopt such measures as in their wisdom will insure to this great work a speedy and uninterrupted prosecution, to the termination of its eastern section at Cumberland.

Mr. Jenkins presented a petition of Sarah Mainster and others, of the city of Baltimore, praying that an act may pass, authorising the mayor and city council of Baltimore, to open Caroline street from Little Hampstead street to Union Alley, or to permit the same to remain forever closed.

Also, presented a petition of Godfrey Meyer, and others, of the city of Baltimore, complaining that they are aggrieved by the act of assembly, which restricts the practice of medicine to licensed graduates, and praying that the said act may be repealed.

The speaker laid before the house, a letter from the Hon. C. F. Mercer, President of the Chesapeake and Ohio Canal Company;

Which was read and is as follows:

February, 14th, 1833.

The Honourable the Speaker of the House of Delegates of Maryland—

Sir—

The President and Directors of the Chesapeake and Ohio Canal Company, penetrated with a deep sense of the importance of the great public enterprise committed to their care, have instructed me, most respectfully, to request of your honourable house to be heard at its bar, in explanation of the progress, condition and prospects of the Chesapeake and Ohio Canal, and of the principles on which it has been conducted, with a view to the vindication of the latter, and to the support of the memorial, which they have had the honour to present to the general assembly of Maryland, during their present session.

I have the honour to be sir,
with the highest respect,
your most ob't. hum'l. serv't,
C. F. MERCER,
Pre. of the C. & Ohio C. C.

Mr. Lantz obtained leave to bring in a bill to repeal so much of the law of December session 1825, chap. 206, relative to the regulating of weighs and measures, as relates to Allegany county.

Mr. Johns obtained leave to bring in a supplement to an act, to compel the registers of wills, in the several counties therein mentioned, to keep each his office at the seat of justice, in the county for which he shall be register, passed at December session 1804, chapter 39, so far as relates to Harford county.

Mr. Harper, from the committee on internal improvement, to whom was referred the memorial of the President and Directors of the Baltimore and Susquehannah Rail Road Company, praying assistance of the state, delivered the following report:

The committee on internal improvement, to whom was referred the memorial of the Baltimore and Susquehannah Rail Road Company, beg leave to report, that after mature consideration, they are of opinion it is a work justly entitled to the protection and patronage of the state, as constituting a very important part of the system of internal improvements now in progress in Maryland.

In order that the house may understand the object and progress of the work, and the extent of the operations of the company, the committee beg leave to state, that by the charter of the company passed in 1827, it was designed to extend a Rail Road in the most direct line to the great valley of the Susquehannah. To accomplish this, the consent of the state of Pennsylvania was necessary, which has, however been heretofore refused except in the qualified form of the incorporation of a company, to construct a Rail Road from the town of York, to the Maryland line, clogged with conditions which rendered the charter valueless. In the year 1831, an application for the amendment of the charter, was granted by the legislature, authorising the construction of a branch Rail Road, to the town of Westminster, and thence to the head waters of the Monocacy river. Under the powers granted by the original and amended charter, the company have constructed a Rail Road along the valley of Jones' Falls, for a distance of seven miles, upon which a double track has been laid. From this point, the direct line has been extended five miles to intersect the York Turnpike road; and the Westminster branch, ten miles to intersect the Reisterstown Turnpike road. It is the present intention of the company to extend the main road a few miles further towards the Gunpowder Falls, and there await the removal of the obstacles interposed by Pennsylvania, to the prolongation of the road, to its contemplated point of termination. This portion of the road will afford very great facilities of transportation to the local trade now conducted upon the turnpike road, and to the various establishments erected on the Gunpowder and its tributaries.

But the great object of the company, at present, as stated in their memorial, is the completion of the branch road, to Westminster, and in the importance attached to this work by the board of directors, the committee fully concur. Without going at large into the reasons and facts advanced by the company, it will suffice to state, that the distance from its present termination to Westminster by the route of the rail road, is about twenty one miles, over a country presenting no insurmountable obstacles to such a construction; that the route passes through the centre of the State, and when extended to Westminster, will have reached a point at which the great turnpike roads leading from Pittsburg and the south western counties of Pennsylvania, towards Baltimore, are converged; and from which more produce reaches the city of Baltimore, than all the other avenues united. The route is also more frequented by passengers than most of the others leading from Baltimore to the interior of the country.

In a local point of view it may with justice be asserted that the road is of immediate importance to the population and trade not only of the city, but of the county of Baltimore, as also those of Frederick and a portion of Washington and Allegany, which include within their limits more than one half of the population of the state, and a large portion of its most fertile territory. In this view alone, therefore, it would seem to the committee an enterprise peculiarly deserving the support and patronage of the Legislature.

It is not necessary to enlarge upon this work as one of national importance. The committee content themselves with the single remark, that when completed on its main line to the Susquehanna, (a distance of about sixty miles,) it will there intersect the grand Pennsylvania Canal, which is rapidly approaching, on the north, to a junction with the Erie Canal, and on the west is nearly completed to Pittsburg, and on the east will connect with the Philadelphia and Columbia Rail Road which is fast progressing to completion. It is thus manifest, that by the completion of this, comparatively small work, a direct communication will be opened between the Emporium of the state, and a most fertile, extensive and populous region of country, and with some of the most magnificent public works which have ever been constructed.

If the State of Maryland has, indeed, embarked in a system of internal improvement as her settled policy, where can she find a fairer and more productive field of operations than that now presented to her consideration?

Your committee find that the capital of this company consists of 9,000 shares of stock of fifty dollars each, of which the state holds 2,000 shares, equal to $100,000. The subscription of the state has been paid in 4½ per cent. stock, issued for that special purpose and she has advanced over and above the sum of $33 per share paid by the other stockholders, certificates of stock for the remaining $17 per share, the interest on which is payable by the company. The whole amount subscribed by the state has been expended in the construction of the Westminster branch. It appears by a report from the treasurer made in pursuance of an order of the house, that the money actually paid by the state, on account of its subscription to the stock of the Baltimore and Susquehanna Rail Road Company, has been paid for interest, on four and a half per cent. stock of the state, issued for the payment of that subscription—and its amount is eight hundred and fifty-five dollars.

The company has recently declared its first dividend, and its amount for the state, is understood to be one thousand dollars, and to be payable on or after the twentieth instant.'

It is estimated by the company that $350,000 will complete the road to Westminster, and that portion of the York line the speedy construction of which is desired. This sum, the company propose to raise by a loan upon its own credit; but in order to enable them to do so upon the most favourable terms, they ask of the state to become guarantee for the payment of the interest only during the existence of the loan; but in no manner nor in any event to become liable for the payment of the principal debt. As a security to protect the state against any possible loss, the company offer to execute a transfer to the state of the whole road and its appendages, amounting with the constructions contemplated to be made with the funds so borrowed to a security of the value of $750,000. The greatest responsibility to which the state can possibly be subjected will be the payment of $17,500 per annum, supposing the loan to be negotiated at 5 per cent. If the entire road when completed to Westminster, shall produce but a fraction over two per cent, that responsibility will be altogether removed. That the net profits of the work in its proposed extension would far exceed such an amount is confidently believed, not only from the results of the limited operations of the company for the past season, but from a knowledge of the immense inland trade which passes through Westminster, and the experience acquired by the Baltimore and Ohio Rail Road Company. Such a result would give to the state a profitable return for the amount already invested in the stock of the company. It would therefore, seem to the committee that independently of all other considerations which should influence the legislature of the state in matters of internal improvement, there is in the work now before us, and in the manner suggested for its completion every thing to entitle it to a favourable consideration.

In conformity to these views the committee beg leave to report a bill which is herewith respectfully submitted.

Which was read,

And on motion by Mr. Harper, ordered to be printed.

Mr. White, from the minority of the committee on internal improvement, to whose consideration had been referred so much of the late executive message, as relates to the Chesapeake and Ohio Canal, and the Baltimore and Ohio Rail Road companies, and the several memorials and counter memorials on the subject, delivered a report,

Which was read,

And on motion by Mr. White, three hundred and thirty-three copies ordered to be printed.

Mr. Jenkins, from the committee, made a favourable report upon the bill from the Senate, entitled, An act relating to private wharves, docks and the like, in the city of Baltimore.

Which was read.

The clerk of the Senate returned the bill, for the relief of Sarah Ann Stansbury, of the city of Baltimore,

Also, the bill, to authorise the commissioners of Washington county, to levy upon the assessable property of said county, a sum or sums of money in cases of epidemics,

Also, the bill, to confirm an act, passed at December session, 1831, chapter 282, altering and amending the constitution of this state, so far as relates to election districts in Baltimore county, severally endorsed, 'will pass,' ordered to be engrossed,

Also, the bill, to authorise the levy court of Frederick to allow additional compensation to John P. Schuyler, and for other purposes, endorsed, 'will pass with proposed amendments,"

Also, the resolutions in favour of Elizabeth Downing, and the Warden of Baltimore county jail.

And the resolution requiring the Register of the Land office, to record certain papers, severally endorsed, 'assented to,' and ordered to be engrossed,

And delivered a bill originated in and passed by the Senate, entitled, An act to repeal an act, passed at December session, eighteen hundred and twenty-nine, entitled, An act to provide for the election of the levy court of Queen Anne's county, by the people.

Mr. Jenkins, chairman of the committee on education, reported a bill entitled, An act to incorporate the Vienna Academy.

Mr. Harper, from the committee on Internal Improvement, reported a further supplement to 'An act to incorporate the Baltimore and Susquehannah Rail Road company.'

Mr. Forwood reported a bill, for building a bridge over Deer creek in Harford county.

Mr. Schley, from the committee on divorces, reported a bill to divorce Emeline Duvall of Anne Arundel county, from her husband Alexander Duvall.

Mr. George A. Thomas reported a bill to incorporate a company to make a turnpike road from Conewingo in Cecil county to the Pennsylvania line.

Mr. Bourke reported a bill to repeal the 6th section of the act of 1830, chapter 160, to extend the powers of the commissioners of the school fund in Queen Anne's county, And

Mr. Hearn reported a bill to authorise the clerk of Worcester county court, to record a certain deed therein mentioned.

The preamble and resolution submitted by Mr. Harris on the 7th instant, relative to the public lands, was taken up for consideration.

On motion by Mr. Harris, said resolution was made the order of the day for Tuesday next

The report of the committee to which was referred the memorial of the visitors and governors of St. John's College, was taken up for consideration;

On motion by Mr. Pratt, said report was made the order of the day for Wednesday next.

The bill reported by Mr. Milbourne entitled, A further additional supplement to an act for quieting possessions, enrolling conveyances, and securing the estates of purchasers,

The bill reported by Mr. Hammond to authorise the governor and council to appoint one justice of the levy court for each election district in Frederick county.—and

The bill reported by Mr. Jenkins, to authorise the Mayor and City council of Baltimore to reduce the width of a part of Holland street.

Were severally taken up for consideration, read the second time, passed, and sent to the Senate

The bill from the Senate entitled, An act to authorise the governor and council to appoint directors of the banks therein mentioned was taken up for consideration,

When on motion by Mr Jenkins, said bill was ordered to lie on the table.

The bill reported by Mr. Jenkins to authorise the mayor and city council of Baltimore to open and extend Silver street, in the city of Baltimore, eastwardly from Spring st. to Caroline st.

The bill reported by Mr. Compton from the committee on divorces, to divorce Albert G. Franciscus and his wife Eliza Jane Franciscus, of the city of Baltimore

The bill reported by Mr. Hope to make valid the deed of conveyance therein mentioned.

The bill reported by Mr. Jenkins to divorce Mary Elizabeth Stewart of the city of Baltimore from her husband Wm. S. Stewart, a mensa et thoro.

The bill reported by Mr. Cottman, entitled a supplement to an act to provide for the erection of a building for the accommodation of Somerset county court.

The bill reported by Mr. Weast authorising the moderator and commissioners of Hagerstown, to levy on the assessable property of said town, a sum of money for the purpose therein named.

The bill reported by Mr. Nicols for the incorporation of Dorchester Lodge, number nineteen of the order of Independent Odd Fellows.

The bill reported by Mr. Harding entitled, a further supplement to the act to allow Adam Robb, the executor of Upton Beall, late clerk of Montgomery county, further time to complete certain records, passed at December session, 1828, chap. 2.

The bill reported by Mr. Grove to authorise the clerk of Washington county, to record the deed therein mentioned.

The bill reported by Mr. Brewer, from the committee on Grievances and Courts of Justice, entitled an act for the relief of George Fouke, and Elizabeth his wife, and Henry and Lewis Fouke.

The bill from the senate entitled, a supplement to the act to amend and reduce into one system the Laws to direct descents,—and,

The bill for the completion of a certain trust therein mentioned;

Were severally taken up for consideration, read the second time, and passed.

The house then adjourned.

Monday, Feb. 18th 1833.

Mr. Hollman presented a petition of Samuel K. Hoshour of Washington county, praying a special act to enable him to bring into this state, a certain negro slave therein mentioned.

Mr. Wright, of Queen Anne's, presented a petition of Benjamin [illegible], of Queen Anne's county, praying relief as therein set forth;

And, Mr. Bourke, presented a petition of Rachel Hambleton, of Q. Anne's county, praying relief therein mentioned.

Mr. Bruff presented a petition of sundry citizens of Talbot county, praying an alteration in the law for the protection of oysters in the waters of the eastern shore of this state, passed at December session, 1831.

Mr. Johns presented a petition of sundry citizens of Harford county, praying the passage of an act, to call a Convention to reform the constitution of the state of Maryland.

Mr. Wright, of Queen-Anne's presented a memorial of the commissioners of the school fund of Q. Anne's county, praying the repeal of certain laws therein mentioned and for other purposes.

Mr. Grove presented a petition of Archibald T. Frick, of Washington county, praying for a special act of insolvency.

Mr. Ely presented a petition of sundry citizens of Baltimore county and city, complaining that they are aggrieved by the act of assembly, which restricts the practice of medicine to licensed graduates, and praying that the said act may be repealed.

Mr. Mann presented a petition of William Grove, of Washington county, praying for the passage of an act to authorise him to bring into this state, certain negro slaves therein mentioned.

Mr. Jenkins presented a petition of John S. Gittings and others, praying that Light st. in the city of Baltimore, may be extended southerly, until it intersects the Old Ferry road.

Mr. Hammond presented a petition of sundry citizens of Frederick county, counter to the memorial of the Chesapeake and Ohio Canal Company, praying for authority to sell water rights along the line of their Canal.

Also, presented a memorial of sundry citizens of Frederick and Washington counties, praying the legislature to take such measures, compatible with the public faith, as will compel the Canal Company to permit on the terms recommended by the resolution of the last general assembly, the passage of the Rail Road, through the narrow and difficult passes, between the Point of Rocks and Harper's Ferry.

And, Mr. Harper presented a petition of Wm. Walters, of the city of Baltimore, praying for a divorce from his wife Ann Walters.

Mr. Turner obtained leave to bring in a bill to facilitate the collection of tax in the several counties in this state.

Mr. Foreman obtained leave to bring in a bill to incorporate a company for the purpose of making a Canal to connect the waters of Lewis Creek, with Indian River and the Chesapeake Bay, by Pocomoke River.

Mr. Ellicott obtained leave to bring in a bill to provide for the appointment of the collectors of the tax for Anne Arundel county.

Mr. Hammond obtained leave to bring in a supplement to the act to incorporate The Frederick Fire Insurance Company.

Mr. Rogerson obtained leave to bring in a bill to authorise the commissioners already appointed by Charles county levy court, to divide said county into School Districts.

Mr. Thomas obtained leave to bring in a bill to authorise the levy court of Dorchester county, to levy a sum of money for the purpose of building a bridge across Slaughter creek, in said county.

Mr. Willson submitted the following order,

Ordered, That an extra session be held on Wednesday evening at 7 o'clock, for the purpose of affording to the President of the Chesapeake and Ohio Canal Company, and to the President of the Baltimore and Ohio Rail Road company, an opportunity of being heard at the bar of the house, in relation to the various subjects of collision existing between said companies, and that the honourable Senate be respectfully requested to attend.

Mr. Harris offered as a substitute for said order, the following:

Whereas, difficulties have arisen between the Chesapeake and Ohio Canal company and the Baltimore and Ohio Rail Road company, which involve the welfare of both these great works; And whereas this state is deeply interested in a rapid progress of these works to completion, and consequently in an immediate adjustment of said difficulties—Therefore,

Resolved by the General Assembly of Maryland, That the following propositions be submitted to the consideration of the Chesapeake and Ohio Canal company and the Baltimore and Ohio Rail Road company and that the said companies be and they are hereby earnestly requested to accept without modification the said propositions, and to communicate their acceptance thereof, under their respective corporate seals, to the President of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of Delegates, on or before the twenty-sixth of this month.

1st. That the Rail Road company shall be allowed to hold and occupy fifteen feet of the breadth of the Canal as at present located on the land side thereof, at all the narrow and difficult passes at and between the Point of Rocks and Harper's Ferry, not exceeding together two miles and one tenth in length.

2d. That for the purpose of obtaining suitable and proper curves for the Rail Road and Canal, its tow-paths and walls, shall be removed further from the bill, if such room shall be found necessary, and the Rail Road shall be allowed to pass by a viaduct over the said Canal at Harper's Ferry.

3d. That in those parts of the Canal in which its width shall be thus contracted, a partition wall shall be constructed by and at the expense of the Baltimore and Ohio Rail Road company, and also a wall on the corresponding portions of the side of the Canal next the tow-path, with a slope of one foot horizontal to four feet vertical.

th. That should any portion of the tow- and wall of the Canal be removed in suance of these articles, such removal and reconstruction thereof shall be made by at the expense of the Baltimore and Ohio l Road company.

th. That should the Canal be finished in e places between the Point of Rocks and per's Ferry, at which the two works will be in collision, but be kept out of use by operations, neglect, or delay of the Rail d company in excavating or graduating r road, or by any default of the said Rail d company, the said Baltimore and Ohio l Road company shall pay and make good consequent loss to the Chesapeake and O- Canal company, and the amount so to be shall be ascertained by the amount of it realized by the said Chesapeake and Canal company from the tolls it shall ive on articles transported through that of the Canal during the same period in following year.

th. That the Rail Road company shall vide convenient crossing places over the l Road, so as to permit the free and unin- pted access of persons, and produce to Canal along the line between the Point of ks and Harper's Ferry.

th. That it shall be fairly and expressly erstood that the Baltimore and Ohio Rail d company shall not, any time hereafter, upy, or seek to occupy, the ravine of the mac, on the Maryland side, at any place ve Harper's Ferry, while the same shall ccupied, or liable to be occupied, by the sapeake and Ohio Canal company.

th. That Alfred Cruger and Jonathan ght shall act as arbitrators, under oath ffirmation, to deal impartially, and to ar- e a plan of operations conformably to the t of these articles, and in their judgment t calculated to prevent loss or injury to er company, and that their joint decision ll be binding and obligatory upon both panies; and in case of the death of either these, his place to be supplied by some son to be appointed by that company in ose employ the person so dying now is.

th. That in the event of a disagreement ween them in any matter arising under se articles, they shall have power to ap- nt a discreet, competent and disinterested son as umpire, whose decision shall be fi- l touching such matter.

Which was read.

Mr. Teackle then offered as a substitute the substitute and order, the following:

Ordered, That this house will hear at its , the President of the Chesapeake and O- Canal company, on Wednesday next, in planation of the progress, condition and spects of the company, and in support of memorial presented to this general assem- , provided that the time to be consumed in argument shall not exceed one day.

Which was read; And,

On motion by Mr. Jenkins, was ordered lie on the table.

The house then adjourned.

FOREIGN.

LATE FROM ENGLAND.

By the fast sailing ship Orpheus, Captain obb, from Liverpool, the editors of the New ork Commercial Advertiser have received es of English papers to the 6th of January, e day on which captain C. sailed from Li- erpool.

The packet ship North America, captain acy, which sailed from Liverpool for New ork on the 30th of December, put back to ork on the 29th, having come in contact ith another vessel and lost her bowsprit.

From our Correspondent.

LONDON, Monday evening, half-past 7, ec. 31.—The reports of M. Pozzi di Borgo's rrival in town were premature. He must, owever, be shortly here as he quitted Paris n Saturday. He is not in the practice of ravelling with great rapidity, preferring to eep on the road, and will therefore probably ot reach London before to morrow night.

Letters have been received from Madrid of he date of the 20th instant, which state, that he King had had a relapse and that the Queen nd consequently resumed all the powers con- erred on her during his first attack. One ef- ect of this had been to defeat an intrigue on he part of Zea Bermudez, who had desired o introduce to the vacant post in the Minis- ry a creature of his own. The influence of hat Minister, which is understood to be ex- rted against the claims of the Cortes bond- olders, would therefore, it was supposed, be verthrown.

A report has been very current in the city, f a blockade of the port of Charleston by ome gun-boats and a small force from New ork, in consequence of the resistance to the iews of the government at Washington, on he subject of the tariff. This important piece f news rests at present on the authority of ne letter only, but as a packet from New ork was off Liverpool on Saturday, it can- ot remain many hours longer in doubt.

HOLLAND AND BELGIUM.

The intelligence received a few days since, via Boston, that the King of Holland had re- fused to sanction the capitulation of the Ba- ron Chasse—so far as it related to the sur- render of the forts Lillo and Liefkenshock, is confirmed. The consequence is that the sturdy old Baron and his troops are detained by the French as prisoners of war. But as the forts referred to had been previously se- parated by the Dutch Government from the Baron's command, the French army had no right, by the terms of the intervention, to proceed against those places. Being moreo- ver compelled by those terms to evacuate Bel- gium, and return to France immediately on the fall of the citadel, they had already com- menced a retrograde. Thus Antwerp has fall- en, it is true, but by skilfully separating Lillo and Liefkenshock from the citadel, Holland yet commands the navigation of the Scheldt, and we do not perceive that the difficulty is any nearer an adjustment than it was before France and England entered upon the cheerful aggression. The Dutch troops under the Baron Chasse are held as prisoners of war, and were already on their march to Dunkirk. Meantime Belgium will retain her possession of Venloo, and the parts of Limburg and Luxemburg, which have been awarded to Holland, until the latter shall evacuate the forts below Antwerp, before mentioned.

ANTWERP, Dec. 27.—Thursday morning, one o'clock.—The answer of the King of Holland being in the negative, there was firing of cannon down the river this forenoon. I went to the port, but the state of the weather prevents all objects at a distance from being distinguished. There were not many guns fired, and they have ceased within half an hour.

HYMENEAL.

MARRIED, on Thursday evening last, by the Rev. Mr. Watkins, Mr. THOMAS JENKINS, to Miss ELIZABETH DAY, and Mr. LEVI SHECKELLS, to Miss MARTHA DAY, all of Anne-Arundel county.

——On Tuesday evening last, by the Rev. Mr. Watkins, Mr. JOHN NICHOLS, to Miss MARY HUNTER, both of Anne-Arundel county.

OBITUARY.

Departed this life on Saturday morning last, the 16th February, at her residence on South River, Mrs. ELIZABETH CLAGETT, relict of the late Mr. William Clagett, in the 60th year of her age.

——On the 6th instant, at his residence at the Head of South River, at an advanced age, Mr. EMANUEL DADDS.

DIED, on Friday last, at his late residence (Lilac Hill) Calvert county, Mr. THOMAS HENRY SIMMONS, in the 27th year of his age.

GRAND CONCERT AND BALL.

THE united talents of MR. and MRS. CANDERBECK, and the "ITALIAN MINSTRELS," will be exerted to please the citizens of this place on THIS EVENING. In the course of the entertainment a variety of celebrated pieces of French and Italian Music will be performed.

The Ladies of Annapolis are respectfully invited to attend.

☞Tickets for Gentlemen ONE DOLLAR.

February 21.

TRUSTEE'S SALE.

BY virtue of a decree of the Court of Chancery, the subscriber, as trustee, will sell at Public Sale, to the highest bidder, on FRIDAY, the fifteenth day of March next, at 12 o'clock, on the premises, all that

TRACT OR PARCEL OF LAND

lying in Anne-Arundel county, and which was heretofore sold by Jacob H. Slemaker to Sarah Battee, called Cotter's Desire, containing

246 ACRES

more or less. This land is about eight miles from Annapolis, and adjoins the farms of Captain Isaac Mayo, Mr. Washington G. Tuck, and Mr Benjamin Harwood of Rd. in South River Neck.

THE TERMS OF SALE ARE—That the purchaser shall give bond, with security, to the trustee, for payment of the purchase money, with interest from the day of sale, in one and two years.

☞The creditors of Thomas J. Cowman, late of Anne-Arundel county, deceased, are hereby notified to file their claims, legally authenticated, in the Chancery Office, within six months from the day of sale.

R. J. COWMAN, Trustee.

Feb. 21 ts.

PUBLIC SALE.

BY virtue of an order of the Orphans Court of Anne Arundel county, the subscriber will expose to Public Sale, at the late residence of Dr. Thomas J. Cowman, in South River Neck, on FRIDAY, the 15th day of March next, a part of the Personal Property of said Thomas J. Cowman, consisting of

Household and Kitchen Furniture, Horses, Cattle, Sheep, Hogs, Plantation Utensils, Corn, Tobacco in the house, and the crop of Wheat and Rye on the ground, and other articles.

TERMS OF SALE—For all sums under Twenty Dollars the Cash to be paid, and for all sums above Twenty Dollars a credit of six months will be given, the purchasers giving bonds or notes, with approved security, bearing interest from the day of sale.

R. J. COWMAN, Adm'r.

And at the same place, and on the same day, by virtue of an order of the Orphans Court of Anne Arundel county, the subscriber will expose to Public Sale to the highest bidder, a part of the Personal Estate of the late Mrs. Sarah Battee, consisting of

Household and Kitchen Furniture, a Wheat Fan, and other articles.

TERMS OF SALE—For all sums under Twenty Dollars the Cash to be paid, and for all sums above Twenty Dollars a credit of six months will be given, the purchasers giving bonds or notes, with approved security, bearing interest from the day of sale.

R. J. COWMAN, Adm'r. W. A.

Feb. 21 ts.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN,

THAT the subscriber hath obtained from the Orphans court of St. Mary's county, in Maryland, Letters of Administration on the Personal Estate of Mary Sewall., late of said county, deceased. All persons having claims against the said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, at or before the 11th day of December next, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate.—Given under my hand this 12th day of February 1833.

HENRY SEWALL, Adm'r.

Feb. 21. 4w.

TO THE PUBLIC.

ON Sunday night, the 17th instant, FIVE MEN dressed in sailors' attire, arrived at Thomas' Point, in a ROW-BOAT or GIG, very handsome, copper fastened, and her keel entirely coppered, painted black on the outside with a streak of white round the waist; the inside painted green, four oars and a mast, and the boat is without a rudder. These men (four of whom I took to be American seamen, the other a German,) had considerable clothing with them, and stated they were on their way to Baltimore; they also stated that they had made their escape from a ship partly owned and commanded by Captain Webb, then at anchor off Richmond Harbour, James River; they did not discover or tell the name of the ship.

I HEREBY GIVE NOTICE, That the Boat is now in my possession at Thomas' Point Light House. The owner or owners can have her by identifying the property, and shewing proper authority for the reception of said Boat.

BENJA. MEAD,

Keeper of the Light-House, at Thomas' Point.

Feb. 21 3w

☞The Richmond Enquirer will please insert the above 1aw3w, and forward their account to this office.

PROSPECTUS

For publishing by subscription, a weekly Journal in Port-Tobacco, Charles county, Md. to be entitled

"THE PORT-TOBACCO PRESS,
And Charles County Advertiser."

IN presenting to the public the design of publishing a paper at Port-Tobacco, it will only be necessary briefly to explain the plan that is intended to be pursued.

Almost every county in the state has a newspaper printed in it, and it has long been a subject of surprise and regret, that the wealthy, intelligent and industrious population of the two counties, (St. Mary's and Charles) should have remained so long destitute of a paper printed and published within their limits. The projectors of the present plan, confident of a liberal support from an enlightened and generous public, have issued this prospectus with an intention of devoting themselves to useful ness, increasing (as far their humble means will extend,) the general stock of information, and enlarging the sphere of useful knowledge. Its columns will be yielded to Literature and the Muses. The current news of the day will be faithfully and correctly given, whether of a foreign or domestic nature; and the general principles of Religion and Morality strongly inculcated. With these views, it is hoped the intended publication will meet with liberal encouragement. It will be commenced as soon as a sufficient number of subscribers can be obtained.

It will be printed on a super-royal sheet, with new and fashionable type. The price of subscription will be two dollars, if paid within three months, and two dollars and fifty cents if not paid until the expiration of the year.

A. GARRETT,
F. M. JARBOE.

☞Postmasters receiving copies of this Prospectus, are respectfully requested to exert their influence in procuring subscribers thereto, and forward the same, with the names of such as they may have obtained, to

FRANCIS M. JARBOE.

February 21. Annapolis

GRAND AND ATTRACTIVE SCHEME!

To be drawn on Saturday next in Philadelphia.

CAPITALS.

$40,000 & $15,000.

UNION CANAL LOTTERY,

CLASS No. 4.

66 Number Lottery—10 Drawn Ballots.

Tickets only $10, shares in proportion. Any ticket having two of the drawn numbers will be entitled to "$40!!"

SCHEME.

1 Prize of		40,000
1		15,000
1		5,000
1		3,000
1		1,320
10		1,000
10		500
10		400
10		300
20		250
55		200
56		100
56		80
112		70
2296		40
13400		10

Tickets to be had at

DUBOIS'

LOTTERY AND EXCHANGE OFFICE,

(OPPOSITE THE POST OFFICE.)

Feb. 21. R

NOTICE.

THE subscriber as Adm'x. of Jas. Holland, having appointed Mr. Richard C. Hardesty her Agent, requests those indebted to the estate of her late Husband to make payment to him, who is authorised to settle the same.

ANNE HOLLAND.

INSOLVENT NOTICE.

ORDERED BY THE COURT, That the creditors of Joshua Neale, a petitioner for the benefit of the insolvent laws of this state, be and appear before the court at Leonardtown, St. Mary's county, on the first Monday of March next, to file allegations, if any they have, and to recommend a permanent trustee.

By order, JO. HARRIS, Clk.

True copy, JO. HARRIS, Clerk
Saint-Mary's County Court.

Nov. 29 3m

PUBLIC SALE.

BY virtue of an order of the Orphans Court of Charles county, the subscriber will sell at Public Sale, on MONDAY, the 25th instant, at 3 o'clock P. M. at the Court House, in the city of Annapolis, all the

PERSONAL ESTATE

of John Harris, late of Charles county, deceased, now in the city of Annapolis, consisting in part of a very good LAW LIBRARY, and other Books, which formerly belonged to the late Thomas Harris, Esq.

TERMS OF SALE.—For all sums of $10 or upwards, six months credit will be given, the purchaser giving his note with good security, with interest from the day of sale; for all sums under $10 the Cash will be required.

JO. HARRIS, Adm'r.
of John Harris.

Mr. Green, the Clerk of the County, will show the Books.

Feb. 14

TRUSTEE'S SALE.

BY virtue of an order of the Court of Chancery, the subscriber will sell at public sale to the highest bidder, on FRIDAY, the 8th day of March next, at 12 o'clock M. at James Hunter's Tavern in the city of Annapolis, all that tract or parcel of LAND in Anne Arundel county, which was heretofore sold by Roderick Dorsey to Henry Vanlill, lately deceased, consisting of part of the Addition to Stoney Thicket, part of Caleb's Choice and Stoney Thicket, and containing

176 1-8 ACRES OF LAND,

more or less. This parcel of Land constituted the Dwelling Plantation of the said Henry Vanlill, at the time of his death; it lies near the public road from Annapolis to Waterloo, and about four miles from the latter place.—The sale will be made for ready money, to be paid on the day of sale, or on the ratification thereof by the Chancellor.

THOS. S. ALEXANDER, Trustee.

Feb. 14. ts

TRUSTEE'S SALE.

BY virtue of a decree of the Court of Chancery, the subscriber, as trustee, will sell at public sale, to the highest bidder, on SATURDAY the 9th day of March next, at 12 o'clock M. on the premises, part of a

TRACT OF LAND

lying in Anne Arundel county, and containing 351¼ acres, more or less. This Land is at present owned by the children of the late Dr. Mathias Hammond. It is about seventeen miles from the city of Annapolis, and in the vicinity of the road from Annapolis to Waterloo, and adjacent to the lands owned by Jesse Wheat, William Short, and John Pumphrey. It is covered with fine timber; a stream of water passes through the land, affording a most eligible seat for a Grist and Saw mill.

THE TERMS OF SALE ARE—That the purchaser shall give bond, with security, to the trustee, for payment of the purchase money, with interest, in two years from the day of sale.

THOS. S. ALEXANDER, Trustee.

Feb. 14. ts

IN CHANCERY,

February 7, 1833.

ORDERED, That the sale of the mortgaged estate of Mary Franklin, deceased, as made and reported by Bushrod W. Marriott, the trustee, be ratified and confirmed, unless cause to the contrary be shewn before the 7th day of April next, provided a copy of this order be published in one of the Annapolis newspapers once in each of three successive weeks before the 7th day of March next.

The report states the amount of sales to be $1346 $\frac{50}{100}$.

True copy.—Test.

RAMSAY WATERS,
Reg. Cur. Can.

Feb. 14. 3w

FOR RENT.

The DWELLING HOUSE and premises, lately occupied by Mr. J. L. Boyd, situated on Church circle and adjoining the dwelling house of the subscriber.—Possession may be had on the 5th of February next. For terms apply to

HENRY MAYNADIER.

NOTICE.

THE Commissioners for Anne-Arundel county will meet at the Court House, in the city of Annapolis, on MONDAY, the 4th day of March next, for the purpose of ascertaining the expenses of the county, and laying the levy.

By order,

R. J. COWMAN, Clk.

Jan. 17 1awtn

MAIL STAGE.

VIA BROAD CREEK.

DURING the session of the legislature of Maryland, the mail will be transported from Cambridge ferry to Broad creek in a stage, leaving Cambridge at 5 o'clock P. M. on Tuesdays and Saturdays for Easton, leaving Easton at half past 7 o'clock A. M. on Sundays and Wednesdays, and arriving at Annapolis by 7 o'clock P. M. same evening.

Returning, will leave Annapolis at half past 7 o'clock A. M. on Mondays and Fridays, arrive at Easton by 7 o'clock P. M. same day, leave Easton on Tuesdays and Saturdays at noon, (or immediately on the arrival of the northern mail,) arrive at Cambridge by five o'clock P. M.

Passage from Cambridge Ferry to Annapolis four dollars, from Easton three dollars.

N. B. Persons wishing to go on to Centreville, by taking the stage to Wye Mill, will there meet the stage for Centreville, thence a stage to Chestertown same evening. Fare from Annapolis to Centreville $2 50.

Jan. 5.

CONSTABLE'S SALE.

BY virtue of two writs of fieri facias issued by John Dorsey, Esq. a justice of the peace in and for Anne-Arundel county, and to me directed, against the goods and chattels, lands and tenements, of Henry Stone, William Wood, and Charles Blanchcomb, at the suit of John M. Wheat, and Jesse Wheat, I have seized and taken in execution, all the right, title, interest, and claims, in and unto

One Bed, one Scythe and Cradle, one Pot and Potrack, one Gun, one Plough and Gear, one Cart; and a Bay Mare,

and three parts in an undivided tract of land called "Leatherwood's Luck," containing 50 acres of Land more or less, lying on the road from Baltimore to the Fork of the Patuxent, near the Columbian Mills, and I hereby give notice, that on SATURDAY, the 2d day of March next, on the premises, at 11 o'clock, I shall proceed to sell the property aforesaid to the highest bidder, for Cash, to satisfy the debts and costs due.

REZIN BOUNDS, Constable.

Feb. 7. ts

FOR SALE.

THE subscriber being legally authorised, will offer at Public Sale, (if not previously disposed of at Private Sale,) on FRIDAY, the first day of March next, at eleven o'clock A. M. at the residence of Mr. David M. Brogden, in Anne Arundel county, all that

FARM

formerly owned by James M'Culloch, Esq. deceased, and now occupied by Mr. David M. Brogden, together with a number of valuable SLAVES of both sexes.

Should the above land not be sold, the subscriber will offer for sale on the same day and at the same place, about

300 ACRES

of the land now occupied by Mr William Brogden, being part of Roe Down, and adjoining the Farm called Dodon, now in the possession of Mr. George C. Steuart.

A description of the property is deemed unnecessary, as persons disposed to purchase are invited to visit and examine the premises, which will be shewn by the Messrs. Brogden.

TERMS OF SALE—Cash, or such notes as will be discounted at the Farmers Bank of Maryland, or any other Bank. The land will be conveyed to the purchaser in fee simple, clear of dower.

RICHARD ESTEP.

Feb. 7 ts

The Baltimore American, National Intelligencer, and Maryland Republican, will publish the above 2aws, and send their accounts to this office for collection.

METROPOLIS OF THE STATE OF MARYLAND.

MOSES LAKE—PROFESSOR:

CUTS HAIR Phisiognomically, and SHAVES Delectably!!!

☞His Dressing Room adjoining the bar of Messrs. Williamson & Swann.

HE acknowledges with grateful emotions the continued and increasing patronage bestowed upon him by the fashionable and tasteful public of this Metropolis.

M. LAKE begs leave to continue the exercise of the consolatory sweep of his MAGIC RAZOR; and to confine himself more particularly to shaping the heads of this learned and distinguished community. New York may boast of her Saunders, Philadelphia of her Anners, but it was reserved for the Metropolis of this state, to present the unrivalled talents of a LAKE!

M. Lake likewise informs the gentlemen, that he can at all times furnish them with the best (tried) Razors, Combs, Stocks and Collars, Soap, &c. &c. He will be ever ready to attend to all commands in his business.

He superintends a SCOURING ESTABLISHMENT, and will cleanse CLOTHES of every description on reasonable terms.

Dec. 27

STATE OF MARYLAND, SC.

Anne Arundel County Orphans Court,
January 22d, 1833.

ON application by petition of Sarah H. Williamson and Isaac Mayo, Executors of James Williamson, late of Anne-Arundel county, deceased, it is ordered that they give the notice required by law for creditors to exhibit their claims against the said deceased, and that the same be published once in each week, for the space of six successive weeks, in the Maryland Republican, and Maryland Gazette.

SAM'L. BROWN, Junr.
Reg. Wills, A. A. County.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN,

THAT the subscribers of Anne-Arundel county, have obtained from the Orphans' Court of Anne-Arundel county, in Maryland, letters testamentary on the personal estate of James Williamson, late of Anne Arundel county, deceased. All persons having claims against the said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscribers at or before the 22d day of July next, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. Given under our hands this 22d day of January 1833.

SARAH H. WILLIAMSON, } Ex'rs.
ISAAC MAYO, }

Jan. 24, 1833. R 6w.

Prince-George's County Court,
October Term, 1832.

ORDERED BY THE COURT, That the creditors of Edmund Key and William N. Dorsett, petitioners for the benefit of the Insolvent Laws of the State of Maryland, be and appear before the court at Upper Marlborough Town, on the first Monday in April next, to file allegations, (if any they have) and to recommend a permanent Trustee for their benefit.

Test. AQUILA BEALL Clk,
Of Prince George's county court.

Dec. 27 —lawSm

Continued from first Page.

Mr. Blakistone, chairman of the committee on grievances and courts of justice, delivered the following report:

The committee on grievances and courts of justice, to whom was referred an order of this house, requiring them to enquire into the propriety of revising the laws on trespass, the more effectually to secure the right of property, and provide for the punishment of depredations committed thereon, have had the same under consideration. Your committee are of opinion, the laws on trespass provide ample protection to the right of property, and also sufficient punishment for any trespass committed thereon. The order to which their attention has been directed, is so general, your committee has not been able to give their investigation any special direction, but would gladly remedy any defect, which may be pointed out, and to which their attention may be called, by a special order, stating the evil complained of; they therefore ask to be excused from the further consideration of said order.

Which was read the first time and ordered to lie on the table.

Mr. White, from the committee on internal improvement, delivered the following report:

The committee on internal improvement, to whom was referred the petition of John S. Williams, soliciting the patronage of the state, in aid of a treatise which he proposes to publish upon the subject of road making in its various branches, have had the same under consideration, and not being impressed with a belief of the propriety of granting the prayer, of said petitioner, they therefore ask to be excused from its further consideration, and recommend that the petitioner have leave to withdraw his petition.

Which was read the first time and ordered to lie on the table.

On motion by Mr. Jenkins,

Ordered, That the committee of grievances and courts of justice, be instructed to inquire into the expediency of providing by law, that in all cases in any court of this state where a nolle prosequi is granted by the governor, the costs which have previously accrued in such cases shall be paid out of the state treasury, or by the party in whose behalf the nolle prosequi is granted.

Mr. Jenkins, from the select committee who were instructed to inquire into the expediency of procuring a map of the state, to be made at public expense, delivered a report.

Mr. Louthan reported a bill, to authorise the sale of certain real estate therein mentioned.

And, Mr. Kent reported a bill, for the relief of Joseph Wood, former sheriff of Calvert county.

Which were severally read the first and second time by special order, and passed.

Mr. Hollman reported a bill, to explain and amend an act to establish a bank and incorporate a company, under the name of the Washington county bank, at the town of Williamsport, in Washington county.

Mr. Roberts reported a bill to repeal part of an act, passed December session, 1824, chapter 167, authorising gates to be kept on the public roads, in Queen Anne's county.

Mr. Hollman reported a bill, incorporating a company to make a turnpike road from Williamsport to Hagerstown.

Mr. Wright of Queen Anne's, reported a further additional supplement to an act to enlarge the bounds of Centreville, and for other purposes.

Mr. Turner reported a bill, to make public a certain road therein mentioned.

Mr. Grove reported a supplement to an act passed at November session, 1802, chapter 81, to make public the proceedings of the levy courts in the several counties of this state, and for other purposes, so far as relates to Washington county.

Mr. Hammond reported a bill, for the benefit of George M. Tyler, of the city of Frederick, in Frederick county.

Mr. Jones, from the committee on grievances and courts of justice, reported a bill to fix the compensation of jurors and witnesses in Somerset and Worcester counties.

Mr. Compton chairman of the committee on divorces, reported a bill, to divorce Ann Elizabeth Amanda Christiana Armstrong, from her husband Henry Armstrong, of Saint Mary's county.

Mr. Harding reported a bill, to incorporate the Rockville Savings Institution. And,

Mr. Jenkins reported a bill, to incorporate the Fell's Point Savings Institution of Baltimore.

The house resumed the consideration of the unfinished business of yesterday, being the bill reported by Mr Harper, chairman of the committee on the coloured population, entitled a supplement to an act entitled, An act relating to the free negroes and slaves, passed at December session, 1831, chapter 323.

On motion by Mr. Pratt, said bill was amended by inserting after the word 'persons, in the seventh line, these words—'and which said slaves resided either in that part of the district aforesaid or in Maryland.'

Mr. Cottman moved further to amend said bill by inserting as the fifth section of the bill the following:

And be it enacted, That when any citizen of this state being the owner of any farm or farms in any adjoining state, and had been in the habit of working said farm or farms (previous to the passage of this act) with the labour of slaves owned by such citizen, he shall be permitted to bring into this state such slave or slaves, being his property previous to the passage of this act, whenever his convenience may require.

Mr. Harris moved to amend the amendment proposed by Mr. Cottman, by adding at the end thereof the following proviso—'provided, said slaves shall have resided in and been removed by him from Maryland.'

Resolved in the affirmative.

The question then recurred upon the amendment as amended,

Resolved in the affirmative.

On motion by Mr. Jenkins, said bill was amended, by inserting after the word 'therefor,' in the fifth line, sixth section, these words—'from the person or persons presenting the said lists or other papers.'

On motion by Mr. Merrick, said bill was further amended by adding at the end thereof as an additional section, the following:

And be it enacted, That in all cases where the lawful wife or husband of any slave held and owned by any inhabitant of this state, shall be a slave owned and possessed by an inhabitant of any adjoining State, District, or Territory; it shall and may be lawful for the owner of such wife or husband, an inhabitant of this state, to purchase, import and bring into this state from any such adjoining State, District, or Territory, the said wife or husband of his or her said slave, provided the lawful marriage of said slave shall have taken place before the passage of this act, and shall be proved to have been solemnized by a regularly ordained or licensed minister of the gospel, by the affidavit of the person so bringing him or her into this state, or by the affidavit of some other creditable white person, which affidavit shall be in writing and left with the clerk of the county court of the county into which said slave is introduced, for record, within thirty days from the day on which said slave shall be brought into the state of Maryland.

Mr. Jenkins moved to amend the said bill by adding at the end thereof, the following:

And whereas it is manifestly impolitic and oppressive upon the people of this state, whilst a tax is levied on them for the purpose of removing from the state the people of colour, that the Legislature should admit more of the said population into the state than are removed by the operation of the said tax,

And whereas there has been collected by the said law more than eight thousand dollars which have been expended in effecting the removal of one hundred and seventy-five of the said people,

And whereas the passage of this act will permit the admission of negroes greatly exceeding in number those who have been removed as aforesaid.—Therefore,

Be it enacted, That the 8th section of the act of last session, entitled an act relating to the people of colour in this state, chapter 281—and all such parts of the said act, as provide for levying taxes upon the people either directly or indirectly be and the same are hereby repealed.

Determined in the negative.

The said bill was then read the second time as amended, and passed.

The clerk of the Senate returned the bill, to close part of a certain Alley in the town of Hagerstown, endorsed, 'will pass,' ordered to be engrossed;

Also the resolution requiring the treasurer of the western shore to carry to the Tobacco Ware house Sinking Fund, a sum of money therein mentioned,

Also, the resolution authorising the governor and council to contract for the re-building the Centre Division, of the State Tobacco Ware-house, No. 2, in the city of Baltimore, severally endorsed, 'assented to, ordered to be engrossed,

Also, the resolution in favour of Alexander Robertson, of Allegany county, endorsed, 'assented to with the proposed amendment,'

Which amendment was twice read, assented to, and the resolution, ordered to be engrossed;

And delivered a bill, originated in and passed by the senate, entitled, An act relating to private wharves, docks and the like, in the city of Baltimore.

Also, delivered the following letter from the Honourable Joseph Kent, endorsed, 'referred to the consideration of the House of Delegates;'

Which was read, and is as follows—

Rose Mount, February 12th, 1833.

To the Honourable the President of the Senate, and

The Honourable Speaker of the House of Delegates.

Gentlemen,—I had the honour to receive a few days since, from his Excellency the Governor, a commission, which officially informed me of my election to the Senate of the United States, for the term of six years, from the 4th of March next.

This appointment emanating from the General Assembly, by whom I have heretofore been peculiarly favoured, demands my most grateful acknowledgments, and be assured this reiterated evidence of their continued and undiminished confidence at so momentous a period of our public concerns, is highly gratifying, and can but serve as the strongest incentive on my part, for the future application of all the energies I may possess, for the accomplishment of their wishes, and the promotion of the best interests of the country.

Looking forward then with confidence to the continuance of that indulgent and generous support, which heretofore, when occupying public stations, the General Assembly have so kindly extended to me, and which tended to sustain me under all circumstances, I accept with diffidence, though with the most grateful emotions, the appointment they have been pleased to bestow on me.

Favour me so far gentlemen, as to accept for yourselves personally, and tender to the honourable bodies over which you preside, the assurance of my entire respect and esteem, and believe me to remain with great consideration,

Your obedient servant,
JOSEPH KENT.

The house then adjourned.

PRINTING
Neatly executed at this OFFICE.

BALTIMORE SATURDAY VISITER,
A FAMILY NEWSPAPER,

Containing the FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC NEWS of the week—a PRICE CURRENT of the Markets, (carefully corrected,)—PRICES OF STOCKS & BANK NOTE LIST—together with a variety of MISCELLANEOUS MATTER, for the instruction and amusement of its readers.

The Publishers, on commencing a *new volume*, have considerably improved the paper, and made such arrangements as will enable them to obtain *Selections* from the most popular Periodicals of the day. They therefore may confidently promise the patrons of the "Visiter," to present them with *Reading Matter* of the *choicest* description, and at as *early* a period as any of their cotemporaries. Great care will be observed in the variety served up, to blend the *useful* with the entertaining.

The plan of the paper is such that an extensive circulation is requisite to defray the expenses incumbent on such a publication. The patronage which has thus far been extended to their work, warrants the publishers in assuring the public that the establishment is *certain* and *permanent*.

☞ The Baltimore Saturday Visiter is published weekly, on an *extra* imperial sheet, by CLOUD & POUDER, No. 1, South Gay Street, Baltimore.

☞ The terms are only $2 per annum, if paid in advance.

*** Post Masters, and others who obtain *five* responsible subscribers shall be entitled to a *sixth* copy gratis, as agent.

☞ Those Editors who exchange with the "Visiter," and are disposed to aid the circulation, shall meet with a return of favour if they will copy the above.

Feb. 14.

THE MARYLAND HORTICULTURAL SOCIETY,

For the improvement and encouragement of Gardening and the promotion of Horticultural Science in the state of Maryland, with a view to the accomplishment of those important objects, have determined on having an

EXHIBITION OF PLANTS, &c.

after the manner of other Horticultural Societies. They therefore give notice, that they will cause to be held an exhibition of Plants, Flowers, Fruits, Culinary Vegetables, &c. &c. in the city of Baltimore, on the eleventh and twelfth days of the month of June, 1833.—Further, as an encouragement, they have resolved to offer three premiums, to be awarded to the three most deserving objects exhibited

The first premium will be a piece of silver plate, of the value of $12.

The second a piece of silver plate, value $8.

The third a silver medal, value $5.

The premiums to be handsomely engraved with the arms of the Society, &c. &c.

For further information on the subject, address, (post paid,)

F. H. DICKEHUT,
Chairman Committee of Arrangement, Balt.

☞ Editors of papers throughout the state, are requested to give the above a few insertions.

Jan. 17.

Anne-Arundel County, Sc.

On application to me the subscriber, a justice of the Orphans Court, of William T. Gantt, praying for the benefit of the act for the relief of Insolvent debtors, passed at November session 1805, and the several supplements thereto, a schedule of his property and a list of his creditors on oath as far as he can ascertain them being annexed to his petition, and having satisfied me by competent testimony that he has resided in the state of Maryland two years immediately preceding this his application, and that he is in actual confinement for debt only, and the subscriber having appointed a trustee for the benefit of the creditors of said petitioner, and the said trustee having given bond with security, for the faithful performance of said trust, it is therefore ordered and adjudged by me, that the said William T. Gantt be discharged from his confinement, and that he by causing a copy of this order to be inserted in the Maryland Gazette once a week for three successive months before the third Monday of April next, give notice to his creditors to appear before Anne Arundel county court on the third Monday in April next, to shew cause if any they have, why the said William T. Gantt should not have the benefit of the said act and supplements, as prayed

GIDEON WHITE.

Jan. 17 3m

VALUABLE CITY PROPERTY FOR SALE.

The subscriber offers for sale all that valuable and beautiful REAL PROPERTY, lying and being in the city of Annapolis, opposite the City Hotel, and binding on Church-street 171 feet, on Conduit-street 300 feet, and on the Duke of Gloucester-street 165 feet. The buildings are many and good.—This property, perhaps, is rivalled by none in the city as it respects its location, beauty and worth. It is free from all incumbrances, and the title indisputable. The payment of the purchase money will be made easy to the purchaser. For terms, apply to

RDW. WILLIAMS,
Residing on the premises.

Feb. 7

Prince-George's County Court.

October Term, 1832.

Ordered, by the Court, That the Creditors of William T. S. Compton, a petitioner for the benefit of the Insolvent Laws of Maryland, be and appear before the Court, to be held at Upper Marlborough Town, on the first Monday in April next, to file allegations, if any they have, against said petitioner.

Test—AQUILA BEALL, Clk.
of Prince-George's County Court.

Dec. 27. 3m.

BALTIMORE COFFEE HOUSE,

N. W. corner of South and Water-sts.

This new establishment is now open, and will be conducted on the first principles of respectability. The premises have been thoroughly renovated with every arrangement to afford comfort to their patrons. Their Bar is now stocked with the very best quality in Wines, viz: Port, Madeira, Sherry, Claret, Champagne, Old Hock and Burgundy. Their spirituous liquors are of the finest quality and flavour, having been recently imported. Their table will be found daily to contain the best productions of this market. They have engaged attentive servants, and such as understand their line of business. The proprietors flatter themselves, from their general knowledge of the calling in which they have embarked, that their endeavours to please will prove successful—the experience they enjoy having been gained from some of the first establishments in America. Their last engagement terminated at Barnum's City Hotel.

Lunch, Beefsteaks, Oysters, in short, Snacks of every description, will be served up at the shortest notice.

KIRKLAND & CO.

Baltimore, Feb. 7.

THE COUNTERFEIT DETECTOR AND BANK NOTE LIST,
IN PAMPHLET FORM

A NEW edition of the "Counterfeit Detector and Bank Note List," in pamphlet form, will be issued on the first of January, 1833. It will contain a carefully corrected Bank Note List, giving the names and place of location, of all the banks in the United States, together with the rates of discount on the notes of each. Prices of Gold and Silver. Also, a correct description of all Counterfeit and Altered Notes, which are now, or have ever been in circulation, on any of the various Banking Institutions. This list will embrace descriptions of more than fifty Counterfeit Notes which have been detected since the first edition of our pamphlet was issued. The subscriber respectfully requests all who may have any information in relation to Counterfeit and Altered Notes, which has not as yet been published in the "Detector," to send the same to his office without delay, as it is his wish to make the "Counterfeit Detector and Bank Note List" as correct as it is possible to have it.

The pamphlet will be published on a royal sheet, and will contain twenty four pages The price will remain as heretofore, 12½ cents each, one dollar per dozen, or six dollars and twenty five cents per hundred. All orders must be addressed to

RO. ERT T. BICKNELL,
No 6, Athenian Buildings, Franklin Place, Philadelphia.

Dec. 20.

Anne-Arundel County, Sct.

On application of John W. Baker of Anne-Arundel county, by petition in writing to me the subscriber, a Judge of the Orphans Court of Anne Arundel county, stating that he is in actual confinement for debt, and praying me to grant to him the benefit of the Insolvent Laws of this state, a schedule of his property and a list of his creditors, on oath, as far as he can ascertain them, being annexed to his petition, and the said John W. Baker having satisfied me by competent testimony that he has resided two years next preceding the time of his application, within the state of Maryland, and I having appointed a trustee for the benefit of the creditors of the said John W. Baker, and the said trustee having given bond with security, approved by me, for the faithful performance of his said trust, and the said trustee being in possession of all the property of the said insolvent debtor, and the said John W. Baker having also given bond with security approved by me, for his personal appearance before the Judges of Anne Arundel county court on the third Monday of April next, to answer such interrogatories as may be propounded to him by any of his creditors, and also for his personal appearance before said county court on the third day of April next, for the final hearing of his application, agreeably to an act of assembly, entitled, "An act relating to insolvent debtors," and the several supplements thereto, to answer such allegations as may be filed against him by any of his creditors, and the said John W. Baker having before me taken the oath directed to be taken by the said insolvent laws for the delivery up of his property, *these are therefore to certify*, that I have this day granted a personal discharge to the said John W. Baker. Given under my hand this sixteenth day of November, in the year one thousand eight hundred and thirty two.

GIDEON WHITE.

Nov. 22 3m

STATE OF MARYLAND, SC.

Anne-Arundel County Orphans' Court,

January 8th, 1833.

On application by petition of William Pumphrey, (of Wm.) administrator of Gassaway Stewart, late of Anne-Arundel county deceased, it is ordered that he give the notice required by law for creditors to exhibit their claims against the said deceased, and that the same be published once in each week, for the space of six successive weeks, in one of the newspapers printed in Annapolis.

SAMUEL BROWN, Jun.
Reg. Wills, A. A. County.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN,

THAT the subscriber of Anne-Arundel County, hath obtained from the Orphans' Court of Anne-Arundel county, in Maryland, letters of administration on the personal estate of Gassaway Stewart, late of Anne-Arundel county, deceased. All persons having claims against the said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, at or before the 8th day of July next; they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. Given under my hand this 8th day of January, 1833.

WM. PUMPHREY (of Wm.) Adm'r.

January 10. 6w

A NEW, CHEAP AND POPULAR PERIODICAL.

WALDIE'S SELECT CIRCULATING LIBRARY.

The striking features of this periodical are, that books are published in it in a form which allows of their being carried by mail, and at a rate so reasonable, that every intelligent educated person in the community can procure them. The publisher receives from England all the new books of merit, and from these, selections are made from the best class of Novels, Memoirs, Travels, Sketches, Tales, and Biography. These are printed as rapidly as an extensive printing office will admit, and forwarded by mail carefully packed so as to carry to the most distant post office in the Union, uninjured.

This periodical commenced in October, with the popular novel of Wallstein, or the Swedes in Prague, which cost in London six dollars; it is contained entire in two numbers and a half of the Circulating Library, costing subscribers less than twenty-five cents. This was succeeded by the Memoirs of Lavalette, which cost the publisher to import eight dollars, was likewise contained in the same space and at the same price. The sixth number commences the travels of Mr. Vigne, costing in London six dollars, will be printed entire in the "Library" for at most thirty cents. This enumeration of prices the publisher trusts, with the facility of transportation by mail, will be sufficient to induce those who receive this prospectus, to use some exertion to extend the circulation of the work in their respective neighborhoods, as, if encouraged hereafter as he has with, been, it is his intention to lay before the American public in this form all the best books which have the London press.

The price is five dollars for 52 numbers, which contain as much matter as 1200 pages, or three volumes of Rees's Cyclopædia. This volume will comprise at least from twenty-five to thirty entire works, printed on good paper, and with the same accuracy as book work. It will form two volumes of 416 pages each, well worthy of preservation for reference, and a valuable addition to every public and private library. The publisher feels confident in stating, that the entire 52 numbers, when bound, will sell for more than the subscription price, as after a few more numbers are issued, no more will be printed than will supply actual paying subscribers.

Still further to increase the facilities of subscribers, the publisher has added another inducement for clubs to join together in the remittance. Twenty dollars will be received in full for the subscription of five individuals. The publication will pay all postage.

Those who design to patronize this new and popular mode of publishing good books, will oblige the subscriber by forwarding their remittances as early as practicable. A five dollar note deposited in the post office will supply good reading to a family and circle of acquaintance for a whole year.

The gentleman who makes the selections for the periodical, to literary taste and education, has, from his situation, facilities for knowing what is popular and of high reputation possessed by few; to this he adds a proper sense of the responsibility he has assumed in catering for an extended and moral community. The publisher therefore confidently recommends the Circulating Library to heads of families, as a work which they need have no fear of introducing into any circle.

The ensuing number will contain a highly popular novel, by the English Opium Eater.

ADAM WALDIE,
Carpenter-street, near Seventh, under the Apprentices' Library, back of the Arcade, where subscriptions will be gratefully received.

Dec. 13

☞ *A specimen of the Work may be seen at the office of the Maryland Gazette, where Subscriptions will be received.*

ROOMS FOR RENT.

The subscriber having ROOMS in his House, not necessary for his own use, during the session of the Legislature, offers for Rent the whole of the second story, consisting of FIVE ROOMS, with or without Furniture. They can be made separate and distinct from the other part of the house.

HENRY S. HOLLAND.

Dec. 20.

NOTICE
TO ALL WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.

Having made Daniel Hall my sole agent in Annapolis, he is fully authorised to collect all debts due me, and all property belonging to me, and, as all my property in Annapolis is for sale, to sell on such terms as he in his judgment, and my interest may think best. Therefore all persons indebted to me are fully authorised to make payment to him, and his receipt shall be good and as fully legal as if given by myself. Given under my hand this 23d day of November, 1832.

THOS. B. ANDERSON.

Nov. 29.

CASH FOR NEGROES.

I WISH TO PURCHASE

100 LIKELY NEGROES,

Of both sexes, from 12 to 25 years of age, field hands—also, mechanics of every description. Persons wishing to sell, will do well to give me a call, as I am determined to give HIGHER PRICES for SLAVES, than any purchaser who is now or may be hereafter in the market. Any communication in writing will be promptly attended to. I can at all times be found at Williamson's Hotel, Annapolis.

RICHARD WILLIAMS.

October 4, 1832.

WINTER ARRANGEMENT.
FOR ANNAPOLIS, CASTLE HAVEN AND EASTON

The Steam boat MARYLAND, will leave Baltimore on Friday morning next, at 7 o'clock for the above places, and will leave Baltimore on Monday for Annapolis at 7 o'clock, to return the same day. Also, will leave Baltimore from her usual place, lower end Dugan's wharf, on Wednesday morning at 9 o'clock for Annapolis only.

Passage to Easton or Castle Haven $3.00
Do. to or from Annapolis 2.00
N. B. All Baggage at the risk of the owner or owners.

L. G. TAYLOR, Capt.

Jan. 3, 1833.

The Maryland Gazette.

VOL. LXXXVIII. ANNAPOLIS, THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 28, 1833. NO. 9.

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JONAS GREEN,
Church-Street, Annapolis.
PRICE—THREE DOLLARS PER ANNUM.

MARYLAND LEGISLATURE.

HOUSE OF DELEGATES.

Tuesday, Feb. 19th, 1833.

Mr. Larrimore, presented a petition of sundry citizens of Queen-Anne's county, in school district No. 25, counter to the petition of sundry citizens of the aforesaid district, praying the passage of a law to authorise the inhabitants of said district, to tax the property in said district, to establish a school.

Mr. Hope presented a petition of sundry citizens of Harford county, praying the passage of an act to call a convention to reform the constitution of the state of Maryland.

Mr. Schley presented a petition of Elijah Bond and others, of Frederick county, praying an alteration in the present mode of inspecting flour.

Mr. Harper presented a petition of Peggy and David Smith, persons of colour, of the city of Baltimore, praying that for reasons therein set forth, the clerk of Baltimore county court, be directed to grant them the usual and proper certificate of freedom;

Also presented a petition of Harman Hoke, John Shank and others, of York county Pennsylvania, praying that the Baltimore and York Turnpike Company, may be compelled to keep their road in better order.

Mr. Travers presented a memorial of sundry citizens of Dorchester county, praying the passage of a law to authorise the building of a bridge over Slaughter creek, in said county.

Mr. Hope presented a petition of sundry citizens of Harford county, complaining that they are aggrieved by the act of assembly, which restricts the practice of medicine to licensed graduates, and praying that the said act may be repealed.

Mr. Grove presented a petition of sundry citizens of Washington county, praying that the legislature in their action upon the memorial of the Chesapeake and Ohio Canal Company, presented at the present session, will adopt such measures, as in their wisdom will insure a speedy and uninterrupted prosecution of said work.

Mr. Nicols presented a petition of the citizens of East New Market, in Dorchester county, praying an act to incorporate said village.

Mr. George A. Thomas presented a petition of Joshua Bennett, of the town of Charlestown in Cecil county, praying that a law may pass authorising the commissioners of said town, to sell a certain lot of ground therein mentioned.

Mr. Forwood presented a petition of John Donohoe, and others, citizens of Harford county, praying that they may be protected in their floats erected in the Susquehannah river, and head of the Chesapeake bay for the catching of fish;

And, Mr. Hope presented a counter memorial of sundry citizens of Harford and Cecil counties, to the petitioners relating to Floating Batteries in the river Susquehannah, and the head waters of the Chesapeake bay.

And, Mr. Hammond presented a memorial of the President and Managers of the Turnpike Road from Frederick town, to the Monocacy in the direction of Georgetown, and of the bridge over that river, praying relief therein mentioned.

On motion by Mr. Turner,

Ordered, That the committee on ways and means be instructed to inquire into the propriety of reducing the amount of licence to be paid by persons keeping houses of public entertainment, who do not keep or sell any spirituous liquors of any kind, and also retailers—and report to this house by bill or otherwise.

Mr. Ely, chairman of the committee on manufactures, made a favourable report upon the bill from the senate, entitled, An act to repeal an act for the encouragement of an Iron Manufacture within this province;

Which was read.

Mr. Harper reported a bill, to change the name of Duncan McCulloch, of the city of Baltimore, to that of Duncan Hugh McCulloch.

Mr. Sutton reported a bill, for the preservation of wild fowl in the waters of Swann creek, Spisutia narrows, Rumney creek, Bush river and Gunpowder river, in Harford county.

Mr. Richardson of Caroline reported a bill, to repeal so much of the act of December session, 1831, chapter 223, as relates to the lands of Stephen J. Bradley of Caroline county.

Mr. Harper reported a further supplement to an act concerning the Washington Monument, passed at December session, 1826, chapter 145,

Mr. Turner reported a bill, to facilitate the collection of the tax in the several counties of this state, on deceased persons estates.

Mr. Compton, chairman of the committee on divorces reported a bill, to divorce Mary E. Bond, of the city of Baltimore, from her husband William B. Bond.

Mr. Louthan reported a bill, to authorise the clerk of Allegany county, to record a deed from Nicholas Bear, and Catharine his wife to John Bear.

Mr. Blakistone reported a bill, for the preservation of wild fowl in the Potomac river and its tributary streams.

Mr. Compton, chairman of the committee on divorces, reported a bill, to divorce Allen Warfield, of Anne-Arundel county, from his wife Mary Warfield.

And a bill, to divorce John Wachter, of Frederick county, from his wife Sophia Wachter.

And Mr. Hammond, reported a supplement to the act, to incorporate the Frederick Fire Insurance Company.

The clerk of the senate returned a further additional supplement to an act, for the distribution of a certain fund for the purpose of establishing free schools in the several counties therein named, and for other purposes;

Also, the bill to repeal part of an act passed at December session 1828, chapter 21.

Also, the bill, to explain an act, authorising Cornelia A. Howard, guardian of John E. Howard of the city of Baltimore, to lease certain property therein mentioned.

Also the bill, to divorce Sarah Gilmore, of the city of Baltimore, from her husband David S. Barnum, severally endorsed, 'will pass,' ordered to be engrossed.

Also the supplement to an act to provide for the distribution of that part of the school fund, which is appropriated to Baltimore county, passed at December session 1828, chapter 125, endorsed, 'will pass with the proposed amendment;'

Which amendment was read the first and second time by special order, assented to, and the bill ordered to be engrossed.

Also, the bill, to abrogate and annul a certain deed therein mentioned.

And the bill to repeal in part, an act to prohibit the use of gill nets in the Potomac river, and Patuxent river, during the period therein mentioned, severally endorsed, 'will not pass.'

On motion by Mr. Heard,

Ordered, That the committee on militia, have leave to sit on the business of the committee, during the session hours of the house.

The house then adjourned.

Wednesday, February 20th, 1833.

Mr. Ely presented a petition of sundry citizens of Baltimore county, praying a reform of the constitution of this state, as therein mentioned.

Mr. Hammond presented a petition of Jacob Lorentz, of Frederick county, praying the passage of an act to make valid a deed therein mentioned.

Mr Turner presented a petition of sundry citizens of Baltimore county, praying the establishment of a Savings Institution, in the town of Hereford in said county.

Mr. Sutton presented a petition of sundry citizens of Harford county, praying the passage of a law to authorise the commissioners of said county, to levy a sum of money to build a bridge over Rumney creek, at or near Schooner point on said creek.

Mr. Schley presented a petition of George Lantz, Michael Wagoner and others, of Frederick county, praying an act, for an alteration in the present mode of inspecting flour.

Mr. Harper presented a petition of Matthew Murray, of Baltimore county, praying that he may be paid out of the avails of the labour of a convict in the Penitentiary for property stolen from him by the said convict.

Mr. Hope presented a petition of sundry citizens of Harford county, praying the passage of a law to call a convention to reform the constitution of the state of Maryland.

And Mr. Johns presented a petition of sundry citizens of Harford county, praying the passage of a law to re-assess the real and personal property of said county.

Mr. Merrick laid before the house, testimony in support of the memorial of Dennis O'Byrne, heretofore presented to the legislature.

Mr. Hammond obtained leave to bring in a supplement to the act to blend Newtown (Trap) and New Freedom in Frederick county into one by the name of Jefferson, and to establish boundaries of lots, by commissioners, and to incorporate the same.

Mr. Jenkins obtained leave to bring in a supplement to the act, to make valid certain proceedings, passed at December session, 1826, chapter 99.

Mr. Heard obtained leave to bring in a bill, to change the name of Edmund Plowden, of Saint Mary's county, to that of Edmund Paul Plowden.

Mr. Compton obtained leave to withdraw from the files of the house the petition of Emeline Duvall, of Anne Arundel county, praying to be divorced from her husband, Alexander Duvall, together with the proceedings in relation thereto.

Mr. Harper from the committee on grievances and courts of justice reported a supplement to an act, declaring the power of the governor in certain criminal cases, passed at November session, 1795, chapter 82,

Also, reported a supplement to an act to provide permanent salaries for the Judges of Baltimore city court, passed at December session, 1816, chapt. 227.

Mr. Jenkins reported a supplement to an act, to make valid certain proceedings, passed at December session, 1826, chapter 99.

Mr. Unkefer reported a supplement to an act, to incorporate the Liberty Town Savings Institution.

Mr. Heard reported a bill, to change the name of Edmund Plowden, of Saint Mary's county, to that of Edmund Paul Plowden.

Mr. Wright of Dorchester reported a bill, to alter and change a part of the divisional line between Dorchester and Caroline counties.

And Mr. Forman reported a bill, to incorporate a company for the purpose of making a Canal to connect the waters of Lewis' creek with Indian river and the Chesapeake bay, by Pocomoke river.

On motion by Mr. Harper,

The bill reported by him, entitled, A further supplement to an act, concerning the Washington Monument, passed at December session, 1826, chapter 145, was made the order of the day for Friday next the 22d inst.

The house resumed the consideration of the unfinished business of yesterday, being the bill entitled, a further additional supplement to the act, entitled, an act to establish Pilots and to regulate their fees.

The question being upon the passage of said bill, it was resolved in the affirmative.

The clerk of the senate returned the bill relating to the Stone Church House, commonly called the Manor Church, in Frederick county; Also, the bill for the benefit of the Bank of Westminster, in Frederick county; Also, the bill to repeal an act, passed at December session, 1827, chap. 83; Also, the bill authorising the Moderator and Commissioners of Hagerstown, to levy on the assessable property of said town, a sum of money for the purpose therein mentioned; severally endorsed 'will pass,' ordered to be engrossed; Also, the bill for the relief of Daniel Orrell, and others, of Caroline county;

Also, the bill to alter and change the name of Samuel Raitt Creighton, of Dorchester county; severally endorsed will pass with the proposed amendments;'

Which amendments were severally read the first and second time by special order, assented to, and the bills ordered to be engrossed.

Also, the bill to divorce Sarah Barrett and her husband Patrick Barrett, of Baltimore county, endorsed 'will not pass;'

Also, the resolution in relation to the preservation and safe keeping of the Barracks in the city of Frederick;

Also, the resolution relative to transcribing certain records therein mentioned, severally endorsed 'assented to,' ordered to be engrossed;

And the resolution in favour of Meshack Browning, of Allegany county, endorsed 'dissented from.'

The house then adjourned until 4 o'clock, P. M.

Four O'clock, P. M.

The house met, pursuant to adjournment.

The clerk of the senate delivered the following message:

Gentlemen of the House of Delegates,

Your message of this morning notifying us that the President of the Chesapeake and Ohio Canal Company, will be heard at the bar of your house this afternoon, and inviting our attendance on the occasion, has been received, and is with pleasure accepted.

Which was read.

On motion by Mr. Merrick, it was ordered, that a committee of two members be appointed by the chair, to wait upon the honourable senate, and inform them that this house is now in session, and prepared to hear the address of the President of the Chesapeake and Ohio Canal Company, in support of the memorial of said company, and invite their attendance.

And, thereupon Messrs. Merrick and Nicols were appointed the Deputation pursuant to this order, who having repaired to the senate chamber, returned and reported that they had performed the service required of them.

The President and the other members of the senate, were then received, and conducted to the seats provided for their accommodation within the bar of the house.

The Hon. Charles F. Mercer, then addressed the house in support of the memorial of the Chesapeake and Ohio Canal Company, and in explanation of the proceedings of said company.

On his concluding, and the members of the senate having withdrawn from the house;

The house adjourned.

Thursday, Feb. 21, 1833.

Mr. Harper presented a petition of James Carroll, of the city of Baltimore, counter to that of George Beltzhoover and others, praying for the opening of Light street, in the city of Baltimore.

Also, presented a petition of Maria Barnes, of the city of Baltimore, praying to be divorced from her husband Richard H. Barnes.

Mr. Jenkins presented a petition of William Lorman, and Charles Howard, guardian of James H. McHenry, praying that an act may be passed to authorise them to make an exchange of certain property.

Mr. Jones presented a petition of Robert Twilley of Somerset county, praying to be authorised to bring into this State a certain negro slave therein mentioned.

And Mr. Hammond presented a petition of sundry citizens of Baltimore county, praying that Baltimore and Frederick counties may be so divided that three counties may be made thereof.

Mr. Weast obtained leave to bring in a bill to incorporate a Female Seminary in Boonsborough in Washington county.

Mr. Mason reported a bill, to authorise William Grove, of Washington county, to remove certain negro slaves, therein named, into this state.

Mr. Nicols reported a bill, to incorporate the town commonly called and known by the name of East New Market, in Dorchester county.

And, Mr. Hope reported a further supplement to the act, for the distribution of a certain fund for the purpose of establishing free schools in the several counties therein mentioned.

The bill reported by him, entitled, A further supplement to an act, concerning the Washington Monument, passed at December session, 1826, chapter 145, was made the order of the day for Friday next the 22d inst.

The bill reported by Mr. Eddis, relating to certain trespasses upon real estate.

The bill reported by Mr. Ely, to incorporate the Oakland Academy in Baltimore county.

The bill reported by Mr. Compton, giving compensation to jurors, in cases of forcible entry and detainer.

And, the bill from the senate, to repeal an act, for the encouragement of an Iron Manufacture within this province;

Were severally taken up for consideration, read the second time, passed, and sent to the senate.

On motion by Mr. Turner, the house took up for consideration the bill reported by him, for the re-assessment and re-valuation of all the real and personal property in the several counties and cities of this state.

Mr Merrick then offered as a substitute for said bill, a bill entitled, An act for the general valuation and assessment of property in this state.

Which was read.

On motion by Mr. Nicols, said bill and substitute were referred to the committee on ways and means.

The hour having arrived for taking up the order of the day,

The house proceeded to consider the preamble and resolution relative to the Public Lands, submitted by Mr. Harris, on the 7th inst.

On motion by Mr. Ely, the house was called, and the door-keeper sent for the absent members.

On motion by Mr. Pratt, the house resolved to proceed with the ordinary business of the session during the absence of the door-keeper.

The clerk of the senate returned the bill, entitled, An act for the incorporation of Dorchester Lodge, number 19, of the order of Independent Odd Fellows;

Also, the bill, to authorise the Mayor and City Council of Baltimore, to reduce the width of a part of Holland street;

Also, the bill, to authorise the Mayor and City Council of Baltimore, to open and extend Silver street, in the city of Baltimore, easterly from Spring street to Caroline street;

Also, A further supplement to the act to allow Adam Robb, Ex'r. of Upton Beall, late clerk of Montgomery county, further time to complete certain records passed at December session 1829, chapter 2.

Also the bill, to make valid the deed of conveyance therein mentioned; severally endorsed, 'will pass;' ordered to be engrossed.

Also, the bill, to authorise the clerk of Washington county, to record the deed therein mentioned, endorsed, 'will not pass.'

The bill reported by Mr. Turner, to make public a certain road therein mentioned,

And, the bill reported by Mr. Richardson, of Caroline, to repeal so much of the act of December session, 1831, chap. 223, as relates to the lands of Stephen J. Bradley of Caroline county;

Were severally taken up for consideration, read the second time, passed, and sent to the senate.

The door-keeper having returned, reported, that in obedience to order, he had notified the absent members that their attendance in the house was required;

The house then resumed the consideration of the order of the day, being the preamble and resolutions relative to the public lands.

Mr. Harper offered as a substitute for said preamble and resolutions, the following:

Whereas, the public lands were acquired by the blood and treasure of the whole American people, and therefore of right ought to inure to their common benefit—Therefore:—

Resolved by the General Assembly of Maryland, That whenever congress shall determine that the proceeds of the public lands are no longer required for the expenditures of the General Government, it is the opinion of this general assembly that the distribution of those proceeds among the several states in the ratio of their Federal population, will be a wise and constitutional disposition thereof.

Which was read.

Mr. Teackle moved to amend the said substitute by striking out these words, 'Congress shall determine that the proceeds of the public lands are no longer required for the expenditures of the general government;' and inserting in lieu thereof the following in these words—'the national debt shall have been paid off;'

Determined in the negative.

The question then recurred upon the adoption of the substitute,

Determined in the negative.

Mr. Wright of Queen Anne's, offered as a substitute for said preamble and resolution, the following:

Whereas, in the distribution of the legislative subjects between the general and state governments, certain subjects were surrendered by the states to the federal government, over which the general government has, sole and exclusive jurisdiction, amongst which is the right to legislate concerning the public lands; and whereas our representatives in Congress coming directly from the people, must be presumed to know the sentiments of their constituents on subjects fit only for their representatives and senators to pass on, better than the members of this house, whose duty here is not to express opinions in their legislative character on subjects surrendered to the general government, and having the fullest confidence in the patriotism, integrity and knowledge of our representatives and senators in Congress; Therefore,

Resolved, That it is inexpedient for this house to express any opinion relative to the bill now pending in Congress on the subject of the public lands.

On the question being put, will the house adopt the substitute,

It was determined in the negative.

Mr. Wright of Queen Anne's, then offered as a substitute for said preamble and resolution, the following:

Resolved, That if in the disposition which the Congress of the United States, shall determine to make of the public lands, or the funds arising from the sale of the same, they should in their wisdom conclude to distribute the same in any proportion they shall deem right, to the several states, that their power is at an end, and that any section in the bill which shall prescribe to the several states, the disposition which the states shall make of the funds so voted to be distributed, is an unwarrantable interference of the general government, with the reserved rights of the states

On the question being put on the adoption of the substitute; It was determined in the negative.

Mr. Jenkins moved to amend said resolution by striking out all after the word 'Maryland,' to the end of said resolution, and inserting in lieu thereof, the following:

That we hereby earnestly request our Representatives in Congress to give a zealous support to a bill properly guarded, which will provide for the distribution of the proceeds of the sales of public lands, amongst the several states and territories of this Union, in the ratio of their Federal population.

Determined in the negative.

On motion by Mr. Harris, said resolution was amended, by adding at the end thereof, the following:

Resolved, That the governor be requested to forward a copy of the foregoing preamble and resolution to each of our Representatives in Congress.

Mr. Turner moved to strike out the preamble to the resolution;

Determined in the negative.

Mr. Duvall, of A. A. called for the previous question, and being demanded by a majority of the members present, the said previous question was then put, viz: shall the main question be now put;

And it was resolved in the affirmative.

The question was then put, will the house assent to the resolution.

Resolved in the affirmative.

The clerk of the senate returned the supplement to an act to regulate the sales of real estate by collectors of tax in the several counties and cities of this state, passed at December session, 1831, chap. 99;

Also, the bill to change the name of Duncan McCulloch, of the city of Baltimore, to that of Duncan Hugh McCulloch; severally endorsed 'will pass;' ordered to be engrossed;

Also, a supplement to an act to provide for the erection of a building for the accommodation of Somerset county court, endorsed, 'will pass with the proposed amendments;'

Which amendments were severally read the first and second time by special order, severally assented to, and the bills ordered to be engrossed;

Also, the resolution in favour of Joshua Guyton, sheriff of Harford county; endorsed, 'assented to;' ordered to be engrossed.

The house then adjourned.

Friday, Feb. 22d, 1833.

Mr. Worthington submitted the following preamble and order,

Whereas this is the anniversary of the birth of the Illustrious Washington, and it is proper that all respect should be paid to so sacred an occasion—Therefore,

Resolved, That this house do now adjourn until to-morrow morning 9 o'clock.

Which was twice read, and adopted.

The house then adjourned.

Saturday, Feb 23d, 1833.

Mr Merrick presented a petition of Peter W. Crain, administrator of Jesse C. Cook, late sheriff of Charles county, praying to be authorised to complete the collection of the said Jesse C. Cook, deceased.

Mr. Hollman presented a memorial of sundry citizens of Washington county; And,

Mr. Grove, also presented a memorial of sundry citizens of said county, severally expressing their regret at the report of the committee on internal improvements requiring a

relinquishment of rights from the Chesapeake and Ohio Canal Company, under pain of forfeiture of its charter, and praying the legislature to adopt such measures as will ensure to that company a speedy and uninterrupted prosecution of its work to Cumberland.

Mr. Bruff presented a petition of James Sears, of Talbot county, a revolutionary soldier, praying to be placed on the pension roll of this state.

Mr. Cottman presented a memorial of the levy court of Somerset county, praying the passage of an act, authorising said court to condemn lands for certain purposes therein mentioned.

Mr Harper presented a memorial and petition of owners of property in Light street, counter to that of George Beltzhoover, agent and others, for widening the same.

Mr. Forwood presented a petition of sundry citizens of Harford county, praying that William Stockdale, may be placed on the pension list of said county.

Mr. George A. Thomas presented a petition of sundry citizens of Cecil county, praying the passage of a law to call a convention to reform the constitution of the state of Maryland.

Mr. Bruce presented a memorial of sundry citizens of Allegany county;

And, Mr. Hammond presented a memorial of sundry citizens of Frederick county, severally expressing their painful regret at the report of the committee on internal improvements, requiring the Chesapeake and Ohio Canal Company, to relinquish a part of its rights to the Baltimore and Ohio Rail Road Company, under pain of forfeiture of its charter, and praying the Legislature to adopt such measures as will ensure the Canal Company, a speedy and uninterrupted prosecution of its work to Cumberland.

The speaker laid before the house a report of the trustees of the West Nottingham Academy:

Which was read and referred to the committee on education.

Mr. Turner, obtained leave to bring in a bill, for the revaluation of the real and personal property in Baltimore county.

Mr. Cottman obtained leave to bring in a supplement to an act passed at December session, 1831, chapter 281.

Mr. Nicols, obtained leave to bring in a bill, to incorporate Cambridge Lodge, No. 66, of Ancient York Masons.

Mr. Somerville, from the committee on inspections, reported a bill, supplementary to an act, authorising the appointment of inspectors of wood, in the city of Baltimore, and to regulate the same.

Mr. Unkefer reported a bill, to lay out and open a road through Frederick and Baltimore counties;

Also reported a bill, to lay out and open a road in Frederick and Baltimore counties.

Mr. Bruff reported a supplement to an act for the protection of oysters in the waters of the eastern shore of this state, passed at December session 1831, chapter 249.

Mr. Turner reported a bill, to incorporate the Hereford Savings Institution of Baltimore county.

And Mr. George A. Thomas, reported an additional supplement to an act, to incorporate the Port Deposit and Chesapeake Turnpike Road Company, passed at December session 1827, chapter 200.

The bill reported by Mr. Roberts, for the revaluation of the real and personal property in Queen Anne's county.

The bill reported by Mr. Compton, chairman of the committee on divorces, to divorce Mary E. Bond, of the city of Baltimore, from her husband William B. Bond.

And the bill reported by Mr. Harper, to incorporate the Central Savings Institution of Baltimore;

Were severally taken up for consideration read the second time, passed, and sent to the senate.

The clerk of the Senate returned the bill, to repeal so much of the act of December session 1831, chapter 225, as relates to the lands of Stephen J. Bradley of Caroline county, endorsed 'will pass,' ordered to be engrossed,

Also, the bill to incorporate the Baltimore Snuff Mill company,

Also, the supplement to the act, to incorporate the Warren Manufacturing company; severally endorsed, 'will pass,' with the proposed amendments,

Which amendments were severally read the first and second time by special order, severally assented to, and the bill ordered to be engrossed,

Also, the resolution in favour of John B. Armistead, endorsed, 'assented to,' ordered to be engrossed,

And delivered a bill originated in and passed by the Senate, entitled. An act to incorporate the General Insurance Company of Maryland,

The bill reported by Mr. Compton, chairman of the committee on divorces, to divorce Ann Elizabeth Amanda Christiana Armstrong, from her husband Henry Armstrong of Saint Mary's county—And,

The bill reported by Mr. Hammond, for the benefit of George M. Tyler, of the city of Frederick, in Frederick county,

Were severally taken up for consideration, read the second time, and passed.

On motion by Mr. Bruce, the house took up for consideration, the bill reported by Mr. Louthan, to incorporate a company, to make a turnpike road from such point as the Somerset and Cumberland turnpike road company, of Pennsylvania, shall fix upon, at the Pennsylvania line, to the public square, in the town of Cumberland,

Which was read the second time, amended, and passed.

Monday, Feb. 25th. 1833.

Mr. Gittings presented a petition of Benjamin Adams, of Montgomery county, praying pecuniary relief by county assessment.

Mr. Hammond presented a petition of sundry citizens of Frederick county, praying the passage of a law for the improvement of horses as therein proposed.

Mr. Hobbs presented a petition of Richard I. Jones, of the city of Annapolis, praying for an act to authorise him to bring into this state certain slaves therein mentioned.

Mr. Wright, of Dorchester, presented a petition of William D. Barrow, in behalf of the heirs and representatives of Wm. Barrow, deceased, relative to the state's claim against them.

Mr. Mann presented a petition of Henry Beteebenner, and Henry Nymon, in relation to a resolution passed this house the fourth inst. in favour of Alexander Shafer.

Also, presented a certificate and affidavit of Jonas Hogmire, of Washington county, in relation to said resolution in favour of Alexander Shafer.

Mr. Turner asked leave to bring in a bill to alter, amend and explain, an act passed at December session, 1831, chap. 281.

Mr. Bruce obtained leave to bring in a bill to exempt justices of the orphans' court, from serving as jurors.

Mr. Evans obtained leave to bring in a supplement to an act to elect commissioners for Cecil county, passed at December session, 1831, chapter 164, for purposes therein mentioned.

On motion by Mr. Nicols,

Ordered, That the committee on grievances and courts of justice, be instructed to inquire into the propriety and expediency of passing a law to prevent free negroes or mulattoes from purchasing slaves, under any circumstances.

On motion by Mr. Harper,

Ordered, That the committee on the library be instructed to inquire whether the picture of Washington in this hall is not exposed to great injury, and even destruction, from hanging where it does; and also whether it is not expedient and practicable to remove it to some other situation within this hall.

Mr. Merrick submitted the following preamble and resolution.

Whereas, by a resolution of this General Assembly passed on the 14th of March last, the adjutant general of this state was required to strike from his records the names of all such officers of the militia of this state, as should not in obedience to a notice directed by the same resolution publicly to be given, report themselves to his department on or before the first day of November then next; and,

Whereas, a great number of useful and valuable officers have been in consequence of said resolution, stricken from the rolls because of a failure on their part from inadvertance, to report themselves as required.

Be it therefore resolved by the General Assembly of Maryland, That the aforesaid resolution passed on the 14th of March, 1832, be and the same is hereby suspended in its operation for the period of four months, so far as relates to the removal from commission of such officers as may not have reported themselves agreeably to the requirements of that resolution, and that all the said officers be allowed until the 1st day of July next to report themselves as required by said resolution.

Resolved, That the adjutant general be, and he is hereby directed to give public notice in such papers in this state as he may think most likely to convey general information to all officers heretofore holding militia commissions, of this further extension of the time for them to report themselves to his department.

Mr. Rogerson reported a bill to authorise commissioners to divide Charles county into school districts.

And, Mr. Mann reported a bill for the revaluation of the real and personal property in Washington county.

The bill reported by Mr. Roberts, to repeal part of an act passed December session, 1824, chapter 167, authorising gates to be kept on the public roads in Queen Anne's county.

The bill reported by Mr. Grove, entitled, A supplement to an act passed at November session, 1802, chapter 81, to make public the proceedings of the Levy courts in the several counties of this state, and for other purposes, so far as relates to Washington county.

The bill reported by Mr. Wright, of Queen Anne's, entitled, A further supplement to an act, to enlarge the bounds of Centreville and for other purposes.

The bill reported by Mr. Hearn, to authorise the clerk of Worcester county court to record a certain deed therein mentioned.

Were severally taken up for consideration, read the second time, passed, and sent to the senate.

On motion by Mr. Teackle, the house took up for consideration the bill reported by him from the committee on ways and means, entitled, An act to establish the Bank of the State of Maryland, and the amendments proposed to said bill as additional sections.

On motion by Mr. Teackle, the house was called, and the door-keeper sent for the absent members, who after short time had elapsed, returned and reported that all the members were in attendance.

The house then resumed the consideration of said bill and amendments.

Mr. Jenkins moved to amend the first amendment, by striking out from the word 'entitled,' in the fourth line, to the word 'stock,' inclusive, in the seventh line and inserting in lieu thereof the following, in these words, 'to a number of directors equal to the number appointed by the state.'

Determined in the negative.

On motion by Mr. Jenkins said amendment was amended by striking out in the twenty second line thereof the word 'hundred.'

On motion by Mr. Merrick, said amendment was further amended, by striking out in the same line the word 'one,' and inserting in lieu thereof the word 'ten.'

Mr. Ely moved to amend the second amendment, by striking out the words, 'with the advice and consent of the governor and council.'

Determined in the negative.

The said amendments were then read the second time and assented to.

Mr. Harper moved to amend said bill by adding at the end thereof as an additional section, the following:

And be it enacted, That before this act shall have the force of law or go into operation, the Governor shall, by and with the advice and consent of the council, transmit a copy of the same to the judges of the court of appeals, and it shall be the duty of the said judges to transmit their opinion in writing to the executive, upon the question whether the said act is or is not in violation of the contract between the state and the existing banking institutions in the city of Baltimore, by the act of 1813, chapter 122, or by any other act or acts of Assembly now in force; and the Governor shall lay the said opinion before the General Assembly at their next session, and the said act shall not have the force of law nor go into operation, unless it be approved and passed, with or without modification, by the General Assembly at the said session.

Which was read.

Mr. Wright, of Queen Anne's, moved to amend the amendment proposed by Mr. Harper, by striking out the words 'judges of the court of appeals,' and inserting in lieu thereof the words 'Attorney General.'

Determined in the negative.

The question then recured upon the adoption of the amendment.

Determined in the negative.

Mr. Turner moved to amend said bill by adding at the end thereof, as an additional section the following:

And be it enacted, That this act shall be of no force or effect unless it be approved with or without modification by the next general assembly.

Determined in the negative.

Mr Jenkins moved to amend said bill, by adding at the end thereof, as an additional section, the following:

And be it enacted, That one third of the amount heretofore paid to the state by the several existing banks in the city of Baltimore, in compliance with the contract made between the state and said banks, in the year 1813, by virtue of the act of 1813, chap. 122, and the acceptance by the said banks of the conditions offered by the act, shall be returned to the said banks, in due proportion to the amount paid by them respectively, out of any money in the treasury, not otherwise appropriated, and the said banks are hereby released from any future payment by virtue of the said contract.

Determined in the negative.

Mr. Jenkins moved to amend said bill, by adding at the end thereof, the following as an additional section.

And be it enacted, That from and after the organization of the bank to be established by this act, the existing banks in the city of Baltimore, shall be released from any subsequent payment of the per centage on their respective capitals, which on certain conditions, they agreed to pay to the state, under the provisions of the act of 1813, chap. 122, and the various supplements thereto.

Mr. Hollman moved to amend the amendment proposed by Mr. Jenkins, by inserting after the word 'Baltimore,' the words, 'and all other banks of this state.'

Resolved in the affirmative.

The question then recurred and was put on the adoption of the amendment as amended.

Determined in the negative.

Mr. Harper, moved to recommit the bill to the committee on ways and means, with instructions to provide that the charter shall not be altered or changed without the consent of individual and other stockholders, other than the state.

Determined in the negative.

The question was then put, shall the said bill pass.

On motion by Mr. Teackle, the yeas and nays were ordered, and appeared as follows:

AFFIRMATIVE.

Messrs. Thomas, speaker, Blakistone, Heard, Hayne, Chandler, Garrettson, Ellicott, Merrick, Miller, Mudd, Turner, Ely, Stevens, Mulliken, Dudley, Bruff, Teackle, Jones, Nicols, Travers, Roberts, Larrimore, Hearn, Milbourne, Powell, Forwood, Hollman, Grove, Lantz, Louthan, Slicer—31.

NEGATIVE.

Messrs. Harris, Wickes, Duvall, of A. A. Compton, Billingsley, Rogerson, Holmes, Wright, of Dor. George A Thomas, Evans, Lewis Thomas, Knight, Pratt, Brewer, Hobbs, Wright, of Q. A. Unkefer, Schley, Hammond, Johns, Sutton, Hope, Carter, Jump, Richardson, of Car. Jenkins, Harper, Mann, Weast, White, Harding, Bruce—32

So the bill was rejected.

The clerk of the Senate returned the bill, for the relief of Frederick A Steuart, of the city of Baltimore,

Also, the bill to repeal all that part of the constitution and form of government as relates to the division of Washington county, into seven election districts, and for other purposes,

Also, the bill, to incorporate the Central Savings Institution of Baltimore,

Also, the bill, to divorce Mary E. Bond of the city of Baltimore, from her husband William B. Bond, severally endorsed, 'will pass,' ordered to be engrossed,

Also, the bill, to incorporate the Chatsworth water company, of Baltimore,

Also, the bill to incorporate the South Baltimore company; severally endorsed, 'will pass with the proposed amendments;

Which amendments were severally read the first and second time by special order, severally assented to, and the bills ordered to be engrossed,

Also, the bill, to repeal an act to declare certain trespasses felony, and for other purposes, passed at December session 1826, chapter, 260, so far as it relates to Washington county, endorsed, 'will not pass.'

Also, delivered a bill, originated in and passed by the Senate, entitled, An act relating to Vine street, in the city of Baltimore.

The house then adjourned.

Tuesday, Feb 26th. 1833.

Mr. Harper presented a petition of Bethiall Sands, of the city of Baltimore, praying for a divorce from her husband John Sands;

Also, presented a memorial of the grand jury of the city court of Baltimore, concerning the operation of the license laws of the state, in relation to the sale of spirituous liquors.

Mr. Burgess presented a petition of sundry citizens of A. Arundel county, praying for an act to open and make public a road therein mentioned.

Mr. Mann presented a memorial of sundry citizens of Washington county, counter to the report of the committee on Internal Improvement;

And, Mr. Hobbs presented a petition of Richard I. Jones, of the city of Annapolis, counter to the petition of certain individuals of Kent Island, in Q. Anne's county, in relation to a church on his farm.

Mr. Schley obtained leave to bring in a bill empowering the Frederick county court sitting as a court of equity, to decree and order the sale of certain real estate.

On motion by Mr. Harper,

Ordered, That the committee on education be instructed to enquire in the expediency of so distributing the school fund, that the same may be appropriated according to the number of scholars certified to have attended in each city or county of this state.

Mr. Nicols, from the joint committee on the Library, submitted the following resolution:

Resolved by the General Assembly of Maryland, That the governor and council, be, and they are hereby authorised and requested to take some immediate step to ascertain the necessity and propriety of remedying the present defects of the roof of the state house, and that they in their discretion, shall cause such repairs to be made as the circumstances of the case may demand, for the preservation and safety of the building—and that they draw on the treasurer of the western shore, for such sum or sums as may be necessary to carry into execution this resolve.

Mr. Wright, of Queen Anne's reported a bill, for the relief of Archibald T. Fink, of Washington county.

Mr. Jenkins reported a bill, for increasing the width of a part of Light street, in the city of Baltimore;

Mr. Johns reported a supplement to an act to compel the registers of wills in the several counties therein contained, to keep each of his offices at the seat of justice, in the county for which he shall be register, passed December session 1804, chapter 59, so far as relates to Harford county.

Mr. Pratt, from the joint committee, reported a supplement to an act, to reduce into one, the several acts of assembly, respecting elections, and to regulate said elections.

On motion by Mr. Jenkins, seconded by two other members, who voted in the majority, the house reconsidered their vote upon the bill, entitled, An act to establish the Bank of the State of Maryland.

On motion by Mr. Teackle, said bill was laid on the table.

The bill reported by Mr. Hollman, to incorporate a company to make a turnpike road from Williamsport to Hagerstown.

The bill reported by Mr. Jenkins, to incorporate the Fells Point Savings Institution of Baltimore;

The bill reported by Mr. Lantz, entitled, a supplement to the act, for regulating and inspecting weights and measures of this state, passed at December session, 1825, chapter 206.

The bill reported by Mr. Pratt, to authorise Catharine Bowie, of Prince George's county, an infant under the age of twenty-one years, to convey to William D. Bowie, certain real estate.

The bill reported by Mr. Compton, chairman of the committee on divorces, entitled, An act to divorce John Wachter, of Frederick county, from his wife Sophia Wachter;

Also, the bill reported by him, entitled, An act to divorce Allen Warfield, of Anne-Arundel county, from his wife Mary Warfield.

The bill reported by Mr. Hammond, entitled, A supplement to the act, to incorporate the Frederick Fire Insurance Company.

The bill reported by Mr. Turner, to facilitate the collection of the tax in the several counties in this state, on deceased person's estates.

The bill reported by Mr. Louthan, to authorise the clerk of Allegany county court to record a deed from Nicholas Baer and Catharine his wife, to John Baer.

And the bill reported by Mr. Wright, of Dorchester, to alter and change a part of the divisional line between Dorchester and Caroline counties.

Were severally taken up for consideration, read the second time, passed, and sent to the senate.

The clerk of the senate returned the bill to authorise the conveyance of certain real estate therein mentioned, endorsed, 'will pass with the proposed amendments'

Which amendments were severally read the first and second time by special order, assented to, and the bill ordered to be engrossed.

The hour for taking up the order of the day having arrived, the house proceeded to consider the order of the day, being the report of the select committee, to which was referred the memorial of the visitors and governors of St. John's College;

Mr. Teackle moved to lay the report on the table;

Resolved in the affirmative.

The house then adjourned.

Maryland Gazette.

ANNAPOLIS

Thursday, February 28, 1833.

A COMMENCEMENT

Of St. John's College took place on the 22d instant, in St. Anne's Church in this city.—The following arrangements took place:

MUSIC.

PRAYER.

1. *The Value of the Union*—Oration by John Hardcastle Culbreth. *Music.*
2. *De Interitu Rerum.*—A Poem, by Nathan Covington Brooks. *Music.*
3. *The Epicurean Philosophy.*—An Oration by Robert Bennet Culbreth. *Music.*
4. *The duty of a State to superintend Education.*—An Oration by Thomas Karney. *Music.*
5. *Degrees Conferred.*
6. Address to the Alumni by the President. *Music.*

PRAYER.

MUSIC.

Extract from a LECTURE delivered in Jefferson Medical College, Philadelphia, by Granville Sharp Pattison, M. D. on the 22d January, 1833.

"It appears that on the occasion of the lecture referred to, from the unusual warmth with which the fact of the extirpation of the Parotid Gland was denied by the learned gentleman, the class perceiving, as they thought, the *grit* of his observations, and conceiving that they could divine the cause of the Professor's remarkable excitement, began to titter, and to wink at each other. This being perceived by the distinguished teacher, he made a remark to the following effect: "*I see, gentlemen, what you mean; but you are mistaken. When I take my gun, and go a shooting, I never fire at a* DIPPER, *when I can get a shot at a* CANVASS-BACK;" and having said so, he proceeded to make use of the language, which I must beg leave, for the reasons before stated, not even to repeat to you.

Now, really gentlemen, this lively, sprightly, sporting, facetious, remark about the *Dipper* and the *Canvass-back* is one which you should not allow to excite your choler. It is perfectly good tempered, and only indicative of wit and humour. I am very fond of humor myself, and when an important fact can be impressed on your minds by associating it with a sprightly observation, I do not hesitate to indulge in it. You are all aware, that although I have the reputation of being a very ill-tempered, "turbulent person," that this is far from being the fact. Indeed, my taste for good-humoured raillery will not suffer me to allow the sprightly observation about shooting *Canvass-backs* and *Dippers* to pass, without a passing observation. Observe, I have told you that I view the observation about the ducks as perfectly innocent; but, although I admit this, I cannot allow that it was apposite. Indeed, I think if the Natural History of the *Canvass back* and *Dipper* be inquired into, it will be admitted that the learned gentleman, in making the former the representative of Mr. Bell and other distinguished surgeons, and the latter the prototype of somebody else, whose name need not be mentioned, and the members of the profession who possess no reputation, was very unhappy in his illustration. No person, I admit, has a greater respect for a fine *Canvass-back duck*, when he is well roasted, and placed on the table, than myself; and nothing delights me more than to exhibit my skill in Comparative Anatomy, by cutting up one of the species when placed before me. But it is only when the *Canvass-back duck* is roasted that he calls forth my admiration. When swimming about in the Susquehanna river in company with the *Dipper*, his habits are such as to induce me to give a decided preference to his companion; and to lead me to think that the learned Professor would have been much more happy in his good-humoured sally, had he employed the *Dipper* as the representative of the eminent surgeon.

Those gentlemen who are conversant with the habits of the two species of ducks, must be aware that the *Canvass-back* is a large, lazy, fat bird, which floats indolently on the surface of the water; that the *Dipper* on the contrary, is a most active, energetic little bird, which is incessantly in motion; diving here, diving there, diving every where; not, it is true, in search of knowledge, but in search of a delicious celery which grows at the bottom of the river. Now, it too often happens that, when the sprightly, active *Dipper* comes to the surface with his prize, that the lazy *Canvass-back*, who may have been asleep the whole time during which the other has been at work, snatches from his bill and devours the rich celery, which it has cost him so much labour to obtain. I fear, gentlemen, that this is sometimes the case in our own profession: that the indolent and undeserving, from the power and influence of their connexions, and from other adventitious circumstances, too often seize upon the good things of the profession, which should, with justice, have been awarded to their more active and energetic, but less fortunate brethren.

But allowing that the *Canvass-back duck* was, really, the more praiseworthy bird, and, consequently, the better representative of the distinguished surgeon, I regret that you should have allowed yourselves to have been annoyed by having had your distinguished Professor of Surgery characterized by any comparison which could be intended to have the effect of representing him as an indifferent Surgeon. Recollect gentlemen, the declaration of your opponent, that an individual is a person of inferior intellect, and one destitute of all character, neither subtracts from the powers of a highly gifted mind, nor diminishes the lustre of a brilliant and well-earned reputation.

There is an anecdote which occurs to my mind at this moment, which I shall relate to

It is a true story. It occurred to my-
, and deriving from it, as I did, a valuable
on, I feel anxious to suggest it, that you
, like myself, be benefited by the moral
ich it teaches.

One afternoon last autumn, having walked
to the Fairmount Water Works, after
lling about for some time, I felt fatigued,
came to rest myself by leaning against
parapet wall enclosing the artificial sheet
water which has been formed there. It
s truly a most delightful evening. It was
r the hope of sunset, and as the glorious
of day was about to disappear below the
stern horizon, he shed abroad that soft,
h, mellowy light with which it delights him
irradiate the scene, before he bids adieu to
world I know not, whether it be from
ousy of his fair rival the moon, that he
old, just before he leaves us, dispense
h such profusion, the softest, the mildest,
most bewitching of his rays; such howe-
, is the fact. You must all have experi-
ced the enchantment of its influence. All
ture is impressed with its charms, and ac-
owledges its power. The landscape is
essed out with it in her loveliest attires and
mind of man, calmed and tranquillized by
luxuriates in heavenly contemplation. It
s just such an evening, and my mind became
thed under its influence. Not a breath of
agitated the light and graceful willow, the
anches of which overhung "the silvery
e," on the embankment of which I was re-
ning; and the pure smooth bosom of the
ter, tranquil and at rest, was unruffled by
ingle ripple; its slumber was only broken
the graceful movements of a magnificent
an, which floated majestically over its sur-
e. I am a great admirer of Swans, and I
ched with interest and admiration the
utiful bird, in all his evolutions, my mind
spired with dreamy recollections of by-gone
s, and my imagination filled with far dis-
t scenes. While enjoying myself in this
y, I was disturbed by the hurried steps of
o strangers, a lady and a gentleman. They
d just alighted from a carriage; and from
rapidity with which they advanced to the
le lake, it was quite evident that the ob-
t of their visit was to examine something
ich they expected to discover there; and
ir haste betokened their fear that the ap-
oaching shades of twilight might conceal it
om their view. They happened to reach the
cet of water at the very point where I was
ated, and having anxiously surveyed it for
few seconds, the lady pointing to the Swan,
e gentleman exclaimed, "Pooh! that is no
wan; that's nothing but a big Goose!" I
nfess for a moment, I felt irritated and dis-
sted at what I very uncharitably conceived
be the most unpardonable stupidity in my
mpanions; but better and more charitable
ughts soon dismissed all irritation from my
nd. I felt it was unjust in me to be an-
yed by the ignorance of my neighbours. I
ngratulated myself on the superior advan-
ges I had enjoyed; I had travelled much; I
d seen many Swans.

The noble bird, as he sailed gracefully a-
ng, seemed to read me a lesson which, I
rust, in after life, I may profit by recollect-
g. Seeing his own beautiful form reflected
om the face of Nature's Mirror, he was in
o degree annoyed by the uncourteous obser-
ation of the stranger. He felt that to call
m a goose did not alter his identity. He
lt that he was really and truly, a Swan. So
entlemen, has it been with Doctor George
'Clellan's colleagues. They know, and
ey justly appreciate the high order of his
ellect. They feel that every person who
ecomes acquainted with him, must admit
at he is a most eminent and highly gifted
urgeon; and should any one from his not
aving had the advantage of his acquaintance,
e ignorant of this fact, they do not feel an-
y with them on account of their ignorance;
ey only congratulate themselves on their
wn superior good fortune. You, gentlemen,
ave had opportunities for estimating the ta-
ents and the superior acquirements of your
Professor of Surgery; and should you at any
ime hereafter hear them questioned by others,
who may not have enjoyed your advantages,
recall to mind the lesson taught, and the mo-
al inculcated by 'THE STORY OF THE SWAN.'

Before I conclude these introductory ob-
ervations, I would guard you against over-
stimating the talents and the reputation of
hose members of your profession, who resid-
ng at a distance, are only known to you by
heir fame, whilst you do not justly appreci-
te the characters of the distinguished men
with whom you are associated; with whom you
re in daily communication; and the powers
of whose minds are open to your own obser-
vation.

I am, myself, gentlemen, as you are aware,
a foreigner, and I can hardly be suspected of
having a wish to lower your admiration of my
countrymen, or of that of the other distin-
guished men of science in Europe. But al-
though I am a Scotchman, and although I do
glory in my country, I have no paltry, pitiful
national prejudices. I desire that all men
should receive that meed of admiration to
which their talents and acquirements entitle
them; and I am, therefore, induced to make a
remark, and to offer you a caution, which I
am persuaded you will in your future inter-
course with mankind, find to be founded on
truth.

My friend, Thomas Campbell, the distin-
guished author of the 'PLEASURES OF HOPE,'
in speaking of the effect of distance on the
objects of creation, beautifully expresses him-
self:

"'Tis distance lends enchantment to the view,
And robes the landscape in her roseate hue."

Distance has, in fact, the power of enchant-
ment, not only on the scenery of the land-
scape, but likewise on the characters of men.

It is probable that some of the gentlemen
to whom I now address myself, reside in the
neighbourhood of an extensive sheet of wa-
ter. For example, the Chesapeake Bay; if it
be so, I will recall to your minds a fact which
must frequently have excited your attention
and observation. In crossing such an expanse
of water, you have, no doubt, been struck at
the opposite shore became visible, how the
objects which were scattered over its face as
seen through the vapoury atmosphere which
separated you from it, bounced on your vision.
The little hills rose up like lofty mountains,
their opposite "o'erpowering Olympus," and
the trees dressed in stately way, their branches
were quite the heavens. When you recalled
to mind, for the purpose of comparison, the
highest hills and the tallest oaks of your own
shore, the former sunk into mole-hills, and
the latter dwindled into stunted shrubs. But
in proportion as the distance diminished, so
in proportion were the errors of an erroneous
judgment corrected. The hills and the trees
you approached were reduced to their just
proportions, and the hills and the trees you
had left, were discovered to be in every re-
spect, equal to them.

Believe me, gentlemen, that the reputations
of men, when examined from a distance, are
very apt, like the inanimate objects of the
landscape, to *loom* in the imagination of the
examiner. It has been my good fortune to
have enjoyed the personal acquaintance of
most of the distinguished Surgeons of Eu-
rope, and likewise to have associated with
many other characters, who, with justice, are
admitted to be the most illustrious of her sons.
Before I knew them, I confess the vastness of
their intellects *loomed* in my imagination.—
They appeared at a distance, *more than MOR-
TALS*; but when known and examined in per-
son, I found them merely MEN, differing in no
very remarkable feature of intellect or cha-
racter, from the distinguished individuals with
whom I had been associated in my native ci-
ty. There is only one man I have ever known,
who from the towering height of his mind,
and from the rich and exhaustless stores of
his information, has realized all my imagin-
ings of a GREAT MAN; a man differing from,
and far exalted by capacity and acquirement,
above all others. This MAN is HENRY
BROUGHAM, the present *Lord Chancellor of
England*. He, indeed, seems to be almost
more than MORTAL.

The object I have had in view in making
these remarks, is to press on your attention,
the fact, that in looking for eminence in your
own profession, or in the other walks of life,
it is unnecessary for you to go from home.—
Mr. Bell was unquestionably, a distinguished
Surgeon; so is Astley Cooper, Dupuytren,
and many others: but gentlemen, you are not
required, when you wish to illustrate profes-
sional eminence, to leave your own country.
I unhesitatingly assert, that in every thing
which should establish Chirurgical distinction,
Dr. Physick and Dr. George M'Clellan are
not inferior to any of their most gifted bre-
thren in Europe."

STATEMENT referred to in the Report of the Secretary of the Treasury, dated 4th of December, 1832, made in compliance with a Resolution of the Senate of the 14th July, 1832, showing the amount of losses sustained by the United States, by using Local Banks as places of deposite.

Banks indebted.	*Amount.*
Elkton Bank of Maryland,	9,865 25
Alexandria Society, Granville,	2,463 00
Western Bank of Virginia, Parkersburg,	198 00
German Bank of Wooster,	39,552 97
Farmers' and Mechanics' Bank, Greencastle,	595 00
Virginia Saline Bank,	10,121 00
Merchants' Bank, Alexandria,	3,217 00
Juniata Bank, Pennsylvania,	3,200 00
Huntington Bank, Pennsylvania,	2,380 00
Lebanon Miami Banking Comp'y.	9,575 00
Bank of Washington, Penn.	7,508 34
Cumberland Bank of Allegany,	1,176 61
Farmers and Mechanics' Bank, Pittsburg,	1,311 00
Urbana Banking Company,	2,839 00
Bedford Bank, Pennsylvania,	4,059 57
Farmers Bank of Canton,	6,598 96
Union Bank of Pennsylvania,	9,758 00
Kentucky Insurance Company,	797 00
Marietta & Susquehanna Trading Company,	1,360 00
Somerset Bank,	69,077 87
Farmers and Mechanics Bank, Chillicothe,	23,905 00
Centre Bank of Pennsylvania,	8,938 00
Bank of Cincinnati,	3,846 00
Miami Exporting Company,	8,791 00
Farmers and Mechanics Bank of Cincinnati,	39,966 01
Bank of Vincennes,	168,453 27
Bank of Edwardsville,	46,800 00
Planters' Bank of Huntsville,	11,223 53
Franklin Bank of Alexandria,	48,000 00
Bank of Missouri,	159,163 87
Bank of Illinois, at Shawneetown,	28,367 85
Do. Steubenville, Ohio,	170,000 00
Farmers and Mechanics Bank, Indiana,	43,592 90
Bank of Tomberkbee,	138,754 69
Do. Nashville,	6,267 29
Do. Columbia,	278,361 87
Bath Bank of Maine,	20,623 05
Total,	$1,390,707 00

LOTTERIES.

In consequence of the efforts by which the selling of lottery tickets of any kind in the Commonwealth has been for many years past rendered illegal, and punishable by heavy pecuniary penalties, this traffic has been carried on in this city upon a much narrower scale than it is in New York, Philadelphia and Baltimore, and in a manner which has concealed it *from* common observation. It is well known however, that the traffic has not been suppressed and that within the last year or two it has been increasing. We will not undertake to say whether every proper effort has been made, until quite recently, to enforce the laws for the extermination of this trade. Painful events occur from time to time to exhibit in a most striking view its pernicious consequences. That alluded to in the following communication is one of the most melancholy.—*Boston Da. Advertiser and Patriot.*

The recent self-destruction of Mr. DAVID H. ACKERS, in this city, demands a more emphatic public notice than it has yet received. The feelings of the community at large have never more painfully, more indignantly been excited, than they have been by this shocking event; and the remembrance of it should not be permitted to pass away, without giving such a stern and wholesome impulse to public sentiment, as will effectually remove all fear of a similar occurrence, from a similar cause.

Mr. Ackers, the misguided man whose unhappy fate has been so generally deplored, had been, for ten years, the chief clerk in one of the first importing houses in this city, and to the hour of his death he enjoyed the unbounded confidence of his employers.

His character for integrity and purity was unsullied. Modest and amiable in his manners, *temperate and domestic* in his habits, he was endeared to all who knew him, as one without a vice.

When the distressing tidings were first spread abroad, that he had been found dead, not the most distant suspicion was entertained that he had ended—that he *could* have ended his quiet existence by his own act. The rumor which momentarily prevailed, that he had been robbed and *murdered*, was received, it is true, with horror, but with implicit confidence; nor was it until the fatal evidence of his rashness was found in his own hurried hand-writing, that they who had known, and loved, and trusted him so long, were made to feel that he had cruelly deceived them; and that in the distraction of remorse he had atoned for one crime by committing another—the darkest crime of all.

But no—he *was* murdered. The waves that froze over him as he plunged into their icy embrace, did not more surely destroy him, than did the man who first enticed him from the quiet paths of duty and peace, and then drove him, to use his own dying words, *'into the presence of his Maker, to receive the dreadful sentence for self-destruction and abused confidence.*

ACKERS was the victim of a fraternity who to the disgrace of *our city*, are permitted to carry on their unlawful labours in every street and alley, in bold defiance of the penalties they deserve. The sin of his death lies, in fact, at the door of a Vender of Lottery Tickets. The outrageous extent to which he was duped will hardly be credited. In the short space of between seven and eight months, he embezzled the enormous sum of EIGHTEEN THOUSAND DOLLARS, *every cent of which was lost on Lottery Tickets.*

I have no desire to excite *unmerited* ill will against any member of the community; it is not my wish to draw down *undeserved* odium upon any particular mode, whereby men gain their livelihood; but of a traffic which even permits such a monstrous fraud as I have mentioned, I shall speak in no measured terms—and I have mistaken the temper of my fellow citizens, if they are not prepared to sustain me in saying, that it must be broken up. They who follow it are daily and hourly violating the law of the land, and must be watched and detected and punished.

I have been permitted to copy the dying declaration of poor ACKERS, which was found in his desk after his death. It was probably written only a few moments before he committed the awful act to which he was hurried by the goadings of remorse. It is a simple picture of human wo. In its untutored language we see to what a depth of wretchedness one false step reduced a man, upon whose whole life before not a blot had rested.

Read it—all ye who know how much of virtue and vice is the mere offspring of accident—the creation of circumstance.

Our daily prayer is, not to be led into temptation; let us watch, as well as pray, and drive out temptation from us—from us and from ours, from those we love and those we trust. We have made the land *ring* with our voices against Intemperance—and it is well; but let us remember that there is another enemy abroad, whose assaults, if not so frequent, are no less subtle and no less ruinous. The dram-seller can at least boast that his sordid trade is not frowned upon by the law; but the vender of lottery tickets cannot urge even this miserable plea. His traffic is unlawful, as well as immoral; and in its consequences is has made desolate many a fireside, that never was darkened by a drunkard. The mournful case of Ackers is not the only one, which has ended in ignominy and death; but let the people do their duty, and they make it the last.

The following is the letter referred to above.

'I have for the last seven months gone fast down the broad road to destruction.

'There was a time, and that too but a few months since, that I was happy because I was free from debt and care.

'The time I note my downfall or deviation from the path of rectitude, was about the middle of June last, when I took a share in a company of Lottery tickets whereby I was successful in obtaining a share of one half the capital prize; since which I have gone for myself, and that too not on a very small scale, as you can judge from the amount now due J. R. & Co. Every dollar of which has been spent in that way.

'I have lived or dragged out a miserable existence for two or three months past. Sleepless nights and a guilty conscience have led me on to the fatal act.

'Only the hope of making Messrs. J. R. & Co. good for the defalcation I postponed it till the present time; a smaller amount I did hope would be the result, for the worse luck I had the more I bought.

'Since I have reflected on my rashness, I cannot look back and see how it is possible I could have conducted in this way. When the situation I occupied, and the confidence reposed in me, and the long time I have been engaged, and the reward for my poor services by——, that all should be lost in one moment—but the loss is too much for me to bear.

'Oh that seven or eight months past of my existence could be blotted out—but no, I must go, and ere this paper is read, my spirit is gone to my maker, to give an account of my misdeeds here, and receive the dreadful sentence for self destruction and abused confidence. [Two or three lines erased out.]

'Relations and friends I have, from whom I do not wish to part under such circumstances, but necessity——

'Oh wretch, Lotteries have been thy ruin. I cannot add more."

Cod Fishery.—By a statement in the Marblehead Gazette, it appears that the 54 vessels engaged in the Bank Cod Fishery from that town the past year, employing 284 men and 46 boys, brought home 60,000 qtls. of fish, amounting to $150,000; 810 brls. oil, $10,125; and sounds, tongues, &c. to the value of 5 to 7,000 dollars more. To this is to be added the bounty allowance amounting to $16,218. The whole product was therefore about $176,000. After deducting expenses of salt and bait, the owners received about $53,000, and the crews $88,340—amounting to $234 58 per share while employed, say 8 months.

A Gold mine has been discovered in Habersham county, Georgia, owned it is said, by Mr. A. M'Laughlin, of the richest kind.—From one pit, 65 feet long and 8 feet wide, and about 18 feet below the surface, have been taken 1700 dwts.

The word 'FAST' is as great a contradiction as we have in the language. The Delaware was *fast*, because the ice was immovable; and then the ice disappeared very *fast*. For the contrary reason—it was loose. A clock is called *fast*, when it goes quicker than time, but a man is told to stand *fast* when he is desired to remain stationary. People *fast*, when they have nothing to eat, and eat *fast*, consequently when *opportunity* offers. The precept, 'make haste slowly,' involves a kind of contradiction, but we suppose that it must mean, if you wish to go *fast* in an uncertain path, take hold *fast* of every assistance.—*Sal. Gaz.*

HYMENEAL.

MARRIED, on Thursday evening last, by the Rev. Mr. Guest, Mr BENJAMIN HOPKINS, to Miss ELIZABETH ANN GAITHER, both of this city.

FOR SALE,

A handsome BAROUCHE and HARNESS, nearly new.

SUSANNA BARBER.

Feb 28.

HOUSE AND LOT FOR SALE.

The subscriber will offer at public sale, on Thursday the 21st day of March next, at the Court House door in Annapolis, all the right and title of the late Lewis Nash Esq. in and to a HOUSE and LOT in Duke street, now occupied by Mr. George Dunn. Terms will be made known on the day of Sale to take place at 12 o'clock M.

HE HAS ALSO FOR SALE

between 7 and 8000 acres of land, lying in Allegany county—For terms apply to the subscriber.

SAML. MAYNARD Ex'r.

Feb. 28.

STATE OF MARYLAND, SC:

Anne-Arundel County, Orphans Court.

February 26th 1833.

ON application by petition of Richard J. Cowman, administrator with the will annexed of Sarah Battee, late of Anne Arundel county, deceased, it is ordered that he give the notice required by law for creditors to exhibit their claims against the said deceased, and that the same be published once in each week, for the space of six successive weeks, in one of the newspaper printed in Annapolis.

SAM'L BROWN, Junr.
Reg Wills A. A. county.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN,

THAT the subscriber of Anne-Arundel county, hath obtained from the Orphans Court of Anne-Arundel county, in Maryland, letters of administration on the *personal estate* of Sarah Battee, late of said county deceased. All persons having claims against the said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, at or before the 26th day of August next, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. Given under my hand this 26th day of February 1833.

RICHARD J. COWMAN, Adm'r. W. A.

Feb. 28. 6w

TRUSTEE'S SALE.

BY virtue of a decree of the Court of Chancery, the subscriber, as trustee, will sell at Public Sale, to the highest bidder, on FRIDAY, the fifteenth day of March next, at 12 o'clock, on the premises, all that

TRACT OR PARCEL OF LAND

lying in Anne-Arundel county, and which was heretofore sold by Jacob H. Slemaker to Sarah Battee, called Cotter's Desire, containing

246 ACRES

more or less. This land is about eight miles from Annapolis, and adjoins the farms of Captain Isaac Mayo Mr. Washington G. Tuck, and Mr. Benjamin Harwood of Rd. in South River Neck.

THE TERMS OF SALE ARE—That the purchaser shall give bond, with security, to the trustee, for payment of the purchase money, with interest from the day of sale, in one and two years.

☞ The creditors of Thomas J. Cowman, late of Anne-Arundel county, deceased, are hereby notified to file their claims, legally authenticated, in the Chancery Office, within six months from the day of sale.

R. J. COWMAN, Trustee.

Feb. 21 ts.

LOST.

ON Saturday last, between the dwellings of William S. Green, Esq. and Doctor Sparks', a small link GOLD NECK CHAIN. The finder will be liberally rewarded by leaving it at the office of the Maryland Gazette.

Feb. 28.

TO THE PUBLIC.

ON Sunday night, the 17th instant, FIVE MEN dressed in sailors' attire, arrived at Thomas' Point, in a ROW BOAT, or GIG, very handsome, copper fastened, and her keel entirely coppered, painted black on the outside with a streak of white round the waist; the inside painted green, four oars and a mast, and the boat is without a rudder. These men (four of whom I took to be American seamen, the other a German,) had considerable clothing with them, and stated they were on their way to Baltimore; they also stated that they had made their escape from a ship partly owned and commanded by Captain Webb, then at anchor off Richmond Harbour, James River; they did not discover or tell the name of the ship.

I HEREBY GIVE NOTICE, That the Boat is now in my possession at Thomas' Point Light House. The owner or owners can have her by identifying the property, and shewing proper authority for the reception of said Boat.

BENJA. MEAD,
Keeper of the Light-House, at Thomas' Point.

Feb. 21 3w

☞ The Richmond Enquirer will please insert the above law3w, and *forward* their account to this office.

CONSTABLE'S SALE.

BY virtue of two writs of fieri facias issued by John Dorsey, Esq. a justice of the peace in and for Anne-Arundel county, and to me directed, against the goods and chattels, lands and tenements, of Henry Stone, William Wood, and Charles Stinchcomb, at the suit of John M. Wheat, and Jesse Wheat, I have seized and taken in execution, all the right, title, interest, and claims, in and unto

One Bed, one Scythe and Cradle, one Pot and Potrack, one Gun, one Plough and Gear, one Cart, and a Bay Mare,

and three parts in an undivided tract of land called "Leatherwood's Luck," containing 50 acres of Land more or less, lying on the road from Baltimore to the Fork of the Patuxent, near the Columbian Mills, and I hereby give notice, that on SATURDAY the 2d day of March next, on the premises, at 11 o'clock, I shall proceed to sell the property aforesaid to the highest bidder, for Cash, to satisfy the debts and costs due.

REZIN BOUNDS, Constable.

Feb. 7 ts

FOR SALE.

THE subscriber being legally authorised, will offer at Public Sale, (if not previously disposed of at Private Sale,) on FRIDAY, the first day of March next, at eleven o'clock A. M. at the residence of Mr. David M. Brogden, in Anne Arundel county, all that

FARM

formerly owned by James M'Culloch, Esq. deceased, and now occupied by Mr. David M. Brogden, together with a number of valuable SLAVES of both sexes.

Should the above land not be sold, the subscriber will offer for sale on the same day and at the same place, about

300 ACRES

of the land now occupied by Mr William Brogden, being part of Roe Down, and adjoining the Farm called Dodon, now in the possession of Mr. George C. Steuart.

A description of the property is deemed unnecessary, as persons disposed to purchase are invited to visit and examine the premises, which will be shewn by the Messrs. Brogden.

TERMS OF SALE—Cash, or such notes as will be discounted at the Farmers Bank of Maryland, or any other Bank. The land will be conveyed to the purchaser in fee simple, clear of dower.

RICHARD ESTEP.

Feb. 7 ts

The Baltimore American, National Intelligencer, and Maryland Republican, will publish the above 2awts. and send their accounts to this office for collection.

PUBLIC SALE.

BY virtue of an order of the Orphans Court of Anne Arundel county, the subscriber will expose to Public Sale, at the late residence of Dr. Thomas J. Cowman, in South River Neck, on FRIDAY, the 15th day of March next, a part of the Personal Property of said Thomas J. Cowman, consisting of

Household and Kitchen Furniture, Horses, Cattle, Sheep, Hogs, Plantation Utensils, Corn, Tobacco in the house, and the crop of Wheat and Rye on the ground, and other articles.

TERMS OF SALE—For all sums under Twenty Dollars the Cash to be paid, and for all sums above Twenty Dollars a credit of six months will be given, the purchasers giving bonds or notes, with approved security, bearing interest from the day of sale.

R. J. COWMAN, Adm'r.

And at the same place, and on the same day, by virtue of an order of the Orphans Court of Anne-Arundel county, the subscriber will expose to Public Sale to the highest bidder, a part of the Personal Estate of the late Mrs. Sarah Battee, consisting of

Household and Kitchen Furniture, a Wheat Fan, and other articles.

TERMS OF SALE—For all sums under Twenty Dollars the Cash to be paid, and for all sums above Twenty Dollars a credit of six months will be given, the purchasers giving bonds or notes, with approved security, bearing interest from the day of sale.

R. J. COWMAN, Adm'r. W. A.

Feb. 21 ts.

PROSPECTUS

For publishing by subscription, a weekly Journal in Port-Tobacco, Charles county, Md. to be entitled

"THE PORT-TOBACCO PRESS,

And Charles County Advertiser."

IN presenting to the public the design of publishing a paper at Port-Tobacco, it will only be necessary briefly to explain the plan that is intended to be pursued.

Almost every county in the state has a newspaper printed in it, and it has long been a subject of surprise and regret, that the wealthy, intelligent and industrious population of the two counties, (St. Mary's and Charles) should have remained so long destitute of a paper printed and published within their limits. The projectors of the present plan, confident of a liberal support from an enlightened and generous public, have issued this prospectus with an intention of devoting themselves to useful news, increasing (as far their humble means will extend,) the general stock of information, and enlarging the sphere of useful knowledge. Its columns will be yielded to Literature and the Muses. The current news of the day will be faithfully and correctly given, whether of a foreign or domestic nature; and the general principles of Religion and Morality strongly inculcated. With these views, it is hoped the intended publication will meet with liberal encouragement. It will be commenced as soon as a sufficient number of subscribers can be obtained.

It will be printed on a super-royal sheet, with new and fashionable type. The price of subscription will be two dollars if paid within three months, and two dollars and fifty cents if not paid until the expiration of the year.

A. GARRETT,
F. M. JARBOE.

February 21.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN,

THAT the subscriber hath obtained from the Orphans court of St. Mary's county, in Maryland, Letters of Administration on the Personal Estate of Mary Sewall., late of said county, deceased. All persons having claims against the said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, at or before the 11th day of December next; they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate.—Given under my hand this 12th day of February 1833.

HENRY SEWALL, Adm'r.

Feb 21 4w.

Prince-George's County Court,

October Term, 1832.

ORDERED BY THE COURT, That the creditors of Edmund Key and William N Dorsett, petitioners for the benefit of the Insolvent Laws of the State of Maryland, be and appear before the court at Upper Marlborough Town, on the first Monday in April next, to file allegations, (if any they have) and to recommend a permanent Trustee for their benefit.

Test, AQUILA BEALL Clk.
Of Prince George's county court.

Dec 27.—law3m

STATE OF MARYLAND, SC.

Anne Arundel County Orphans Court,

January 22d, 1833.

ON application by petition of Sarah H. Williamson and Isaac Mayo, Executors of James Williamson, late of Anne-Arundel county, deceased, it is ordered that they give the notice required by law for creditors to exhibit their claims against the said deceased, and that the same be published once in each week, for the space of six successive weeks, in the Maryland Republican, and Maryland Gazette.

SAM'L. BROWN, Junr.
Reg. Wills, A. A. County.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN,

THAT the subscribers of Anne-Arundel county, have obtained from the Orphans' Court of Anne-Arundel county, in Maryland, letters testamentary on the personal estate of James Williamson, late of Anne Arundel county, deceased All persons having claims against the said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscribers at or before the 22d day of July next, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. Given under our hands this 22d day of January 1833.

SARAH H. WILLIAMSON. } Ex'rs.
ISAAC MAYO, }

Jan. 22. 1833. R 6w.

METROPOLIS OF THE STATE OF MARYLAND.

MOSES LAKE—PROFESSOR:

CUTS HAIR Phisiognomically, and SHAVES Delectably!!!

☞His Dressing Room adjoining the bar of Messrs. Williamson & Swann.

HE acknowledges with grateful emotions the continued and increasing patronage bestowed upon him by the fashionable and tasteful public of this Metropolis.

M. LAKE begs leave to continue the exercise of the consolatory sweep of his MAGIC RAZOR; and to confine himself more particularly to shaping the heads of this learned and distinguished community. New York may boast of her Saunders, Philadelphia of her Anners, but it was reserved for the Metropolis of this state, to present the unrivalled talents of a LAKE!

M. Lake likewise informs the gentlemen, that he can at all times furnish them with the best (tried) Razors, Combs, Stocks and Collars, Soap, &c. &c. He will be ever ready to attend to all commands in his business.

He superintends a SCOURING ESTABLISHMENT, and will cleanse CLOTHES of every description on reasonable terms.

Dec. 27

TRUSTEE'S SALE.

BY virtue of an order of the Court of Chancery, the subscriber will sell at public sale to the highest bidder, on FRIDAY, the 8th day of March next, at 12 o'clock M. at James Hunter's Tavern in the city of Annapolis, all that tract or parcel of LAND in Anne-Arundel county, which was heretofore sold by Roderick Dorsey to Henry Vanlill, lately deceased, consisting of part of the Addition to Stoney Thicket, part of Caleb's Choice and Stoney Thicket, and containing

176 1-8 ACRES OF LAND,

more or less. This parcel of Land constituted the Dwelling Plantation of the said Henry Vanlill, at the time of his death; it lies near the public road from Annapolis to Waterloo, and about four miles from the latter place.—The sale will be made for ready money, to be paid on the day of sale, or on the ratification thereof by the Chancellor.

THOS. S. ALEXANDER, Trustee.

Feb 14. 3 1s

TRUSTEE'S SALE.

BY virtue of a decree of the Court of Chancery, the subscriber, as trustee, will sell at public sale, to the highest bidder, on SATURDAY the 9th day of March next, at 12 o'clock M. on the premises, part of a

TRACT OF LAND

lying in Anne Arundel county, and containing 331 acres, more or less. This Land is at present owned by the children of the late Dr. Mathias Hammond. It is about seventeen miles from the city of Annapolis, and in the vicinity of the road from Annapolis to Waterloo, and adjacent to the lands owned by Jos. Wheat, William Short, and John Pumphrey. It is covered with fine timber; a stream of water passes through the land, affording a most eligible spot for a Grist and Saw mill.

THE TERMS OF SALE ARE—That the purchaser shall give bond, with security, to the trustee, for payment of the purchase money, with interest, in two years from the day of sale.

THOS. S. ALEXANDER, Trustee.

Feb 14. 3 1s

IN CHANCERY,

February 7, 1833.

ORDERED, That the sale of the mortgaged estate of Mary Franklin, deceased, as made and reported by Boshrod W. Marriott, the trustee, be ratified and confirmed, unless cause to the contrary be shewn before the 7th day of April next, provided a copy of this order be published in one of the Annapolis newspapers once in each of three successive weeks before the 7th day of March next.

The report states the amount of sales to be $1346 37½.

True copy.—Test,

RAMSAY WATERS,
Reg. Cur. Can.

Feb. 14. 3 3w

FOR RENT.

The DWELLING HOUSE and premises, lately occupied by Mr. J. L. Boyd, situated on Church circle and adjoining the dwelling house of the subscriber—Possession may be had on the 5th of February next. For terms apply to

HENRY MAYNADIER.

Jan. 31.—5w.

NOTICE.

THE Commissioners for Anne Arundel county will meet at the Court House, in the city of Annapolis, on MONDAY, the 4th day of March next, for the purpose of ascertaining the expenses of the county, and laying the levy. By order,

R. J. COWMAN, Clk.

Jan. 17 law3w

MAIL STAGE VIA BROAD CREEK.

DURING the session of the legislature of Maryland, the mail will be transported from Cambridge ferry to Broad creek in a stage, leaving Cambridge at 5 o'clock P. M. on Tuesdays and Saturdays for Easton, leaving Easton at half past 7 o'clock A. M. on Sundays and Wednesdays, and arriving at Annapolis by 7 o'clock P. M. same evening.

Returning, will leave Annapolis at half past 7 o'clock A. M. on Mondays and Fridays, arrive at Easton by 7 o'clock P. M. same day, leave Easton on Tuesdays and Saturdays at noon, (or immediately on the arrival of the northern mail,) arrive at Cambridge by five o'clock P. M.

Passage from Cambridge Ferry to Annapolis four dollars, from Easton three dollars.

N. B. Persons wishing to go on to Centreville, by taking the stage to Wye Mill, will there meet the stage for Centreville, thence a stage to Chestertown same evening. Fare from Annapolis to Centreville $2 50.

Jan. 5

NOTICE.

THE subscriber as Adm'x. of Jas. Holland, having appointed Mr. Richard C. Hardesty her Agent, requests those indebted to the estate of her late Husband to make payment to him, who is authorised to settle the estate.

ANNE HOLLAND.

Dec. 20.

INSOLVENT NOTICE.

ORDERED BY THE COURT, That the creditors of Joshua Neale, a petitioner for the benefit of the insolvent laws of this state, be and appear before the court at Leonard town, St. Mary's county, on the first Monday of March next, to file allegations, if any they have, and to recommend a permanent trustee

By order, JO. HARRIS, Clk.
True copy, JO. HARRIS, Clerk
Saint-Mary's County Court.

Nov. 29 14 3m

BALTIMORE SATURDAY VISITER,

A FAMILY NEWSPAPER,

Containing the FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC NEWS of the week—a PRICE CURRENT of the Markets, (carefully corrected,)—PRICES OF STOCKS & BANK NOTE LIST,—together with a variety of MISCELLANEOUS MATTER, for the instruction and amusement of its readers.

THE Publishers, on commencing a *new volume*, have considerably improved the paper, and made such arrangements as will enable them to retain *Selections* from the most popular Periodicals of the day. They therefore may confidently promise the patrons of the "Visiter," to present them with *Reading Matter* of the *choicest* description, and at as *early* a period as any of their cotemporaries. Great care will be observed in the variety served up, to blend the *useful* with the entertaining.

The plan of the paper is such that an extensive circulation is requisite to defray the expenses incumbent on such a publication. The patronage which has thus far been extended to their work, warrants the publishers in assuring the public that the establishment is *certain* and *permanent*.

☞The BALTIMORE SATURDAY VISITER is published weekly, on an *extra* imperial sheet, by CLOUD & POUDER, No. 1, South Gay Street, Baltimore.

☞The terms are only 82 per annum, if paid in advance.

☞Post Masters, and others who obtain *five* responsible subscribers shall be entitled to *sixth* copy gratis, as AGENT.

☞Those Editors who exchange with the "Visiter," and are disposed to aid the circulation, shall meet with a return of favour if they will copy the above.

Feb. 14.

THE MARYLAND HORTICULTURAL SOCIETY,

FOR the improvement and encouragement of Gardening and the promotion of Horticultural Science in the state of Maryland, with a view to the accomplishment of those important objects, have determined on having an

EXHIBITION OF PLANTS, &c.

after the manner of other Horticultural Societies. They therefore give notice, that they will cause to be held an exhibition of Plants, Flowers, Fruits, Culinary, Vegetables, &c. &c. in the city of Baltimore, on the eleventh and twelfth days of the month of June, 1833.—Further, as an encouragement, they have resolved to offer three premiums, to be awarded to the three most deserving objects exhibited

The first premium will be a piece of silver plate, of the value of $12.

The second a piece of silver plate, value $8.

The third a silver medal, value $5.

The premiums to be handsomely engraved with the arms of the Society, &c. &c.

For further information on the subject, address, (post paid,)

F. H. DICKEHUT,
Chairman Committee of Arrangement, Balt

☞Editors of papers throughout the state, are requested to give the above a few insertions.

Jan. 17.

Anne-Arundel County, Ss.

ON application to me the subscriber, a justice of the Orphans Court, of William T. Gantt, praying for the benefit of the act for the relief of Insolvent debtors, passed at November session 1805, and the several supplements thereto, a schedule of his property and a list of his creditors on oath as far as he can ascertain them being annexed to his petition, and having satisfied me by competent testimony that he has resided in the state of Maryland two years immediately preceding this his application, and that he is in actual confinement for debt only, and the subscriber having appointed a trustee for the benefit of the creditors of said petitioner, and the said trustee having given bond with security, for the faithful performance of said trust, it is therefore ordered and adjudged by me, that the said William T. Gantt be discharged from his confinement, and that he by causing a copy of this order to be inserted in the Maryland Gazette once a week for three successive months before the third Monday of April next, give notice to his creditors to appear before Anne Arundel county court on the third Monday in April next, to shew cause if any they have, why the said William T. Gantt should not have the benefit of the said act and supplements, as prayed

GIDEON WHITE.

Jan. 17 3m

VALUABLE CITY PROPERTY FOR SALE.

THE subscriber offers for sale all that valuable and beautiful REAL PROPERTY lying and being in the city of Annapolis, opposite the City Hotel, and binding on Church-street 171 feet, on Conduit street 300 feet, and on the Duke of Gloucester-street 165 feet. The buildings are many and good—This property, perhaps, is rivalled by none in the city as it respects its location, beauty and worth. It is free from all incumbrances, and the title indisputable. The payment of the purchase money will be made easy to the purchaser. For terms, apply to

EDW. WILLIAMS,
Residing on the premises.

Feb. 7 3

Prince-George's County Court:

October Term, 1832.

ORDERED, by the Court, That the Creditors of William T. S Compton, a petitioner for the benefit of the Insolvent Laws of Maryland, be and appear before the Court, to be held at Upper Marlborough Town, on the first Monday in April next to file allegations, if any they have, against said petitioner.

Test—AQUILA BEALL, Clk.
of Prince-George's County Court.

Dec. 27. 3m.

BALTIMORE COFFEE HOUSE,

N. W. CORNER OF SOUTH AND WATER STS.

THIS OLD ESTABLISHMENT is now open, and will be conducted on the first principles of respectability. The premises have been thoroughly repaired, every arrangement to afford comfort to customers. Their bar is now stocked with the choicest quality of Wines, viz: Port, Madeira, Sherry, Claret, Champagne, Old Rock and Burgundy. The celebrated liquors are of the finest quality and flavour, having been recently imported. Their table will be found daily to contain the best productions of the market. They have engaged attentive servants, and such as understand their line of business. The proprietors flatter themselves, from their general knowledge of the calling in which they have embarked, that their endeavours to please will prove successful—the experience they enjoy having been gained from some of the first establishments in America. Their last engagement terminated at Barnum's City Hotel.

LUNCH, BEEFSTEAKS, OYSTERS, in short, Snacks of every description, will be served up at the shortest notice.

KIRKLAND & CO.

Baltimore, Dec. 27.

THE COUNTERFEIT DETECTOR AND BANK NOTE LIST,

IN PAMPHLET FORM

A NEW edition of the "Counterfeit Detector and Bank Note List," in pamphlet form, will be issued on the first of January, 1833. It will contain a carefully corrected Bank Note List, giving the names and place of location, of all the banks in the United States, together with the rates of discount on the notes of each. Prices of Gold and Silver. Also, a correct description of all Counterfeit and Altered Notes, which are now, or have ever been in circulation, on any of the various Banking Institutions. This list will embrace descriptions of more than fifty Counterfeit Notes which have been detected since the first edition of our pamphlet was issued. The subscriber respectfully requests all who may have any information in relation to Counterfeit and Altered Notes, which has not as yet been published in the "Detector," to send the same to his office without delay, as it is his wish to make the "Counterfeit Detector and Bank Note List" as correct as it is possible to have it.

The pamphlet will be published on a royal sheet, and will contain twenty four pages The price will remain as heretofore, 12½ cents each, one dollar per dozen, or six dollars and twenty five cents per hundred. All orders must be addressed to

ROBERT T. BICKNELL.
No 6, Athenian Buildings, Franklin Place, Philadelphia.

Dec. 20.

Anne-Arundel County, Sct.

ON application of John W. Baker of Anne-Arundel county, by petition in writing to me the subscriber, a Judge of the Orphans Court of Anne Arundel county, stating that he is in actual confinement for debt, and praying me to grant to him the benefit of the Insolvent Laws of this state, a schedule of his property and a list of his creditors, on oath as far as he can ascertain them, being annexed to his petition, and the said John W. Baker having satisfied me by competent testimony that he has resided two years next preceding the time of his application, within the state of Maryland, and I having appointed a trustee for the benefit of the creditors of the said John W. Baker, and the said trustee having given bond with security, approved by me, for the faithful performance of his said trust, and the said trustee being in possession of all the property of the said insolvent debtor, and the said John W. Baker having also given bond with security approved by me, for his personal appearance before the Judges of Anne Arundel county court on the third Monday of April next, to answer such interrogatories as may be propounded to him by any of his creditors, and also for his personal appearance before said county court on the third day of April next, for the final hearing of his application, agreeably to an act of assembly, entitled "An act relating to insolvent debtors," and the several supplements thereto, to answer such allegations as may be filed against him by any of his creditors and the said John W. Baker having before me taken the oath directed to be taken by the said insolvent laws for the delivery up of his property, *these are therefore to certify*, that I have this day granted a personal discharge to the said John W. Baker. Given under my hand this sixteenth day of November, in the year one thousand eight hundred and thirty two.

GIDEON WHITE.

Nov. 22 3m

STATE OF MARYLAND, SC.

Anne-Arundel County Orphans' Court,

January 8th, 1833.

ON application by petition of William Pumphrey, (of Wm.) administrator of Gassaway Stewart, late of Anne-Arundel county deceased, it is ordered that he give the notice required by law for creditors to exhibit their claims against the said deceased, and that the same be published once in each week, for the space of six successive weeks, in one of the newspapers printed in Annapolis.

SAMUEL BROWN, Jun.
Reg. Wills, A. A. County.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN,

THAT the subscriber of Anne-Arundel County, hath obtained from the Orphans' Court of Anne-Arundel county in Maryland, letters of administration on the personal estate of Gassaway Stewart, late of Anne Arundel county, deceased. All persons having claims against the said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, at or before the 8th day of July next, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. Given under my hand this 8th day of January, 1833.

WM. PUMPHREY (of Wm.) Adm'r.

January 10. 6w.

A NEW, CHEAP AND POPULAR PERIODICAL

WALDIE'S SELECT CIRCULATING LIBRARY.

THE striking features of this periodical are the low price at which it is furnished, and the mode of their being carried by mail, that of a single sheet, that every family in the remotest part of the Union may be supplied with the new books of merit, from these selections are made from the best cheap works publishing in Europe, all the new books of merit, Novels, Memoirs, Travels, Sketches, Tales, &c. &c. of Germany, where are printed as rapidly as in England. Every publication will contain, and for which by mail carefully packed so as to go safely to the most distant post offices in the Union, post paid.

This periodical commenced in October, with the popular novel of Wallstein, or the Swedes in Prague, which cost in London six dollars. It is contained entire in two numbers and a half of the Circulating Library, costing subscribers less than twenty-five cents. This was succeeded by the Memoirs of Lavalette, which cost the publisher in import eight dollars, and was likewise contained in the same space and at the same price. The sixth number commences the novels of Ste. Vigne, costing in London six dollars, will be printed entire in the "Library" for at most thirty cents! This enumeration of prices the publisher trusts, with the facility of transportation by mail will be sufficient to induce those who receive the prospectus, to use some exertion to extend the circulation of the work in their respective neighborhoods, as, if encouraged hereafter as he has been, it is his intention to lay before the American public in this form all the best books which issue from the London press.

The price is five dollars for 52 numbers, which will contain as much matter as 1200 pages, or three volumes, of Rees's Cyclopædia. This volume will comprise at least from twenty-five to thirty entire works printed on good paper, and with the same accuracy as book work. It will form two volumes of 416 pages each, well worthy of preservation for reference, and a valuable addition to every public and private library. The publisher feels confident in stating, that the entire 52 numbers, when bound, will sell for more than the subscription price, as after a few more numbers are issued, no more will be printed than will supply actual paying subscribers.

Still further to increase the facilities of subscribing, the publisher has added another inducement for clubs to join together in their remittance. Twenty dollars will be received in full for the subscription of five individuals. This deduction will pay all postage.

Those who design to patronize this new and popular mode of publishing good books, will oblige the subscriber by forwarding their remittances as early as practicable. A five dollar note deposited in the post office will supply good reading to a family and circle of acquaintance for a whole year.

The gentleman who makes the selections for the periodical, to literary taste and education, has from his situation, facilities for knowing what is popular and of high reputation possessed by few; to this he adds a proper sense of the responsibility he has assumed in catering for an extended and moral community. The publisher therefore confidently recommends the Circulating Library to heads of families, as a work which they need have no fear of introducing into any circle.

The ensuing number will contain a highly popular novel, by the English Opium Eater.

ADAM WALDIE,
Carpenter-street, near Seventh, under the Apprentices' Library, back of the Arcade, where subscriptions will be gratefully received.

Dec. 13

☞*A specimen of the Work may be seen at the office of the Maryland Gazette, where Subscriptions will be received.*

ROOMS FOR RENT.

THE subscriber having ROOMS in his House, not necessary for his own use, during the session of the Legislature, offers for Rent the whole of the second story, consisting of FIVE ROOMS, with or without furniture. They can be made separate and distinct from the other part of the house.

HENRY S. HOLLAND.

Dec. 20.

NOTICE

TO ALL WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.

HAVING made DANIEL HART my sole agent in Annapolis, he is fully authorized to collect all debts due me, and all property belonging to me, and, as all my property in Annapolis is for sale, to sell on such terms as he in his judgment, and my interest may think best. Therefore all persons indebted to me are fully authorized to make payment to him, and his receipt shall be good and as fullyleft as if given by myself. Given under my hand this 23d day of November, 1832

THOS. B. ANDERSON.

Nov. 29.

CASH FOR NEGROES.

I WISH TO PURCHASE

100 LIKELY NEGROES,

Of both sexes, from 12 to 25 years of age, field hands—also, mechanics of every description. Persons wishing to sell, will do well to give me a call, as I am determined to give HIGHER PRICES for SLAVES, than any purchaser who is now or may be hereafter in the market. Any communication in writing will be promptly attended to. I can at all times be found at Williamson's Hotel, Annapolis.

RICHARD WILLIAMS.

October 4. 1832.

WINTER ARRANGEMENT.

FOR ANNAPOLIS, CASTLE HAVEN, AND EASTON.

The Steam Boat MARYLAND, will leave Baltimore on Friday morning, next, at 7 o'clock for the above places, and will leave Baltimore on Monday for Annapolis at 7 o'clock, to return the same day. Also, will leave Baltimore from her usual place, lower end Hugan's wharf, on Wednesday morning at 9 o'clock for Annapolis only.

Passage to Easton or Castle Haven $3.00
Do. to or from Annapolis 2.00

N. B. All Baggage at the risk of the owner or owners.

H. C. TAYLOR, Capt.

Jan. 3, 1833.